Morning Oregonian.

CHRISTMAS EDITION. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1873. **DOUBLE SHEET.**

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Narrative of the Ville du Havre Disaster.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—The [illegible] will publish a second letter from [illegible] A. Wattlem, Jr., who was a passenger on the ill-fated steamer *Ville du Havre* to his [illegible] in this city. He writes as follows: In my last I gave you a sketch of my experience in connection with the sinking of the *Ville du Havre*. I will now give you my opinion concerning the cause of the accident. From all I can gather from the officers and men, I conclude the blame rests entirely with the officer on watch on the steamer whose duty it was to get out of the *Lochearn's* way. It appears that instead of doing this he did the very opposite, altering the course of the steamer [illegible] the bows of the *Lochearn*. [illegible] also says the officer who was on watch on the *Lochearn* at the time of the collision. In my case it [illegible] knowledge [illegible] that the steamer [illegible] bound to get out of the way of a sailing craft, and the night was magnificently clear and calm. The accident can only have occurred through some inexcusable blunder of those in charge of the steamer. After the accident, if it [illegible] had occurred, while the ship was sinking, the officers and crew behaved in a most cowardly manner. The latter I know, and therefore I believe. They looked out for themselves, leaving women and children to look out for themselves, the only exception I saw being Dr. Audiment, whom I saw going below three or four minutes before the ship went down. I told him he would not have time to get up stairs again, to which he answered that he must look after those who were crushed in the state rooms. He never came up again. A very significant fact is that not a single passenger was taken from the sinking ship by boats, all being picked up in the water, while at least twenty officers and the crew reached the *Lochearn* without wetting the soles of their shoes. Of Capt. Surmont's conduct I know nothing; those who saw him spoke well of him, and I don't think he is directly to blame for the collision, although he is to blame for not having his crew under better discipline and for not having his boats in condition to be promptly lowered. In great contrast with the demoralized condition of the crew was the coolness of the passengers, both women and children. No screaming or running about without an object. Women were in knots praying quietly while men were looking around for pieces of wood or were making effort to get one of the boats which the crew had abandoned clear from the ship, so that it might float before the vessel sank. Language fails me in expressing my admiration of and gratitude to the gallantry and generosity of the officers and crew of the *Lochearn* and of the *Tremountain*—the former saved the greater part of us from the water, and both gave us clothing and did all in their power to make us as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. The French crew, on the contrary, were a mob of brutes and cowards.

Women Ineligible on School Committees.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Solicitor Healy gives it as his opinion that women cannot legally serve on the Boston School Committee. Women were chosen to the position at the recent election.

A Ring Fugitive Heard Of.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—The story is told to-day that Harry Genet, the ring fugitive, is on his way to Rio Janeiro on board of a yacht provisioned and fitted for a long voyage last week. Ex-Senator Taylor of Jersey City is said to be also on board.

New Constitution Adopted in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 24.—The complete official returns make a majority for the Constitution [illegible].

WASHINGTON CITY.

The President will not Withdraw Mr. Williams' Name.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The President stated emphatically to-day that the nomination of Attorney General Williams for Chief Justice would not be withdrawn, and that he had never contemplated such a thing.

The Chief Justiceship Again.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—A prominent Republican says Williams will request the President after the holidays, to withdraw his nomination, foreseeing its rejection. Otherwise, while most of the charges against him vanish under investigation, he will be seriously compromised by the scandal in consequence of U. S. District Attorney Gibbs in Oregon. Evidence of a $600 carriage used by his family, was paid for out of the contingent fund of the Department of Justice. Usage has long sanctioned the ownership of modest carriages for business purposes of Cabinet officers. The Secretary of State alone has been allotted a coach, which was necessary in diplomatic exchange of civilities with Foreign Affairs, but Seward never [illegible] it for his family, who had a private equipage. Chase, when Secretary, scrupulously excluded members of his family from the use of the Treasury carriage. Senators who on general ground are well disposed to Williams feel that this carriage business shows a lack of the delicate sensibility which should belong to the character of Chief Justice.

Pacific Mail Subsidy.

The Pacific Mail Company will probably be unable to obtain the increased subsidy for the China mail service by the 1st of January. The Government interposed the technical objection that part of the extra service was performed in wooden ships instead of iron, as the law provides. This trouble was the cause of the recent orders reducing the China service to a monthly service.

The Filibuster Steamer Gen. Sherman.

A Key West dispatch says the steamer [illegible] left for Aspinwall to bring to the former port the captured steamer *Gen. Sherman*.

Stephens on Civil Rights.

A colored delegation composed of George F. Downing, Fred. Douglass and others, have had an interview with Representative A. H. Stephens of Georgia. Stephens freely admitted that colored men as citizens were entitled to full [illegible] in their civil rights without invidious proscription, but that it was the duty of the respective State and not the Federal Government to act in order to secure them.

Holiday in Washington.

All Departments will be closed at noon during holiday week.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

MADRID, Dec. 23.—General Morioner and Loma have re-entered the province of Biscay with 1,500 men.

Germany Complains of French Bishops.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The *Daily News* reports that the hostile tone of recent pastorals issued by French bishops has caused the German Government to renew its complaints to France.

Reported Escape of Bazaine Contradicted.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The report of the escape of Bazaine is unfounded. He has been taken to St. Marguerite, his place of imprisonment.

From Berlin.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Emperor William remains very ill. Reports were persistently circulated that he was dead, but all are denied.

The Government has not demanded the punishment of Gen. Barriel.

Paris News.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Bazaine is still confined in the Palace of Trianon.

The Civil War in Spain.

BAYONNE, Dec. 24.—Steamers at Sebastian are embarking Republicans under Gen. Marrick, who cut [illegible] escape, and are being hemmed in by 30,000 Carlists.

A DEAD LOCK.

HILLSBORO, Dec. 23, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Last June the County Commissioners of this county made a contract with the agent of the Hall Safe & Lock Co. for a safe for the use of the County Treasurer, to be delivered at Hillsboro on or before the 10th day of November, 1873. The safe was ordered, manufactured, shipped to San Francisco, reshipped to Portland, marked to the Commissioners, Hillsboro, Washington county. Friday, Dec. 23d, the Commissioners received a postal card from the Delivery Clerk of the O. S. S. Co., stating that a safe marked as above is [illegible] and as the R. R. Co. do not take freight to Hillsboro I do not know what to do with it.

Now we have it—*a dead lock*. The people of Washington county imposed upon to [illegible] convenience [illegible] contract in county of the public Treasury, for what [illegible] the reason that [illegible] to work against the interests of the town of Hillsboro regardless of the wishes of the people.

I. [illegible]

HEAVY ARRESTS AND [illegible] IN NEW YORK.—New York, Dec. 10.—Detective Stadler, of Detroit, makes a statement through the papers that he cannot get possession of John Lawrence, the well known speculator, and for whose arrest the necessary papers have been made out by the Governors of Michigan and New York, on the ground that Sheriff Brennan's officers now hold Lawrence and keep him at a hotel, he paying for the favor fifty dollars per day. Lawrence is charged with defrauding E. B. Ward, of Michigan, of $2,600,000, having, it is alleged, induced Ward to purchase stock in a Utah mine, which had been salted and which was worthless.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—[illegible] 90½.

Since Chief Cockrill came into office the gamblers have generally renewed operations in Italian games, and are reported running in nearly all the old quarters.

No new cases of small-pox.

The Chinese are taking extra pains to cleanse the streets and alleys in their district of the city, fearing the scourge.

A carrier of the *Chronicle* [illegible] was fined $[illegible] to-day for selling copies of the *Call* from a basket.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—The value of wheat and flour cargoes shipped from this port the present year is estimated at $25,000,000.

Both Houses of the Legislature have adjourned till January 5th. All the public offices, courts and most all places of business will be closed to-morrow.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—Father Patrick J. Noonan was found dead in bed in a room in the Russ House. Cause of death, intemperance.

The markets, shops and bazars are thronged with people to-night.

Harry Driscoll stabbed Juan Fernandez in the neck to-day, inflicting a dangerous wound. Driscoll is under arrest.

A man who could not give his name was brought to the City Hall to-night with dangerous wounds about the head and face, received in an affray in a house on Barbary coast. He will be sent to the hospital.

Gen. Rosecrans is in the city.

Weather remains cloudy and cold.

Interior California.

MARYSVILLE, Dec. 24.—Shorty Hayes was arrested to-day by officer Hogan of this place. Hayes was seen to enter an old building a mile south of town, just at the railroad bridge, by a man who knew him. He informed the officer, who went out and made an easy capture. Hayes had gone to sleep, being tired and footsore. He was unarmed. In his ramble since his escape from the Shasta county jail he had his feet badly frost bit, making his progress southward slow. His objective point was Sacramento, where he says he would have been all right and no danger of capture. He was taken to Shasta on this evening's train.

UTAH.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 24.—The criminal jurisdiction in the Probate Court was again denied by Judge McKean in the case of Kissel, sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for rape. The action of the Probate Court was set aside and the prisoner held to bail, to answer in the District Court. There is some talk of counsel having the Probate officials arrested and imprisoned.

Much surprise is manifested on account of the numerous bills in Congress on Utah affairs. The Mormons exult in the belief that between them, all legislation will fail.

Another Mormon paper, the *Utah Poste* (Danish), will issue to-morrow.

THE TERRITORIES.

All over the Territories we wish our readers a right merry Christmas.

On that cold, windy Monday (Dec. 1st) the thermometer run down to six degrees above zero at Whatcom.

Gen. A. V. Kautz, of the Fifteenth United States Infantry, has taken command of Fort Garland, Colorado, and has 105 men stationed there under him. Gen. Kautz was of Fort Steilacoom in 1[illegible].

The Tacoma *Tribune* says: "We have been served with an order couched in legal phraseology forbidding us to pay rent for our office. Now, if some tribunal of competent jurisdiction would enjoin us to pay no more meat bills, and at the same time compel the butcher to furnish us the best the market affords, we should be comfortably fixed."

The Tacoma *Tribune* of last Saturday says: "The plat of the railroad town so long looked for has at last been received by Director Ainsworth at Portland. We have heard of one change viz: cutting down the width of the lots from 30 to 25 feet. The new plat will be over on Monday, and some civil engineers—probably Major Eastwick—will be over to commence the necessary survey and staking off on Monday or Tuesday next."

The *Tribune* has the following items from Whatcom: Ship *Lookout* is the only vessel loading at the mine. In that vessel and the *Germania* the B. B. Company have employed the two largest coasters coming regularly to the Sound. The Nootsack river is frozen and its commercial use interdicted. A literary society is being organized at Sehome. Ship *Germania*, loaded with coal, sailed on Monday for San Francisco. Inspector Funkbonner is looking for smugglers along the boundary line.

News reached us some days ago that the brig *Kolon* on the 7th inst., when about fifteen miles northwest of Cape Flattery, passed the hull of a vessel bottom upwards. The sea was rough at the time and the Captain of the *Kolon* was unable to see much of the hull. We now learn that there is but little doubt that the vessel described as bottom up was the new steamer *Empire City*, built at Port Madison this fall. She went out poorly equipped six weeks over due and has never been heard from.

CHRISTMAS AT FOREST GROVE.

Quite extensive arrangements are being made for a merry time at the Grove to-night. It is proposed to have a reunion of all the denominations represented in the Congregational Sunday School in that place and the public generally are invited to participate. The exercises will be held in the Congregational church, where three Christmas trees are being erected, a large one in the center made stationary and two smaller ones placed on either side will be made to revolve. The trees are of cedar, and from the present prospect will be well filled, making one of the grandest sights ever witnessed in that place. The first part of the evening will be passed in social conversation, after which the regular exercises will commence, consisting of a song by a number of small girls, the reading of an appropriate passage of scripture, followed by prayer and a few introductory remarks in praise of the trees, the happy occasion and the cause for rejoicing at the many blessings enjoyed, after which Santa Claus will come in and begin the distribution of presents.

THE VICTIMS OF THE YELLOW FEVER.—The ages of 558 persons who died in Shreveport of yellow fever during the recent epidemic have been ascertained. The Shreveport *Times* makes the following reference to them:

Of this [illegible] under the [illegible] year of age 91 were between ten and twenty, 104 were between twenty and thirty, [illegible] between thirty and forty [illegible] between forty and fifty, [illegible] between fifty and sixty [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] twenty and thirty years [illegible] in thirty to forty [illegible] the human system [illegible] to resist disease. We just presume that there are more children in the city under ten years of age than adults between twenty and thirty, and certainly more than between thirty and forty, and yet we see that the victims are more than half as many as those between twenty and thirty years, [illegible] as there are under ten or from ten to twenty and nearly the same ratio holds as to those who died between thirty and forty as to those who died under ten years and from ten to twenty. How is this comparative exemption of the children and youths under twenty years to be explained? Why has the greatest mortality fallen upon those who were in the prime and vigor of life?

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—In the Senate, Cragin, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported back the House bill increasing the number of [illegible] to 10,000, and asking that it be passed.

Sherman had no objections to the bill being considered now, but was opposed to its passage, and would resist it. The bill was laid over.

Sumner introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue and other offices under it, and that internal taxation shall be collected by stamps, unstamped articles to be liable to seizure and confiscation by any United States court, the law to be enforced under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. Passed.

The morning hour expiring, the regular order came up, being the resolution reported by the Finance Committee, and [illegible] addressed the Senate in favor of simplifying the financial machinery, curtailing expenditures and restoring specie basis.

The resolution was then laid aside.

Windom asked that the House resolution for adjournment for the holidays be taken up.

Morrill (Maine) wanted to take up the special naval appropriation bill, and opposed adjournment on Friday.

Edmunds opposed any holiday adjournment, as did also Thurman, Logan, Hamlin and Sherman.

The Senate then took up the House resolution, and, on motion of Edmunds, indefinitely postponed its further consideration, the vote standing—yeas 37, nays 2[illegible].

House bill to repeal the bankrupt act was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate then took up House bill making an extra appropriation of four million dollars for the navy.

Sumner inquired if the amount asked for had already been expended, and declared his belief that not another dollar ought to be paid in this direction.

Sherman was satisfied with what had been done, but he wanted further expenditures in the same direction stopped, and he was opposed to the proposed increase in the force of seamen. This was not the time to increase the expenses. Last month the public debt was increased $8,000,000. The deficiency would not be less than $10,000,000 or $12,000,000. It was the duty of the administration to stop for the time all improvements—stop every kind of unnecessary expenditure if this economizing should not be sufficient.

After further debate the bill passed 47 to 7—Bogy, Cooper, Goldthwaite, Hamilton of Maryland, McCreary, Kelly and Stevenson.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Wilson, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a resolution authorizing that Committee to send for persons and papers in the inquiry as to the official conduct of Judge Busteed of Alabama, and the same committee are to inquire and report whether Judge Durell of Louisiana should be impeached for his crimes and misdemeanors, with power to send for persons and papers. Adopted.

Buell offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Expenditures and Public Buildings to inquire—first, as to the condition and management, by the Government officials, of the money heretofore appropriated for public buildings; second, whether such money had been disbursed in conformity with the appropriation laws; third, what retrenchment can be made in the expenditures of money so appropriated without detriment to the public service—with power to send for persons and papers. Adopted.

Seeley offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of revising and readjusting the compensation of consular officers. Adopted.

Senate amendments to the bill for the redemption of the bonds of 1858 were concurred in. The bill now goes to the President for his signature.

The salary bill came up and Kasson moved to reconsider the vote on his amendment adopted yesterday, making the bill operative from the 4th of March, 1873, and then moved to lay the motion on the table, which was done by a vote of 1[illegible] to 94.

Hale moved to strike out that portion referring to the President, and said he would move a similar amendment in regard to the Cabinet officers, and to the employes of Congress. They should look not only to the question of the value of the President's time for four years, but to the effect on his future life. Having held that office he was by [illegible] President was in substance debarred from the ordinary pursuits and avocations of life—professional, commercial, public or otherwise.

Hale did not believe a President ought to be left at the expiration of his term to be impoverished by his position as Thomas Jefferson was.

Clymer favored the repeal entire of the law of March, 1873, as far as the Constitution permitted, and said he would make the pending bill applicable to the present executive and reduce his salary to the original figure, but he favored a provision maintaining the salary of the Supreme Judges. He warned the House not to defy popular will, which some had scouted at as popular clamor, and said whoever opposed it would be overwhelmed.

Tremain moved to amend Hale's amendment by excluding from the effect of the repeal the Vice President, members of the Cabinet and the Speaker of the House.

Dawes thought it would be in the present condition of affairs improper to increase the salaries of the Cabinet members while they are demanding the imposition of fresh taxes upon the people, and he declared that the members of the Cabinet were heartily cooperating with Congress in its effort to cut down every unnecessary expenditure, whether in salaries or anything else.

Tremain wanted to know if Dawes had authority of any member of the Cabinet for saying he would refuse an increase of his salary.

Dawes replied that he made the statement upon the knowledge of the character of the Cabinet, who would not stand before the people asking an increase of salary while increasing their burdens.

Tremain at Blaine's request omitted the Speaker of the House from the scope of his amendment, which was then rejected. Yeas [illegible], nays [illegible].

Butler of Massachusetts said he [illegible] under the instruction of his State.

Hale's amendment in reference to the President [illegible] was [illegible] [illegible] 70, nays [illegible].

[illegible] offered an amendment providing that the members of the present Congress who received back pay as a member of the last Congress, to return by monthly [illegible] [illegible] the Treasury [illegible] the bill [illegible] and pay [illegible].

Beck asked [illegible] whether [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] amendment [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible] went [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to further [illegible] the [illegible] of the United States [illegible] The [illegible] would [illegible] [illegible].

Beck asked [illegible] [illegible] would be [illegible] [illegible].

Holman [illegible] the subject. [Laughter.]

Holman moved to amend Hale's amendment by omitting everything in reference to Cabinet members.

[illegible] and accepted the amendment, which was agreed to—[illegible] to 101.

Maynard offered an amendment excepting from the operation of the bill employes of the House. Rejected without yeas and nays.

Butler of Massachusetts moved [illegible] [illegible] requiring all members who had already been members of the preceding Congress and who had [illegible] back pay to return the same to the treasury. He appealed to the House to come up to matters quietly and kindly and support the substitute which would be offered for the whole bill by the gentleman from Illinois (Hurlbut), fixing the salary at $6,000, to take effect from the passage of the act. [illegible] House [illegible].

The question was taken by [illegible] on Butler's amendment, and it was carried, 11[illegible] to [illegible].

Hurlbut then offered the substitute which fixes the salaries of members at $6,000 and mileage, paying expenses, and gives the Vice President and Speaker of the House $[illegible] 000 a year; repeals all laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this and provides for covering into the treasury all the returned back pay.

Hurlbut moved the previous question on his substitute.

Dawes wanted to offer the proposition to substitute the bill reported [illegible] with instructions.

Butler of Massachusetts objected, but it being discovered that Hurlbut had, as it afterward appeared, by the advice of Butler, changed his bill after it was read, so as to fix the salary of the Speaker and Vice President at $8,000 instead of $8,000, Dawes claimed the right to debate the proposition—a point of order which the Speaker allowed—and Dawes, after animadverting upon the alteration of the bill pending the vote, proceeded to speak in opposition to the substitute.

The previous question was then seconded—114 to 48—and the main question was ordered—1[illegible]7 to 105.

The question was taken upon substituting Hurlbut's proposition for the pending bill and all the amendments thereto, and it was, amid much excitement and after several changes of votes from no to aye, agreed to—yeas 1[illegible]8, nays 1[illegible]0.

A motion to reconsider was made and laid on the table.

The ayes and noes having been refused on the latter motion, Roberts moved to adjourn, but the motion was greeted by loud No! no! and much confusion.

Hale of Maine rose to close the debate, and after many ineffectual attempts [illegible] [illegible] down with points of order, proceeded amid great confusion and noise to state why he considered that the substitute was not a proper response to the demands of the country for a substantial repeal of the law of last Congress. He characterized it as an evasion of the public voice, and he stated that if this was a proposition involving a clean, straightforward, substantial reform he believed that it would pass the House and satisfy an indignant country.

Dawes, amid increased confusion and with more than usual earnestness, objected to the substitute.

Garfield argued in favor of taking the substitute as the only practical method of reaching a conclusion on the matter before the holidays.

Hawley of Connecticut, Burr, Cox and Kasson spoke against the substitute.

In reply to various questions the Speaker stated that if the House refused to order the bill to a third reading it would fail, but that if it was ordered to third reading the previous question would then be exhausted and a motion might be introduced to recommit the bill with instructions to report another bill forthwith.

The House then, by a vote of 159 to 10[illegible], ordered the bill engrossed for a third reading.

Hurlbut then got the floor and yielded to Butler, who said he had supported Hurlbut's substitute because he regarded it as a compromise. He then proceeded to speak on the general subject, saying that the howl of the newspapers had been provoked because their dirty sheets had not been allowed to go free through the mails. It was on that account that Congress had been pursued with forty jackass-mud power. The trouble had arisen from the fact that members did not stand together, but let men up there [pointing to the reporters' gallery] who live by the bounty of Congress write diatribes against them and blacken them all over until the world was made to believe that members of Congress are worse than other men, instead of being as they were the chosen of the nation and better as a class than men in any other profession. He argued that the salaries fixed by the law of March 17th were not too high.

He spoke in the midst of such confusion that it was impossible to get more than a slight idea of his remarks. He was surrounded by a crowd of members applauding and encouraging him. At the conclusion of Butler's remarks Hurlbut moved the previous question, which was seconded, and again the question was ordered—yeas 131, nays 130. The question then being on the passage of the bill, the yeas and nays were demanded, but refused, and the bill passed on division—122 to 74.

A motion to reconsider was made and laid on the table, and then at [illegible] o'clock the House adjourned.

POLK COUNTY.

MONMOUTH COLLEGE—DALLAS AND ITS MANUFACTURES—THE WHEAT CROP, ETC.

FROM OUR TRAVELING CORRESPONDENT.

LINCOLN, Dec. 23, 1873.

Since my last letter the weather has been all that the farmers could desire at this season of the year. Copious rains at night and warm sunshine during the day have prevailed. The profitable results of the past season's harvest meet the traveler everywhere in the Willamette valley, in the pleasant countenances, the cheerful greetings and the generous hospitality of the farmers. The voice of mirth, gladness and thankfulness pervades almost every household. Three-fourths of the wheat of the valley has been sold at a dollar a bushel. The large majority of the farmers have got clear of pecuniary encumbrances, and quite a number have money to lend. Improvements in fencing, repairing buildings, many new and elegant houses [illegible] everywhere apparent. Clearing land and breaking up new soil are orders of the day. Rainy and volunteer crops are almost abandoned, that few years ago were common. Increased cultivation and improved farming are obvious to the most superficial observer. These are the natural results of favorable seasons and [illegible] intelligent, industrious and enterprising farmers and their united and combined action to protect their rights and secure the legitimate fruits of their labor. It may be truly affirmed that the farmers of this State have made a fresh and favorable start and entered upon a [illegible] of prosperity and [illegible] unequaled by anything ever known on the Pacific coast.

The prospects of the coming year are favorable [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

CHRISTIAN COLLEGE [illegible].

The location of the college in Polk county is central, healthful and beautiful. President Campbell has the entire confidence of parents and students. The number of professors and assistant teachers is ample and efficient. The discipline of the College and the progress of the students will bear a favorable comparison with any similar institution in the State. The [illegible] character of the College is [illegible] [illegible] its simplicity and purity.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] music is to form an important feature in the college in future. Prof. McGibeny has been giving lessons in this department during the last two months, and is likely to be permanently employed for this purpose. He and Mrs. McGibeny are great favorites at the college and with the people of Monmouth.

Only one wing of the new building is completed. It is built of brick, two stories high, thirty-two feet wide and seventy-six feet deep. When completed by the addition of a similar wing on the south, and both connected by a main hall forty feet wide and one hundred feet long, it will make a large and handsome building that will reflect credit on its friends and the State. The college, when completed, will cost $60,000.

THE TOWN OF MONMOUTH

Is principally composed of families attracted by the advantages that the college affords for the education of their children. This is equally applicable to the numerous wealthy and industrious farmers of the surrounding district. There are some neat cottages and beautiful homes in the town and neighborhood. Mr. J. B. V. Butler's residence and office houses would do credit to any part of the State.

THE TOWN OF DALLAS

Is the county seat of Polk. It has a population of 500, a number of stores, public buildings and private residences. The Court House occupies the central block of the town, and is a fine building, its external appearance is prepossessing, but the internal aspect is anything but attractive.

There is a valuable waterpower, taken by means of flumes and races from the Rickreall river, available for considerable manufacturing purposes. Mr. John Waymire runs the Union flouring mill by means of this waterpower. He grinds extensively for the farmers, and 2,000 bushels of wheat made in flour for shipment. Mr. Charles McDonald runs a tannery by means of the same power. He manufactures all kinds of harness, calf and kip leather extensively, and has the reputation of making as good leather as is manufactured in the State. He sells to harness makers and boot and shoemakers in the Willamette valley, especially in the city of Salem.

Mr. W. H. Teal's wagon and carriage factory is able to avail himself of the same water power for preparing material for making wagons and [illegible]. Mr. Teal is an extensive and successful manufacturer in his line. He contemplates organizing a joint stock company with a capital of at least $50,000, composed of farmers, by which he expects to supply the want of Polk county at least, with wagons and carriages as good and cheap as any imported. The oak, alder and fir of Oregon are as good as any in the United States; the mechanics are equally competent; the united capital of those interested in the prosperity of the country will complete the work. Every county in Oregon should and most probably will, have at least one similar establishment, with a large manufactory at some central point, such as Salem, for making all kinds of agricultural implements, such as headers, threshers and other large and expensive machines. If the Patrons of Husbandry in Oregon give these and similar enterprises due attention and ample encouragement they will do much to add to the industry and wealth of the State, build up home manufactures that will be powerful auxiliaries to their agricultural pursuits, keep their hard and well earned money at home to build up comfortable and happy homes, well cultivated farms, develop the resources of the State, and encourage institutions of learning that will perpetuate and extend intelligence and virtue, religion and patriotism, civil and religious liberty.

Mr. George W. Hobert, of Dallas, has invented and patented a machine for stuffing horse collars that promises to be a valuable saving machine. He is building up an extensive local business, and is making arrangements for having it introduced to the trade in this State and California. It stuffs rim and bull long and short straw and wool faced heavy team, ordinary and light collars with equal facility and complete success. Mr. Hobert is able to use water power in the manufacture of his collar.

THE WHEAT OF POLK COUNTY.

In my last communication I stated that there will be shipped from the harvest of 1873:

	Bushels.
From Buena Vista	11,000
Independence	1[illegible],000
In addition to these there will be shipped At Eola from Mr. S. Beckett's warehouse	4[illegible]
From Mr. B. Ray's warehouse	4[illegible],000
	9[illegible]
From Lincoln there will be shipped From the Farmers' warehouse	[illegible]
J. Abrams & Co.'s warehouse	[illegible]
John Walling's	1[illegible]
Lincoln Milling Co.'s	4,000
	11[illegible]
From Polk county Wheatland at least will ship	30,000
The Eagle mills at Dixie will ship	10,000
The Union mills at Dallas	[illegible]
Hauled to Salem mills	1[illegible]
Hauled to Dayton, St. Joseph and McMinnville not less than	50,000
Total quantity to be shipped from Polk	590,000
In this is to be added the wheat reserved for seeding, feeding and domestic use	140,000
Total amount of wheat	[illegible]
This county has raised in oats and barley	100,000

A large portion of this wheat is sold, but only a small quantity of it is yet shipped owing to the low state of the Willamette river. The late rains have raised the river so that boats can now reach Corvallis. There will be ample employment for both the lines of river boats for the next three months.

RECAPITULATION.

The wheat production of four counties:

	Raised.	Bu. Shipped.
Linn	1,500,000	1,1[illegible]
Lane	700,000	600,000
Benton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Polk	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]

These quantities are the result of personal examination after visiting the different places mentioned. The production is fully a third more than the yield of 1872, and is equal to the expectations of those best able to form a correct estimate of what was to be expected.

POLK COUNTY

Is making great progress in cultivation, fencing, dwellings, houses, barns or lands clearing, adding and ground for cereals, and in the average production of wheat to the acre. The farmers are comfortable, independent, comparatively rich, cooperating and organizing for their common interest.

NORTHWEST.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at [illegible] o'clock, in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of [illegible] N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at [illegible], in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. [illegible] N. G.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. The large [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Druggist.

Health for the Sick!

Hope for the afflicted, strength for the weak, purity and vitality for the invalid and infirm, pure blood, by making kidneys act, bowels regular and clock work, an appetite to enjoy food and the power to digest it—for all who use the great Alterative and Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all Druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, [illegible] Washington, San Francisco.

WANTS.

WANTED.

ANY INFORMATION IN REGARD TO ONE AUSTIN ENNIS would be thankfully received by his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Idaho. MRS. S. A. ROWLEY. d13d1m

TO LET.

TO LET.

A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM. Enquire on the premises, N. W. Cor. Madison and Sixth streets, or at Isaac Blum's Cigar Store, cor. Alder and First streets.

ROOMS TO LET.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with or without Board. Enquire at S. [illegible] corner of Third and Oak streets. d12lm

FOR RENT.

THE STORE IN BRICK BUILDING CORNER of Front and Stark streets. Enquire at this office.

FOR RENT.

IN BRICK BUILDING CORNER FRONT AND Washington streets, Offices in suits or single rooms, and rooms furnished or unfurnished, to rent low. Apply to Room 6. ESTES & STIMSON. Dec 6 1873 d6d1m

FOR RENT.

OFFICES IN SECOND STORY BRICK BUILDING. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE FARM OF 160 ACRES OF LAND with the best Sein Fishing Ground on the Columbia river. Also good Gilling Ground abutting the same. Situated on Baker's Bay and the Columbia, in Pacific County, W. T. The place has been used for Fishing for the past twenty years and is suitable for barreling or canning, with a good Stock Range. Enquire of P. J. McGOWAN, 1[illegible] First st., Portland. d1ld1m

Boiler and Engine for Sale.

THE HIGHLY FINISHED SIX HORSE POWER horizontal ENGINE, with Boiler, Force Pump and Shafting, formerly used in the *Herald* office, is offered for sale at a bargain for cash. Enquire at this office.

OYSTERS.

EASTERN OYSTERS.

DURING THE HOLIDAYS I WILL SELL Eastern Oysters

AT REDUCED RATES!

10,000 arrived on the Ajax!

For the accommodation of my friends I will offer FIFTY DOZEN of my old SONOMA WINE (bottled May 17, 1871,) for sale. This Wine is the purest in market. C. A. BURCHARDT.

EXTRA FINE TRANSPLANTED

East River Oysters,

AT THE "GEM."

An Extra Fine Lot of EASTERN

OYSTERS

PER LAST STEAMER, AT

ALISKY & HEGELE'S,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

OYSTERS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF

OYSTERS

AT

Keith's Oyster Saloon.

FRESH OYSTERS OPENED READY FOR FAMily use. SENT TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT

50 CENTS per HUNDRED.

Compartment Buckets for sending Oysters, cooked, to all parts of the City, HOT.

On and after this date, we will be in receipt of

Eastern Fresh Oysters

IN THE SHELL,

Direct from New York, every week during the Oyster season.

Portland, Oct. 7, 1873. o7dtf

FRESH OYSTERS.

At the request of a large number of my old Patrons I have opened

The Gem Oyster Saloon.

Oysters in Every Style.

Ladies' Entrance on Stark Street.

C. A. BURCHARDT.

NEW YORK PRICES!

NEW YORK PRICES! NEW YORK PRICES!

Watch Repairing, AT NEW YORK PRICES! At 105 First Street.

Silver American Watches, [illegible] ounce cases, AT NEW YORK PRICES! At 105 First Street.

Jewelry, AT NEW YORK PRICES! At 105 First Street.

Clocks, Spring or Weight, AT NEW YORK PRICES!

W. FRIEDLANDER,

105 First Street, next door to Odd Fellows' Building.

ADAM'S CHOP HOUSE AND OYSTER SALOON.

HAVING OPENED A FIRST CLASS OYSTER Saloon and Chop House, I would inform my friends and the whole people of Portland who like to indulge in an A No. 1 Meal or Oyster Stew, that they will find me at

No. 128 First St., bet. Morrison & Yamhill.

Open day and night. Quick attendance and polite waiters. PRICES MODERATE. The best cook in the city [illegible]. A first class cook from Vienna.

ADAM ZORN, Proprietor. [illegible] 3m

HARRINGTON'S SPARKLING OREGON CIDER,

IS NOW READY AND FOR SALE BY D. F. HARRINGTON,

Sixth Street, between D and E Streets, PORTLAND. d6d1m

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. E. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY,

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St., San Francisco

And 45 Front Street, Portland, Or.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

"The Self-Acting

RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES,

An article long needed by the public, have just been received from the East by

GEO. A. PEASE & CO.,

CORNER OF

MORRISON & FIRST STS.

The only place on the coast that have them. Call and see them and you will be sure to purchase, as they are so handy and cheaper than ordinary shoes.

Full satisfaction guaranteed on all goods.

BOOTS AND SHOES

To be sold during the Holidays at

REDUCED PRICES!

AT THE

Opposition Boot & Shoe Store,

UNDER ORO FINO THEATER,

No. 63 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

C. A. & C. M. HIBBARD'S

CELEBRATED HAND MADE

BOOTS & SHOES,

GEO. L. HIBBARD,

Commission Merchant,

SOLE AGENT,

S. E. Cor. Ash and First Streets.

Storage at low rates. Oregon and California Produce sold on Commission.

MECHANICS' BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

FREIMAN & HUPPRICH,

113 First Street.

INVITE THE PUBLIC TO CALL AND SEE their New Stock.

Prices to Suit All.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

Elegant Gift Books, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Family Bibles, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Musical Albums, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Photograph Albums, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Opera Glasses, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Rosewood Writing Desks, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Russia Leather Desks, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Gold Pens and Pencils, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Fine Purses, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Pearl, Shell & Ivory Card Cases, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Parlor Games, At J. K. GILL & CO.'S.

Elegant Goods and Low Prices,

At J. K. GILL & CO.'S,

73 First Street.

GEO. L. STORY,

No. 45 FRONT STREET,

Offers FOR SALE:

PAINTS, OILS, WHITE LEAD,

Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD;

Various Cheaper Brands do do;

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ZINC;

METALLIC PAINT;

VARNISHES, English and American;

OILS,

BOILED AND RAW LINSEED;

LARD, DOG FISH, SEAL;

PARAFFINE and MACHINERY;

COAL OIL, Downer's Boston;

" " Cheaper Brands.

WINDOW GLASS,

WALL PAPER.

WM. PFUNDER

APOTHECARY & CHEMIST

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE

CORNER FIRST & OAK STREETS, PORTLAND

DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Etc., Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

WM. PFUNDER, Pharmaceutist,

Late of C. H. Woodard & Co.

DOCTOR JIM,

The Celebrated Chinese Physician has returned to this city after an absence of four years, and has opened his office at the corner of Washington and Second streets up stairs, where he will treat patients for all kinds of diseases with his well known skill. d1d1m

The Daily Oregonian.

CHRISTMAS EDITION

THURSDAY MORNING, DE[illegible] 18[illegible]

HYMN ON THE NATIVITY

No war or battle's sound
Was heard the world around
The idle spear and shield were high up hung,
The hooked chariot stood
Unstained with hostile blood
The trumpet spake not to the armed throng
And kings sat still with awful eye
As if they surely knew their sovereign Lord was by

But peaceful was the night
Wherein the Prince of Light
His reign of peace upon the earth began
The winds with wonder whist
Smoothly the waters kist
Whispering new joys to the mild ocean
Who now hath quite forgot to rave
While birds of calm sit brooding on the charmed wave

The stars with deep amaze
Stand fixed in steadfast gaze
Bending one way their precious influence
And will not take their flight
For all the morning light
Or Lucifer that often warned them thence
But in their glimmering orbs did glow
Until their Lord himself bespake and bid them go

And though the shady gloom
Had given day her room
The sun himself withheld his wonted speed
And hid his head for shame
As his inferior flame
The new enlightened world no more should need
He saw a greater sun appear
Than his bright throne or burning axletree could bear

The shepherds on the lawn
Or ere the point of dawn
Sat simply chatting in a rustic row
Full little thought they then
That the mighty Pan
Was kindly come to live with them below
Perhaps their loves or else their sheep
Was all that did their silly thoughts so busy keep

When such music sweet
Their hearts and ears did greet
As never was by mortal finger strook
Divinely warbled voice
Answering the stringed noise
As all their souls in blissful rapture took
The air such pleasure loth to lose
With thousand echoes still prolongs each heavenly close

At last surrounds their sight
A globe of circular light
That with long beams the shamefaced night arrayed
The helmed Cherubim
And sworded Seraphim
Are seen in glittering ranks with wings displayed
Harping in loud and solemn quire
With unexpressive notes to Heaven's new born Heir

Such music (as 'tis said
Before was never made
But when of old the sons of morning sung
While the Creator great
His constellations set
And the well balanced world on hinges hung,
And cast the dark foundations deep
And bid the weltering waves their oozy channel keep

Ring out, ye crystal spheres,
Once bless our human ears
If ye have power to touch our senses so,
And let your silver chime
Move in melodious time
And let the base of heaven's deep organ blow
And with your nine fold harmony
Make up full consort to the angelic symphony

For if such holy song
Enwrap our fancy long
Time will run back and fetch the age of gold
And speckled Vanity
Will sicken soon and die,
And leprous Sin will melt from earthly mould,
And Hell itself will pass away,
And leave her dolorous mansions to the peering day

Yea Truth and Justice then
Will down return to men
Orb'd in a rainbow and, like glories wearing,
Mercy will sit between
Thron'd in celestial sheen
With radiant feet the tissued clouds down steering
And heav'n as at some festival
Will open wide the gates of her high palace hall

—[*Milton*

TREASURE.

A CHRISTMAS STORY OF THE HUDSON HIGHLANDS

In the very depth of the terrible winter of 1779–80 and in "the dead waste and middle of the night" Tobias Pendly first saw the light of earth. His father, a private in the Connecticut line, had been wounded in one of the earlier battles of the Revolutionary War and, through unskilful means of treatment and subsequent exposure, the hurt had resulted in a very stiff leg, thus disqualifying him for further military service. He was, accordingly, discharged—as it happened, in the Highlands of the Hudson. Having no very close ties at home he remained in the neighborhood, supporting himself as best he might by wood-chopping and the like. He soon married a girl in the vicinity who was of New England descent. Indeed that district of the Highlands which has been at various times styled the South Precinct of Dutchess County, Fredericksburgh Precinct and finally as it still remains, Putnam County, was originally settled from the Puritan hive. The Dutchmen sailing up the river eschewed the rough mountain land, but into the fair valleys of the Croton tributaries the errant children of the East came creeping with eager eyes and watering mouths. From that quarter they pushed their settlements across the county until they reached the river. The character of the people therefore has up to the present day, in a measure, retained the impress of this type, though modified by the more liberal tone of New York sentiment.

The whole of what is now Putnam Co was at first included in a single patent and the land, up to the Revolution almost as a matter of course was held in tenure. The river region with the exception of a few farms opposite West Point was an almost unbroken wilderness, the road being few and scarcely more than the old Indian trail widened and smoothed a little. While the contest was pending the patriot forces were posted along the river [illegible] sides of wood but this was about all of improvement [illegible] could be described from the water.

During the w[illegible] the spot the [illegible] had [illegible] the British army [illegible] Pendly [illegible] a son to interfere.

What [illegible] steel [illegible] Hudson Highlands [illegible] peaks of Bull Hill and [illegible] Pendly's [illegible] himself [illegible] was not rascalful [illegible] for him and lived from hand to mouth.

It was [illegible] west rose the rounded crest of Bull Hill to the north [illegible] grim and most haggard against the sky, the [illegible] outline of well named Breakneck [illegible] woods only to [illegible] of the river [illegible] world. Take it [illegible] the old [illegible]

Here was born the [illegible] Ruth Pendly [illegible] of his progenitors [illegible] was named [illegible] The old woman who assisted [illegible] New [illegible]

What the lonely [illegible] prophesy [illegible] wonderful [illegible] the hill to make him [illegible] There is a subtle alchemy in nature which works mightily [illegible] and from the natural environment and she plants [illegible] character [illegible] which in after years [illegible] grow luxuriantly and bear wonderful [illegible] instance.

Immediately after the close of the war [illegible] was much disorganized and full of [illegible] He [illegible] valley [illegible] the [illegible] summer clouds upon [illegible]

This was his company for hours that [illegible] all that was bright in his childhood was [illegible] upon [illegible] which he spent with his aunt in Fishkill valley—enough to spell out [illegible] syllable. When he was about [illegible] years old his father [illegible] new claimants to the property on which he lived, by arrangement with the owner moved to a small farm on what was [illegible] Iron Mountain road [illegible] five or six years [illegible] his education [illegible] school [illegible] himself to read print and even [illegible] back after [illegible] actually [illegible] that he could make [illegible] This was about all. Yet here his mind expanded in a measure under the [illegible] more open prospect. Indeed the outlook from his home at this period was [illegible] and cheerful enough to have [illegible] the harsher impressions of his early days.

The view was a grand [illegible] foreground of dense woodland falling rapidly from the [illegible] but not in any way break up its completeness. This forest covered slope declined into a middle distance of cultivated ground interspersed with groves, with headlands jutting into the river at one side and bounded in that direction by lofty hills while on the other wing there was an interior country hemmed in again by eminences which balanced the landscape sufficiently with a suggestion of repetition. Central to all the eye was led at last to a broad reach of the river, boldly defined by the massive shoulder of Breakneck and Butter Hill that framed it up on [illegible] and thence up into a rich and [illegible] rising slopes [illegible] upon mile length [illegible] on either hand of open region

While still beyond, half hazy to the eye,
The far off Kaatskills kissed the farthest sky,
Mingled with it their waving line of blue,
And shut the world beyond from mortal view

As time wore on, Bias, as he was familiarly called, for short, Bias took to helping his father with the axe, for which he had a natural genius, and soon he became, for a young man, quite a hero in that line. One morning the name Iron Mountain struck him suddenly. Why iron? And, by and by, he learned from charcoal burners and teamsters what iron ore was and what it was worth. Thus first his destiny began to wind itself about him.

One winter he was engaged on a coaling job and being now interested in metals made more inquiry of his comrades, who almost all knew something of these matters in a far off way. They told him many wonderful things, the percentage of truth being small. Unluckily, one night, while watching the pit, stories of silver mines were started, the which, though he thought little of them at the time, sunk deeply into his fanciful mind, and made another link in the chain that was to bind him firm and fast.

A year or so after this his mother died and within six months thereafter his father, also leaving him master of the little farm which however was under mortgage to the original owner. Thus bereft he soon bethought himself that it would be a good move—economical and in every respect fitting—that he should take to himself a wife to look after things indoors. And he did so. The character and appearance of the man were at this time to a certain extent formed. He was now about twenty two or three, small, rather light but well proportioned, with sandy yellow hair and snapping [illegible] eyes. From his not [illegible] high and at the same time narrow forehead one might guess that he was not wanting in intellectual faculty, but likely to be a man of one idea, which was in fact his character. [illegible] persistent he was, too, about [illegible] when once in his head. Blood combining with the influences of his childhood had grown up into a [illegible] sample of [illegible] New England level [illegible] ment—shut in [illegible] by a shrewd hard [illegible] list of [illegible] attachment [illegible] with other [illegible] that pit [illegible] mysticism which is equally characteristic of the class and which leads them into many epidemics of excitement.

Children—two, a boy and a girl—came with time. Bias was a faithful husband and kind father. If [illegible] fault it was the greed of accumulation. Unluckily the [illegible]

[illegible] of the Highlands [illegible] had the luck.

[illegible] which he [illegible] to avert. [illegible] One day the [illegible] occurred to him to search [illegible] the whereabouts he had chanced upon the [illegible] He could not find it exactly but [illegible] about in the vicinity came up [illegible] with none.

Any [illegible]

And [illegible] with affected [illegible]

Not [illegible] with indifferent [illegible]

S[illegible] [illegible] with perverse [illegible] silver [illegible] New York [illegible] to go to him.

Making [illegible] his wife [illegible] this gentleman [illegible] specimens [illegible] had the mortification [illegible] he [illegible] refused to analyze them. But asking whence they came Bias grew suspicious and had much ado with himself finally to trust the great [illegible] which he had brought with him to the inspection of the expert.

"What do you think there is in this my friend?" [illegible]

"Silver," answered Bias with [illegible] tion

An amused smile flitted over the mineralogist face and then looking with some interest at Bias he said kindly as he handed back the stone,

"My poor fellow, go and buy lottery tickets if you do not know what else to do with your money, but take my advice and avoid mines."

It was impossible to doubt the sincerity of the man and Bias went forth fully determined honestly to do what he had pretended it was his intention to do in the city. But on his way to Fulton Market near which he expected to find what he really wanted he strayed into Frankfort street. There in a[illegible] tumble down wooden building [illegible] across one of the [illegible] establishments [illegible] kept by men who live in some underhand way, always suspected of the police, but never getting within the meshes of the law. In the dirty window hung a retort or two, with a few crystal instruments and the picture was finished out with a cracked crucible on the shelf below and certain vague inhalations here and there of an apothecary's business.

These things caught the eye of Bias and here was he tempted of Satan to enter. Forthwith from a back den darted out a human spider with just such spindle legs, just such a deformed body, just such ferocious eyes. It was an elderly hump backed German Jew with broken nose, bushy brows and searching glance, who took the measure of Bias in an instant. What chance was there for him?

Ascertaining that his visitor had a little money and the prospect of earning more, this horrible familiar instantly constituted himself the evil genius of the wretched man. Whatever he wished henceforth to ask was to become his, and he would suck the very life springs of his being dry, giving him in return magnificent promise and grand assurance of fortune.

"Silver in dish? Gott in Himmel! Tish mosht poor silver. Tere you undt him, len, hey? Hish—don't shbeag dot loudt."

The heart of Bias was in his throat. His specimen then was the very harbinger of wealth. But where the mine itself?

It were unprofitable to go into details. He was lured on to bring more, promised an assay and sent home moneyless—worse, a man with a ruined character. The Jew was too cautious to write, but when Bias went down again as he soon did with more specimens he was shown a small lump of glittering metal, the product of that first lump of ore—so he was told.

From this day forth his nature put on a phase so entirely different from what it had exhibited before that his neglected wife and children [illegible]. She grew thinner and thinner [illegible] and whitened. They were [illegible] [illegible] were drawn upon [illegible] the interest was neglected. The wife [illegible] strong at best sunk under the trial, wearing her life out in the effort to keep the family together and the [illegible]

There was little religion [illegible] available in the neighborhood at the time except for St Philip's Chapel and this was [illegible] and the old Puritan distaste for Episcopacy [illegible] She faded away like a drought [illegible] dying at last of no disease but the [illegible] rather [illegible] weak. In her last hours she would [illegible] and kept continually repeating [illegible] some text she had picked up somewhere: "[illegible] Lay not up for yourselves treasures [illegible]" Her whispered final words as she turned her fading eyes up at the [illegible] and of her once fresh but now broken youth, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the second day one George Congs who [illegible] the champion [illegible] and perhaps was [illegible] the old man's reputation in the [illegible] This Congs, when Bias dropped some intimations of a possible deposit of Silver ore in the neighborhood of their cutting, had sneeringly remarked to the effect that though he, Bias, had been [illegible] many years he had certainly [illegible] out of [illegible] mind.

[illegible] twenty [illegible] evening at the tavern [illegible] much discussion of mines and the kind [illegible]

[illegible] chopper [illegible] New York cart-loads between sunrise and sunset, others splitting and trunking for him, two cut [illegible] and piled being a good day's work for an ordinary man. Then [illegible] with his contribution [illegible]

The greatest [illegible] cutting [illegible] man with long arm [illegible]

[illegible] He was up at [illegible] pocket? [illegible] says he, "I've got fifty dollars all down, an' I'll lay any man I'll cut an' pile two cords of wood, eight foot long by four high, an' [illegible] stick cut four foot long, in an hour, chopping my trees." [illegible] He went [illegible] says he, "You jest come out with me." An' they went. Well, he picked the black oaks—(he was a good judge of what a tree would cut, he was. I've seen him often myself, when I was a boy, an' I [illegible] three or four years [illegible]—that he went [illegible] The last tree was down and cut up in twenty five minutes by the watch timed by [illegible] who stood by, the other an' sat there. [illegible] it was all piled in fifty seven minutes, twenty seven seconds. An' that's the tallest cutting ever I heered on. [illegible] say they've tried to [illegible] with him [illegible] but it was no go. [illegible] make the chips fly!" It was [illegible]

[illegible] stories passed about until one evening a difference of opinion as to the relative merits of living axemen arose, which resulted in a proposition to make a match between George Congs and Bias. Congs, a man of thirty or so and ambitious of fame was particularly [illegible] he had been eager to propose himself for the championship. Not so Bias. He cared nothing for a reputation of the sort and it is doubtful whether he could have been persuaded had it not been for the affront [illegible] alluded to. It must be confessed that the [illegible] in him yearned to give the impertinent objector a lesson in this matter by way of punishment for his scurvy jest. So finally the trial was agreed upon.

The terms were these. A five dollar bill was put up on Bias, who did not bet himself, and Congs covered it. Each party was to select an umpire and the two a third, if necessary, to decide any disputed point. This umpire was to take out two choppings lots to be cut over by the parties. Stakes were to be set up [illegible] in [illegible] place in each lot where the [illegible] [illegible] each for himself. Logs [illegible] through to be [illegible] quartered [illegible] and each must [illegible] his own wood [illegible] and [illegible] at noon and all at [illegible] and each man to labor and rest as he pleased.

Congs selected David Sprag for his arbitrator. Bias [illegible] old Joe Moberly. The ground was forthwith chosen and the cording points were fixed. But the delay of some days occurred on account of a [illegible] which left the mountain still white though the lower ground [illegible] So it was on the [illegible] day before Christmas that the trial began.

When the men got upon the ground it [illegible] that there was no chance for Bias. "What! that little [illegible] without [illegible] against [illegible] Congs [illegible] He was a man in the prime of his strength, tall, muscular and rather heavy, chunky about the chest and neck and strongly limbed, altogether [illegible] formidable antagonist. He carried a large and heavy axe with a [illegible] much longer than that of his opponent, whose axe weighed not more than [illegible] pounds and a half. The discrepancy at all points looked very great.

[illegible] might. He that has ever fairly observed the powers of that wonder working implement which has disforested millions of acres on this continent must have felt that that peculiar and indescribable sound of the stroke [illegible] recorded in substance, the march of an empire, and led on an army stronger and more effectual than all the crusades that ever fought and fell.

Both men plied their weapons hard. [illegible] few minutes the silent woods shivered and shook with that laboring [illegible] sweeping, downward rush of trunk and branch which is so impressive amid the [illegible] of nature. Congs struck deeper, perhaps, but sometimes struck too deep [illegible] that there was clutch, momentary, indeed, but involving waste of strength and time. For there was in that stroke to be [illegible] for the chip would fly. Besides, G[illegible] his adversary too much. Bias [illegible] had no [illegible] being exerted. He [illegible] turn of work. In [illegible] every tree that he [illegible] every branch and [illegible] trunk so that it never failed to drop where it was most convenient for cutting up. At every second stroke, [illegible] away often flying [illegible] through the air, leaving a wound as smooth as if made by a chisel and the [illegible] kerf unbroken [illegible] dressed with a drawing knife.

Yet it was nip and tuck all along. If Congs gained in the actual piling which is rather a matter of mere strength than of knack, Bias had chosen his cording stations more sagaciously and had shorter distances of carrying. As it neared twelve o'clock Bias, if anything, had the advantage. His opponent had accomplished about an equal amount of work, but, while the younger man was in quite a lather, the elder had scarcely turned a hair. The knowing ones would have given odds on him. As they each closed up a tree at pretty much the same moment old Moberly said

"Come, byes, knock off now for a snack."

George Congs was well inclined to fall in with the suggestion but Bias looking at a huge trunk which had towered so high above the rest of the forest as to have thrown abroad mighty branches over the heads of the common run of trees replied,

"Suit yourselves, byes. I'm bound to settle this old feller afore I eat. I calc'late" (casting an eye upward) "to go back on this chap. Too many twistical branches to please me."

He paused a moment estimating the weight and inclination of the trunk and then looked at some great exposed roots that gripped the shallow soil like claws.

"Hold on," quoth old Joe. "Me and David Sprag, when we sot out the lots, all we'd that this 'er tree wa'n't fair to go in a match."

"Wal," said Bias, "that bein' the case, I do feel a leetle kind o' peckish. So I'll only set my mark on him for another time and then—"

He raised his arms to strike. Before the stroke fell—Wonder of wonders! There it was all before him to the minutest particular—boulder, [illegible] basswood with its surface roots, strangled hemlock, squirrel hole, [illegible] moss, and vine, and white growth—everything in detail, and the entire picture in the gross.

He staggered back. His first thought, perhaps, was this: Suppose in my hasty inadvertence I had destroyed the evidence whereby at last fortune was to be assured! He felt faint and sick, so pale he was the lookers on gathered around in dismay.

"What's the matter, Bi?"

"Byes," said the old man, with difficulty, "I guess I'm up the trail." He jerked a roll of tattered bills from his pantaloons' pocket and flung it into Moberly's hand. "Go and treat yourselves." He turned, rather feebly, to move away. "No—don't any of yer come with me. I don't keer for company jess now." He made a step or two, when a horrible apprehension beset him. What if some one should sever those roots and drop that tree and so find all! Mustering what he could of strength and resolution he struggled back to the foot of the forest king and with two blows cutting a broad and deep blaze, three inches into the sapwood below the bark, he said, "That—That's my tree." And then he tottered lowly off.

The rest of the men at first stood in amaze. But a sharp appetite soon put speculation to flight and, with a coarse remark or two—"Old man don't like to be [illegible] growing old, George," and "bein' [illegible] fellers is a queer cuss," and the like—they betook themselves to their midday meal. Only when Moberly [illegible] the rolled bills and found twenty [illegible] dollars did he [illegible]

"Wal, I guess Bi must ha' found his mine this time." Which passed for a great joke. Then the whole subject was, for the time, forgotten. All turned to on the afternoon's work, as the sky threatened bad weather for the morrow notwithstanding the promise of the morning.

The next day opened according to expectation with snow and sleet on the lowlands and more snow on the mountain sides and tops—a dripping, slippery day, all unfit for chopping, and so most of those who had been at the bout of the yestermorn concluded to go down to the nearest tavern and see what the five dollars would produce in the way of drink. [illegible] was, by the way, an additional inducement as will presently appear.

Some two or three miles south of what was formerly known as the Highland [illegible] at the intersection of the New [illegible] post road and the Carmel turnpike the attention of the traveler was for nearly [illegible] years [illegible] by a sort of gallows [illegible] on which hung the picture [illegible] of the Marquis Lafayette which by [illegible] had become [illegible] washed [illegible] the reputation of the once [illegible] This was sufficient indication that in the house opposite to which it stood was to be found entertainment for man and beast. In the days of [illegible] and droving it no doubt did a thriving business.

It was an [illegible] two [illegible] rambling [illegible] more comfortable [illegible] The gable end was [illegible] on the post road with a narrow [illegible] in front. But this [illegible] story is [illegible] with the [illegible] with [illegible] of [illegible] the prize [illegible] style of [illegible] plenty of [illegible] quarters and [illegible] the south [illegible] narrow and gave [illegible]

[illegible] for Christ[illegible] [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] country [illegible] cross corners, [illegible] old and young came [illegible] from time to time till they [illegible] respectable [illegible] Mean-while the preacher had taken his mid-day meal at the house of a regular member.

Quite a crowd of men were collected in the bar room picking their teeth with jack knives or what else came handiest, and discussing the advent of the preacher, and who he might be, with other matter of this [illegible] country going. Among them were Tuffer the blacksmith who had [illegible] in [illegible] from his shop, and most of the party [illegible] before, including Moberly, Zedekiah Kirken and his brother Thomas, Caleb Chatoren, David Sprig, John Forgison, Pete Jiffers, Solomon Freehill and [illegible] [illegible], of course was there. He was to treat the rest [illegible] then, and was to [illegible] no [illegible] great character [illegible] and swaggering no [illegible] little.

[illegible] happened to glance down the road out of one of the two windows in the room. "Ef here don't come Uncle Bias. I'll [illegible]."

It was never known what brought Bias along [illegible] at that time—whether he was passing through [illegible] or whether he was in search of [illegible]. It was by [illegible] nothing. Shall we say—Destiny or Providence?

"O he won't come in," said Moberly.

"We'll try him anyhow," [illegible] the old man.

To the surprise of all—for Bias seldom visited a place of the like resort—he promptly entered.

[illegible] he was heartily greeted [illegible].

"Wal, Bias, this [illegible] now step up an' take a nip," [illegible] added aside to Pete Jiffers, as a girl passed the window on her way to the meeting room, "there goes Thirza Winsey. Aint she sweeter'n clover?"

Still more to the astonishment of the crowd—for it was well known that he never drank anything but water—Bias accepted the invitation.

"Wal," said he, "that's a thing I don't often du," and pouring out the half of one of the small tumblers used in such places clear Apple Jack, "Here's to the opening of the new mind," said he in a measured self-assertive voice, and tossed it off at a gulp.

They winked at each other and drank in silence. 'Bias was [illegible] at the expression of amusement in their countenances. The fiery draught had not yet had time to affect him but an unusual fervor of excitement was in his veins.

"Yer don't b'lieve in minds—none of yer, I s'pose?" resumed he.

There was a dead silence. He went on more vehemently.

"Yer don't b'lieve in minds, I say."

"Iern, I do," ventured Tuffer.

"Silver I mean," said 'Bias, sternly.

Another awkward silence, and Caleb Chatoren, one of those unlucky children of Malapropos to be found in every human company, thought to better the situation by a clumsy joke.

"Why," said he, picking up the glass set down by 'Bias, "old man, you seem so dry I guess you must ha' found a mine o' dry silver."

Here was a laugh all around, as often happens in such a gathering, about nothing at all.

'Bias cast his eyes disdainfully from one to another, and answered,

"You may laugh, lives, but, I s'pose you've heern tell of an old saying—'Let them laugh that win.'"

He scarcely intended to say more. Of late years he had discoursed little on his only topic. But now, urged either by his irritable condition of mind or by the sharp and sudden working of the liquor he had drunk, or by the look of incredulity he saw on every face, he broke out.

"S'pose yer don't b'lieve in any silver mind? S'pose yer think that's all general say an' nothin' else, about Townsend's holes and the silver on the top of Anthony's Nose—" ("Specs?" interjected Pete Jiffers, but took care not to be heard.) "and the old silver mind at its foot. It's there yit, an' yer may go look at it if yer like. Now yer see, lives, it's as sartin as gospil, where there's arsenical tern pit ne-tees there *must* be silver."

"But how do you know that, 'Bias?" quoth old Moberly.

"Science," responded Bias curtly, and in a tone that admitted of no rejoinder. He went on: "Do yer s'pose that everybody that lived afore just us was fools? Ef yer don't, how ver goin to count for it, that when that old guvnor [illegible] most eighty year afore the old war, gin by patten to Adolph Philupse the hull o' this ceounty an' more too, with everything yer kin think of in it an' over it an' under it, he put in—I've seen a copy of the artikils—these here words: 'Silver an' Gold Minds Excepted,' ef there warn't no silver nor gold minds there? Where'd a ben the sense o' that? Now I don't say nothin' bout the gold, 'cause I don't b'lieve in it myself; but the silver, lives,—I've seen."

"An' how agin, about Baron Horsenclever? Didn't Baron Horsenclever send out, all the way from beyond sea, hundreds o' men to find them minds? Long afore the Revolution? D'ye think he'd send so fur for nothin'? That's likely, aint it, now? Warn't there places nubble enough for him to dig in all them lands t'other side the arth? But he must come here an' set hundreds o' men ter do it, ef he hadn't a' knowd'd that it was the place to pay?"

His earnest manner began to make an impression on his hearers. But as he paused here, an indistinct shadow fell across the floor, and then was gone again.

"The preacher," mumbled Asa Jacks in a subdued and awe stricken tone. The auditors of 'Bias grew uneasy. They (most of them at least) had heard his talk before, but the new preacher was indeed an attraction. One after another slipped away, but some remained as he took up his theme once more.

"An' now as to what we've known in our own time, or in our fathers' fore us. Didn't Hank Jubin mind out silver in the Sunk, an' warn't he hung the same token, hanged by the king's folks for it? [illegible] so. An' I s'pose yer never heern tell of Eleazer Gray? Guess he [illegible] he'd chanced on a treasure [illegible] or Beverly Robinson 'd [illegible] got a civiller answer from him in his time when he was lord of all the country round. Maybe yer [illegible] know the neighbors burnt out Gray, kith an' kin, house an' [illegible] like? They did. A silversmith [illegible] and [illegible] money.

"Did ever, Uncle 'Bias," interrupted Thomas Kirken, "see the silver shilling my granfather got out of a mine in Westchester?"

"No," said 'Bias all intent.

He [illegible] pursued Thomas [illegible] [illegible] it then the [illegible] that it had cost him two hundred an' forty pound British money.

A general guffaw [illegible] this statement. 'Bias looked [illegible] but he was now in the full [illegible] and went on with [illegible].

"I've [illegible] [illegible] there was [illegible] Hill, in the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] out he's dead.

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] observation of Zedekiah Kirken.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] When yer strike [illegible] yer'll see riches."

The old man's frame expanded with his vast conception as he went on: "Now I lives—there's a gal"—he jerked his thumb toward the long room—"she's in there now, an' she telled me she seen in a smooth stone in the top of Sam Galkins

SELECTIONS.

We can do more good by being good, than in any other way.—*Rowland Hill.*

It is apparent to so many parents that a great many children get on the wrong track because the switch is misplaced.

[illegible] that you cannot make others as you wish them to be, since you cannot make yourself what you wish to be.—*[illegible]*

Not in the sky, not in the sea, not if we enter into the cleft of the mountains, [illegible] the whole world where a man might be freed from an evil deed.—*[illegible]*

[illegible] the mark to stick [illegible] [illegible] that friendship will not continue to the end that is begun for an end.—*Quarles.*

If we had a keen vision and feeling of all ordinary human life, it would be like hearing the grass grow and the squirrel's heart beat, and we should die of that roar which lies on the other side of silence.—*[illegible]*

The setting of a great hope is like the setting of the sun. The brightness of our life is gone, shadows of the evening fall around us, and the world seems but a dim reflection—itself a broader shadow. We look forward into the coming lonely night; the soul withdraws itself. Then stars arise, and the night is holy.—*Longfellow.*

Lady Mary Wortley Montague observed that in the whole course of her long and extensive travels, she had found but two sorts of people—men and women. This simple remark was founded on no small knowledge of human nature; but we might add that even this distinction, narrow as it is, is now gradually disappearing, for some of our beaux are imitating the women, in everything that is little, and some of our women are imitating the men, in everything that is great.—*Colton.*

About the river of human life there is a winter wind though a heavenly sunshine; the iris colors its agitation, the frost fixes upon its repose. Let us beware that our rest becomes not the rest of stones which so long as they are torrent-tossed and thunder-stricken, maintain their majesty, but when the stream is silent and the storm passed, suffer the grass to cover them and the lichen to feed on them, and are ploughed down into dust.—*Ruskin.*

Silence is the element in which great things fashion themselves together, that at length they may emerge full formed and majestic into the daylight of life which they are thenceforth to rule. Not William the silent only, but all the considerable men I have known, and the most undiplomatic and unstrategic of these, forebore to babble of what they were creating and projecting. Nay in thy own mean perplexities do thou thyself but hold thy tongue for one day, on the morrow how much clearer are thy purposes and duties; what wreck and rubbish have those mute workmen within thee swept away, when intrusive noises were shut out! Speech is too often, not as the Frenchman defines it, the art of thought, but of quite stifling and suspending it, so that there is none to conceal. Speech too is great, but not the greatest. Speech is silver, silence is golden, or, as I might rather express it, speech is of time, silence of eternity.—*Carlyle.*

The Khedive of Egypt.

The Washington correspondent of the *Tribune* is the author of the following interesting statements in regard to the wealth and power of the present ruler of Egypt:

"The late Consul General of the United States at Cairo, Geo. Butler, is in Washington, and I have derived some fresh and interesting information from him. Said Pasha is described by Mr. Butler as a person of culture, speaking French with ease, and English a little; fully [illegible] at the Polytechnic School in Paris, and wearing the dress of Christian people. He is a shrewd and rich merchant, and not a soldier by propensity; and his income and the luxury of his court exceed the tales of Haroun al Raschid's splendor. He has an income of $110,000,000 per annum, or more than half as much as the whole annual expense of the United States Government, inclusive of the cost of the public debt. To keep our 50,000 or 60,000 office holders, our army, our navy, do the public buildings, etc., requires $17,000,000 a month. And said Pasha, with no more subjects than there are citizens of New York State, has, by Mr. Butler's careful estimate, between nine and ten million dollars a month, or about three hundred thousand dollars a day. He has twenty seven palaces, all the corporate property—or that which with us would be controlled by corporations—in the country, and no laws whatever but what he can think or will from day to day. He has four wives and a vast harem, and, being an unwise husband, does not know his own children; yet he is temperate and prudent, and still he is not happy. He wants to be a king, but the domination of Turkey sits upon his dreams like the gobbler on the full boy after Christmas dinner. Turkey is put above him by European treaty which dates back to 1840, and from the treaties of Europe,

Whatever link you strike,
Tenth or tenth thousand, breaks the link alike.

"To neutralize Turkey, the Khedive has been for a long time conciliating Europe, and the power he sets most store by is Russia. The Consul Generals at Cairo are men of the first class and the greatest astuteness, being really Foreign Ministers without the name, as the Khedive is only Viceroy. Mr. Butler says he could have had absolute power under this Viceroy over the life of any American in Egypt. He was on such intimate terms with the Khedive that some of the complainers wrote to Mr. Fish that he was in that rich barbarian's pay. 'But all,' says Butler, 'that he ever did for me was to give me steamers, yachts, a troop of horses, etc., when I wanted to entertain my visiting friends.'"

"As an instance of said Pasha's wealth, Mr. Butler relates that the Empress of France said to him in Paris:

"'Viceroy, I should like very much to visit your pyramids, but I cannot ride on a camel, and I suppose I cannot go there by any road.'

"'Your Majesty can go by either railway or highway, as you like,' said the Viceroy.

"When she went there, at the opening of the Suez Canal, the Empress found a road twelve miles long across the desert, lighted with gas, shaded all the way with transplanted trees, and half way on was a palace for her repose, with a second palace to entertain her at the pyramids—all especially made for this one journey. And yet, such is the kinship of the times, that when the Khedive attempted to renovate Cairo by taking stones from the pyramids, he felt that the rebuke of the press and voice of Europe could not be withstood, and he ceased to disturb these useless conundrums. He is building an iron bridge across the Nile, English work, which will cost $12,000,000 and is only a partial success, as it fills up as soon as neglected, and the screw fi[illegible] to pass through it is yet small. Lesseps, its executor, Mr. Butler believes to be one of the ablest men in the world, and never with less than from a half a million to a million of money lying on deposit. The Viceroy is the owner of a narrow-gauge railroad from Cairo to Suez, seventy six miles, and from Alexandria to Cairo, one hundred and thirty miles. He has a navy, but his people are wretched sailors. He and his father have made vast sums of money in the slave trade, and his eunuchs for the harem come from the Blue Nile. Sugar, indigo, tobacco and cotton are the great staples of Egypt, and the people have no conception of the right of property, liberty or life.

"'How many piastres do you pay the Khedive?' is the remark often addressed to a donkey conductor or a mule driver.

"'So many.'

"'Don't you hate to let him have all that part of your wages?'

"'Why,' says the Egyptian, 'he is our master. Why shouldn't he take it if he wants to?'"

THE STORMY CHRISTMAS.

I.

Roar on, fierce Wind from over seas,
Besiege the roof tiles, shake the pane;
Bend half to earth the quivering trees,
And plough wild furrows in the main.
You cannot reach our joyance here,
Couched in the heart of Christmas cheer.

II.

Coat, arrowy Sleet, on waste and wold
Fall from weird heights of freezing skies,
Whose vapory darkness fold on fold
Aids [illegible] sweet morning's sapphire eyes;
Your shafts are vain to smite us here,
All lapped in Christmas warmth and cheer.

III.

Pour on, O mournful, sobbing Rain,
With heart break in your mystic flow—
All Nature droops as if in pain,
And [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] woe;
You cannot drown our fancies fair,
Old dreams, and new of Christmas cheer.

IV.

Roll, ghostly wave, with clam foam,
Ye Clouds athwart the billowy heaven;
Swoop with black wings and gird our home
In gloom no fainter beam hath riven;
Yet e'en your ghostly shades are ware
Ye cannot dim our Christmas cheer.

V.

O Clouds and Tempest, Rain and Sleet,
Vain forms of element il strife,
How can ye chill that subtler heat
Which warms and thrills to glorious life
All hearts, by cordial thoughts enticed
To keep, this day, the deathless Christ.

Christmas, 1873.

Christmas comes again—"comes but once a year," says the old song, but comes with all its associations as fresh as if it it came but once in a lifetime, and it comes now as it has ever come, stirring all the better and sweeter impulses of humanity, comes with festivities historically interwoven with many picturesque customs, and identified with some of the most felicitous fancies of our race; comes with its visions of delight to younger folk, and with its tender reminiscences for the elder, comes with its Christian celebrations, its anthems and carols, and ecstasies of praise, comes with new repeatings of that old, ever strange, and wonderful, yet always cherished story of Bethlehem; comes with its family reunions and restorations of ancient friendships, comes with its new impulses of charity, with its fresh desires to carry peace and good-will to all men, comes with its special devotion to our little ones, who gather at Christmas-tide such tokens of affection, such proofs of love and remembrance, that old age will never cease with delight to recall them, comes with its bays, and its wreaths of evergreen, and its lighted Christmas trees, with its decorated churches and memorial mottoes in radiant green, with its sprigs of holly in the parlor, and its sacred immortelles around the portraits of the lost ones, comes with its abundant gift giving and all those interchanges of tokens that make friendship sweet; comes with all its suppression of self, its lessons of generosity, its awakening of kindliness, its out going to others, comes bringing a name that transmutes all natures into something better than they were, scatters bad passions, and calls forth holy impulses, touches hearts, awakens memories, sweetens pain, chastens success, and exalts the spirit—comes with all these boons and blessings, and yet comes bringing nothing that it has not always brought, having no lesson to teach that is not as old as Christianity, but coming, nevertheless, with a freshness and beauty that no novelty could possess, no invention, however fortunate could supply. We can welcome Christmas with no new phrases. We can accompany it with no new interpretations. We can describe it with no new terms of affection or appreciation. We can illustrate it with no new ideas or sentiments. But these facts give it its greatest charm, these are the very conditions that bring it so near to the heart of the world—it is its wealth of association, of remembrance, of memories, of tradition, of long cherished ideals and beauties, of thoroughly familiar sentiments, that give it every quality endearing to mankind.

Christmas Notes.

During the last days preceding Christmas it is still the custom for Calabrian minstrels to descend from the mountains to Naples and Rome, saluting the shrines of the Virgin Mother with their wild music under the poetical notion of cheering her until the birth-time of her infant at the approaching Christmas.

Preparatory to Christmas the bells are rung at dead midnight throughout England and the Continent, and, after the solemn celebration of the mass, for which the churches in France and Italy are magnificently adorned, it is usual for the revellers to partake of a collation, that they may be better able to sustain the fatigue of the night.

Among the revels of the Christmas season were the so-called feasts of fools and asses, grotesque saturnalia, which were sometimes termed "December liberties," in which everything serious was burlesqued, inferiors personifying their superiors, great men becoming frolicsome, and which illustrates the proneness of man to occasionally reverse the order of society and ridicule its decencies.

It is an old Swedish tradition, preserved in the history of Olaus, Archbishop of Upsal, that at the festival of Christmas the men living in the cold northern parts are suddenly and strangely metamorphosed into wolves, and that a huge multitude of them meet together at an appointed place during the night, and rage so fiercely against mankind and other creatures not fierce by nature, that the inhabitants of that country suffer more from their attacks than ever they do from natural wolves.

Christmas has always been at once a religious, domestic, and merry-making festival in England, equally for every rank and every age. The revels used to begin on Christmas Eve, and continued often till Candlemas (February 2d), every day being a holiday till Twelfth-night (January 6th). In the houses of the nobles a "lord of misrule," or "abbot of unreason," was appointed, whose office was "to make the rarest pastimes, to delight the beholder," and whose dominion lasted from All hallow Eve (October 31st) till Candlemas Day. The larder was filled with capons, hens, turkeys, geese, ducks, beef, mutton, pork, pies, puddings, nuts, plums, sugar and honey. The Italians have the following proverb: "He has more business than English ovens at Christmas." The tenants were entertained at the hall, and the lord of the manor and his family encouraged every art conducive to mirth.

John Law and His Scheme.

[Temple Bar.]

It was just at this time when national bankruptcy was staring him in the face that his attention was attracted by John Law and his scheme of paper currency. Law, who had traversed Europe with his plan and had met with nothing but discouragement, had nevertheless accumulated a large fortune by gambling and had, in 1716, settled with his brother in Paris, where he had opened a private bank and issued large quantities of bank notes, which enjoyed perfect credit. As soon as his projects were unfolded to the Regent he embraced them with the utmost ardor. He fancied that he had discovered the alchemist's secret and an antidote against all the national embarrassments. He instituted the Mississippi scheme [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] and the country bordering upon the Mississippi; 200,000 shares at 500 livres each. The [illegible] formed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the French East India Company. So great was the demand of shares that [illegible] new ones were created, for which there were [illegible] applicants, the dividend [illegible] per cent. But Parliament refused to ratify the monetary edicts, forbade the interference of strangers in public affairs and all [illegible] of the royal treasury and the [illegible] bank. Terrified by the hourly increasing mania for speculation, they appointed commissioners to seize upon Law and hang him. Orleans gave him an asylum in his own palace, deprived the Duc De Noailles of the administration of finance, exiled D'Aguesseau, deprived the Duc De Maine of the superintendence of the young King's education, reduced him and his brother, the Comte De Toulouse, to the rank of peers, punished all others who had joined the Parliament in opposition to his darling scheme, and created the speculator Controller General of the Finances of the kingdom. The money madness was now at its height, multitudes of frenzied wretches craving for shares surrounded Law's house night and day, the population of Paris increased daily by thousands, until every kitchen, stable and out house swarmed with newly arrived provincials. Society was turned topsy-turvy. Lackeys reveled in the luxury of dukes, beggars yesterday rolled in wealth to-day; men of the old *noblesse* rushed to [illegible] and eager to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] manors which had belonged to their names for ages to the [illegible] to [illegible] shares in the monstrous lottery. The [illegible] [illegible] their [illegible] and house[illegible] grasp these [illegible] bits of paper; workmen bartered their tools for them, and disdained work since money could be obtained so easily. A wild frenzy, a raving thirst, a ravening hunger for gold seized upon all, mingling every class, bourgeois and bourgeois, noble and artisan, [illegible] and fine lady, youth and old age, roguery and respectability in a wild [illegible] struggle for wealth. The crash came at last and the poor wretches awoke from their fever dream to find all their earthly possessions reduced to scraps of worthless paper. Of course there were riots. When people discover that they have done something very idiotic they always fall into a rage and endeavor to make somebody else responsible for their own idiocy. Likewise, as a matter of course they killed many innocent people and paraded the bodies before the Regent's Palace in order to convince him that they had quite recovered their senses. "They are right," said Philippe to one of his counsellors who was urging him to resort to harsh measures against the rioters. "They are very good to endure so many evils."

A Relic of Mithridates.

Concerning the celebrated onyx vase which the late Duke of Brunswick stole when he was expelled from his dukedom and which he kept so safely hidden that no one knew where it was till after his death, some interesting particulars are now made public by the Geneva papers. It appears that in an old Latin chronicle the original possession of this vase is traced back to Mithridates, known to be a passionate collector of art curiosities. According to Plinius the collection of this famous Greek king and warrior was brought by Pompey to Rome, and from Rome it is supposed to have been taken to Mantua, whence it is generally known as the Mantuan vase. When, in 1630, Mantua was plundered it fell into the possession of a private soldier, who sold it to the Duke of Saxony for one hundred ducats. The Duke made a present of the costly ornament to his wife, a Princess of Mecklenburg, who, at her death, bequeathed it to her near relative the Duchess of Brunswick. After the battle of Jena it was taken to Holstein for security, thence to Glucksburg, thence to England, and finally, in 1815, the treasure was brought back to Brunswick. When the eccentric Duke, whose death we recently chronicled, was driven from his dukedom and his castle burned, the vase disappeared. The most skillful detectives of Europe were engaged to trace it up, but in vain. It was generally supposed that Duke Karl had stolen it, but all endeavors to find it amongst his possessions were fruitless. It was not till after his death that the magnificent ornament was found among the treasures he had left to the city of Geneva, carefully enclosed in another metal vase, which completely hid it from ordinary scrutiny. This celebrated vase—the genuineness of which has never been questioned—belongs to a group of antique sacrificial vessels. It is the work of a Greek artist, who must have devoted nearly his whole life to this one work, for the onyx is nearly as hard as the diamond. The veins and colors of the stone have been made use of with marvelous skill. The flesh parts of the figures are of a brilliant white, the dresses of a light brown. It is very difficult to determine its value, and it has been estimated at from $40,000 to $100,000. The whole vase is cut out of one stone, six inches high and two and a half inches in diameter; cover, foot and handle are of solid gold. Two rings, also of gold, encircle the body, and divide it into three parts. The upper and lower parts are ornamented with leaves, flowers, fruits and other objects referring to the mysteries of the Ceres and Bacchus rites, while in the center are carved three groups of four figures each, worked out with exquisite finish.

A DOMESTIC SCENE.

"Cabs, you naughty girl, did you
Steal Johnny's little ship and crew?
Why will you act in such a way?
Go give it back to him and say
That you are sorry. Naughty child,
[illegible] him [illegible] be reconciled.
No wonder he is vexed. If he
Had whipped you terribly, I would be
What you deserved. He's very kind.
If I'm to be go quick and mind."

"I won't. I hate him, and I'm glad
It [illegible] I'll burn it—[illegible] I had.
He'll whip me? Let him come and try,
And if you do, or let him, I
Will bite my finger till it bleeds.
I'll pull up all the pretty weeds.
My garden's full of. I'll—"

So here
We have a pretty scene. The dear
Spoiled child I will surely do some harm
Upon herself—and will her mamma
Submit and let her have her way,
Or bring a wholesome rod in play?

We could not reckon upon having supplies all our lives if we depended upon the granaries of Egypt, or the storehouses of the wealthiest of the land; but when we rest in God we may boast ourselves as we may. I stood the other day, as you have often done, by a spring, pleased to see it constantly bubbling up with cool, refreshing water. One who came thither to fetch water for her house said to me, "It is always the same, sir, always the same. I never knew the sharpest frost to freeze it, or the most burning summer to dry it; the stream is equally full at all times in the year." This is very different from a fountain which I often pass, which more than half the year bears the notice, "This drinking fountain is closed during the winter," and very different from those brooks in our own and other lands which live upon the rains, and therefore do not contain a drop of water in time of drought. Why does the spring always run up the same? Because it lies [illegible] the great fountains. There is a deep that coucheth beneath; there are vast secret reservoirs in the bowels of the earth; and if you can set the [illegible] you are sure of a perpetual supply. Many a man has his water laid on, as it were, from the water company; his dependence is on man, and therefore it fails him, or he depends on the circumstances which surround him, and therefore he must lose his confidence [illegible] [illegible] but if you live upon God and say, "All my fresh springs are in thee," you have tapped the eternal deeps, and you need never be afraid of drought. Nay, you shall drink [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] shall all be made [illegible] with oil.—*Spurgeon.*

ARREST OF A BODY SNATCHER IN WASHINGTON.—A dispatch from Washington, D. C., says: George A. Christian, who [illegible] [illegible] Green, [illegible] and [illegible] were arrested last night charged with body snatching. When arrested Christian was found to have a revolver and papers from which it appears that he was formerly clerk in the Surgeon General's office, and he has been carrying on an extensive business as a body snatcher for some time; the dates showing his transactions with several medical institutions in Cleveland (Ohio) and Virginia for about six months, and during that time he must have sent away several hundred bodies. In his pocket was found a card of membership of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The Daily Oregonian
THURSDAY MORNING DEC 25 1873

CHRISTMAS

Merry Christmas!

In the olden time and in old lands the Christmas festival was the great occasion of the year. Masquerade song and frolic and all manner of merry making filled the day and lit up the night. The conventional lines that marked the distinctions between the various classes in society were so far obliterated for a brief little hour that knight, squire and vassal with servants all from butler to ostler could engage in the festivities and have a rollicking time together. The milk maid could be queen, and the coachman could take the place of the squire. Then in addition to the methods of jollification in vogue generally there were the special methods which had grown up in the different houses and were peculiar but not less firmly established as customs in those respective places. All readers of current literature have in their minds a vivid picture of the old time Christmas in the new time gathering at Raby Hall.

In this country we have no Raby Hall, no Knights and Barons, no ancient houses with histories reaching back into the buried generations, no unbending of the rules of caste to let life long friends from cottage and palace mingle with each other for a moment as men and brethren. The maskers have gone never to return; maidens are queens only on May day and the American idea long since impaled all the play kings, along with the real ones on the pole that held up the effigy of George the Third.

But Christmas is Christmas still. In one of his beautiful carols, Charles Dickens showed how thoroughly the death of old Marley, and his peculiar conduct after death, converted the miserly Scrooge into an open hearted and open handed enjoyer of Christmas, and contributor of the sources of similar enjoyment to others. This conversion of Scrooge was a metaphor and a prophecy and the Christmas to which he was so soundly converted was not the old Christmas that was passing away, but the new Christmas that was coming in—image of the old in all things consistent with the new age. Marly died for his race and Scrooge was converted for his race, so there are no more misers at Christmas times, but everybody is happy and tries his best to make everybody else happy.

The night draws on, and as we write the clatter of the feet of Santa Claus' reindeers greets our ear, and as he urges them forward with their load of pleasure for children—infant and adult—we hear his jolly voice:

"Now Dorber! Now Dancer! Now Prancer! Now Vixen!
On Comet! On, Cupid! On Dunder and blitzen!"

So, not to be behind-hand we drop the pen, leap into the little old elf's airy vehicle, and join with him in wishing all a Merry Christmas!

THEY WHINE

The bribers' organ has got around again to the point. It whines through nearly a column over the fact that we persist in calling the attention of the public to the delinquencies of the ring. It no longer attempts to controvert the accusations we have made, well knowing, and that from dear bought experience, that when we make a grave accusation we are prepared to prove it. Once or twice venturing to act upon the presumption that we might be engaged to some extent in that recklessness of statement which is its own habit it challenged us to the proof of charges we preferred against the ring, but no sooner was this done in every instance than we produced the proof and convicted the ring. So now the *Bulletin* does what it has done before: it whines, and blubbers, and begs. The burden of the *Bulletin's* song is that if the ring are a scurvy set, and unworthy of public or private countenance, we do wrong to keep attracting public attention to that fact. It thinks it looks like malice to keep the delinquencies of the gang whose organ it is so prominently before the people.

Either we are ourselves greatly deceived or we know the people of the State of Oregon reasonably well, and we hazard the assertion that they are not going to be very much offended at a public journal for denouncing criminals and corruptionists so long as these continue 'plying their avocation' among us. The people of Oregon, like the people of every other State are in the main virtuous and honest at least to the extent of disapproving downright crime, no matter by whom committed, and until their virtue and honesty are thoroughly sapped and destroyed—which God forbid—they will not demand silence when justice and right demand the utterance of reproof. Unless the bribers organ has something stronger to offer than mere whining it may as well save itself the trouble of mentioning the matter. There is a higher principle involved than pity for a cowed and whining culprit. The public interests are greater than the private woes of any man. Every felon might upon being convicted fall down and beg to be let off with just as much reason as those fellows. What are they above other criminals that their crimes are not to be so much as spoken of while those of others secure for their perpetrators a place in the penitentiary? Does a man cease to be amenable to the laws of the country and the usages of society whenever he becomes a [illegible] or a tool of such?

A JOURNALIST DEPARTS

By the steamer which will sail tomorrow for San Francisco [illegible] so well known in connection with journalism in Oregon takes his departure from our State. He will be missed from the newspaper field here for from his arrival in Oregon nearly three years ago he has stood among the foremost as a writer of talent and ability and as a careful and discreet editor. The Colonel will carry with him whithersoever he may go the kind regards of all who have known him during his residence in this State.

The bribers organ asserts that a considerable proportion of the people of Oregon agree with the OREGONIAN in its opposition to the corruptions of the ring and the infamous conduct of the railroad Senator. It may be the editor of the *Bulletin* is so blinded by his selfish interests that he cannot see the falsity of this assertion. The natural conclusion is however that in this matter he has intentionally told an untruth. This would be in strict accordance with his known habits and would make the case much easier to comprehend than it is when we try to believe he thought his assertion true notwithstanding the Hippie Holladay nominee for Congress only two months ago lost [illegible] per cent of the Republican vote. Add all the Democratic vote of the State and fifty four per cent of the Republican vote together and you have the exact measure of the proportion of the people of Oregon who have definitely and officially declared against the ring.

The position of affairs in connection with Judge Williams' appointment to the Chief Justiceship is difficult to understand. One moment it is said he will draw, and the next he is to fight it. Observe the dispatches this morning.

The New York Sun of the [illegible] instant has an extended defence of Senator Carpenter against the Long Branch scandal.

SPICY CORRESPONDENCE

On one or two occasions our dispatches referred to the correspondence which passed between Attorney General Barlow and Sheriff Brennan on the delay in sending Tweed to his prison quarters. We append the notes thinking they may throw some light on the manner in which the New York Sheriff caters to the tastes of his distinguished Ring prisoners.

New York, Nov 28 1873

Matthew T Brennan, Sheriff etc

SIR: A great deal of comment has been made in the public papers upon the fact that Wm M Tweed is kept in the Tombs instead of being transferred to the Penitentiary according to his sentence. If there were any violation of duty on your part in carrying out the sentence of the law I should feel it my duty to bring the matter to the attention of the Governor, but being desirous of taking no steps on the subject without full information I request that you will inform me of the reasons which induced you to give what appears on the face of it an unusual indulgence to this defendant. Yours etc

FRANCIS C BARLOW, Att'y General

Nov 28 1873

The Hon Francis C Barlow, Att'y General etc

SIR: Your note of this date is at hand. In reference to the case of William M Tweed I have to state that it is usual and customary to grant to a convict who has important business matters to transact sufficient time to do so before conveying him to the place of incarceration, and in extending this privilege to Tweed I am not aware of exceeding my authority or of impeding the administration of justice. I am and at all times have been ready on receiving an intimation to that effect from the presiding Judge or District Attorney to convey the prisoner named to the penitentiary. Very respectfully your obedient servant

M T BRENNAN, Sheriff

New York, Nov 28 1873

To the Hon M T Brennan, Sheriff &c

SIR: Your note of this date is received. I did not suppose that any intimation was necessary to procure the carrying out of the sentence. The Judge gave such intimation when he sentenced the prisoner. If any further suggestion is needed I think it will come with as much official weight from the Attorney General as from the District Attorney. I therefore request that Wm M Tweed be at once removed to the place of imprisonment designated by the Court. Will you be good enough to let me know this afternoon if the sentence is complied with as I have already communicated with the Governor on the subject, and desire to stop such action if it be rendered unnecessary. Yours &c

FRANCIS C BARLOW

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, NEW COURT HOUSE,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,
November 28 1873

The Hon Francis C Barlow, Attorney-General

SIR: In response to your second note of this date, I beg to say that Wm M Tweed will be sent to the Penitentiary at as early an hour to-morrow as conveyance to the island can be procured.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,
M T BRENNAN, Sheriff

NEW TO-DAY.

HE CAME FROM MUDDY—THE MAN WHO took Coffee at Fabra's yesterday

Eastern Oysters!
20,000 ARRIVED on THE AJAX at KEITH'S.
Portland Dec 21 1873

City Market Coffee Stand.
YOU ARE WANTED TO CALL AND TRY OUR Coffee Chocolate and Tea. We can provide you with Soups, Meats, Poultry, Game, Fish, etc
M H SHEPARD

SEWING MACHINE SALES FOR 1872.
BY COMPARISON OF STATISTICS FROM sworn returns of the sales of Sewing Machines for 1871 and 1872 it shows that the DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO'S sales have increased over 300 per cent. while no other company's sales have increased over 30 per cent—proving the great popularity of the DOMESTIC. Annexed are the percentage of gain of the leading makers.
Domestic Sewing Machine Co gain [illegible] per cent
Wheeler & Wilson
Singer
Grover & Baker
Weed
Willcox & Gibbs
Wilson
Other Machine Co's sales show a loss over the year before. If the increase in sales be any criterion of merit, the DOMESTIC bears the palm.
The DOMESTIC works so easy it is working itself into every family. The DOMESTIC runs so light it is distancing all competitors. It only asks a few days trial. The DOMESTIC recommended by the Medical Faculty.
W J HORNE
d25dot 104 Third street Portland

THE PLACE
IS
J. KOHN & CO.'S,
OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK
The stock of
CLOTHING,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS AND CAPS,
IS COMPLETE
Call [illegible]
Goods
LOW PRICES

WHITE LEAD.
ATLANTIC, BARTLETT, JEWETT'S [illegible]
At the Lowest Market Rates
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,
97 Front Street.

WALL PAPERS,
WALL PAPERS,
CURTAINS,
CURTAINS,
RUGS,
RUGS.
A large Stock of CARPETS, to be opened in a few days,
PAUL RICHTER,
First Street next to Odd Fellows Temple.

BUY YOUR
Wrapping Paper
OF
H. L. PITTOCK,
AGENT FOR
CLACKAMAS PAPER MILLS,
COR STARK AND FRONT STS,
Straw and Manila Paper,
All Weights and sizes
CONSTANTLY ON HAND
ALSO
PRINTING INK
In Small [illegible]

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE!
F. J. BENITZ, MANAGER,
Odd Fellows' Temple,
PORTLAND OREGON
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
WORLD-RENOWNED
STEINWAY
And the New and Superb 7⅓ Octave
GUILD, CHURCH & CO.
PIANOS!
Prices as low as the exclusive use of the best attainable material and most thorough workmanship will permit.
Every Piano is WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS, and Satisfaction Guaranteed to every Purchaser.
ALSO THE SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED
Burdett
ORGANS!
CALL AND SEE THEM
AT
GRAY'S MUSIC STORE,
F J BENITZ Manager
ODD FELLOWS TEMPLE PORTLAND OREGON

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED [illegible]
THOMAS [illegible]

Ex Bark J. A. Falkinburg,
FROM HONOLULU
2,500 [illegible] 300 kegs [illegible] ALLEN & LEWIS

AMUSEMENTS.
ORO FINO THEATER.
CARL BOSCO, ILLUSIORIST!
CHRISTMAS DAY,
THURSDAY DEC 25, 1873,
By special request GRAND FAMILY MATINEE in the afternoon at [illegible] o'clock for the accommodation of ladies and children.
Every child receives a beautiful present at the Matinee. Extra attractions and fun for the little folk. [illegible] Candies will be distributed to the children at the conclusion of the Matinee performance.
THURSDAY EVENING
Positively the last performance when Mr B [illegible] will [illegible] of [illegible] new Illusions including the MARKET OF MECCA, THE GROWTH OF FLOWERS and all WONDERFUL HINDOO BASKET FEAT

A COURSE OF
SIX LECTURES
Will be given at the
FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Cor [illegible] Sts.
LECTURERS:
[illegible] C SIMPSON [illegible] Salem
Rev D K NESBIT Corvallis
Hon MATTHEW P DEADY Portland Jan
Tickets for Single Lecture 50 cts
Course, to admit one $1 50
Lady and Gentleman $2 50
To be had at G A Steel & Co's store, or of the members of the Congregational Church.
The First Lecture of the Course will be delivered by SYL C SIMPSON Esq of Salem on
Friday Evening, Dec. 26, 1873,
At 7½ o'clock
Subject—THE DEATH PENALTY
The growing sentiment of the age is in favor of the abolition of the death penalty. In some States it has been done away with already. Mr Simpson will argue against its continuance. His ability as a lecturer is well known and we are sure that every argument which can be adduced in favor of his position will be made use of. His style is clear and concise, abounding in metaphor and illustration drawn from history and real life. As a speaker he ranks among the first.

Grand Masquerade Ball!
Given by the
Independent Order Jolly Good Fellows,
On New Year's Night, Jan 1 1874,
AT ARMORY HALL.
Reception Committee—A B Hallock, C Parrish, I M Fryer, M M Lucas, O Hawthorn, J F Galligher
Floor Committee—J B Kellogg, R Norman, L B Phillips, W H Butt.
Committee of Arrangements—[illegible] Terry, C Schultze, J Dunn, H [illegible] F Beauchamp
Tickets admitting Gent and Lady $ [illegible]
All masks must identify themselves. No disreputable characters will be admitted.

OREGON MUSEUM,
First and Ash Sts., Portland,
T A WOOD, Proprietor.
THE PLACE TO VISIT FIRST OF ALL OTHERS. An Institution of real merit—Instructive—Amusing—Entertaining. New Wonders added every day. Open from 9 A M to 10 P M. Sundays excepted. Admission [illegible] cts. Children under 12 half price.

DANCING SCHOOL,
Corner Front and Ash Streets
PROF CARDINELL HAS OPENED HIS ACADEMY for the reception of pupils. Evening Classes on Monday and Thursday evenings. Children's Class Saturday afternoon. SOIREE every Saturday evening.

DANCING ACADEMY.
P. MOORE'S DANCING ACADEMY WILL open at the corner of D and Ninth streets on every Monday and Thursday Evenings commencing on the 27th inst.
SOIREES every Saturday evening.

AN
IMMENSE SUPPLY
OF
Turkeys,
Chickens,
Oysters,
Salt Water Fish,
Game! Game!
FOR CHRISTMAS!
AT
DYER'S,
Yamhill Street between First and Second

McGEE, O'TOOLE & CO.
No 28 First Street, between Ash and Pine,
Importers and Dealers in
ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN
Window Glass,
Chance's Chrystal Metal and Plate Glass
—ALSO—
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Paints, Oils, Brushes &c &c
Having a large Stock of the above on hand we are prepared to sell at San Francisco Prices and warrant to give satisfaction.
N B—Glazing done at short notice.

STORAGE.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE [illegible] storage
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
[illegible]
BARNARD & GRISWOLD

Something New!
JONES' SPRING BEDS'
BEST IN USE
[illegible]
BARNARD & GRISWOLD
[illegible]
Front Street, next to R R Ferry Landing

DOG FISH OIL,
[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.
NOTICE!!
For the Holidays!!
WE BEG TO INFORM OUR CUSTOMERS AND the public in general that we have now completed the
Largest and best Assortment of
Sugar Toys,
Christmas Tree Ornaments
Fancy Gilt Hearts,
Wax Candles,
With Patent Candle Holders
Fancy Boxes,
Cornucopias,
Flower Baskets.
PRIZE CANDY BOXES!
5,000 LBS.
Of the Finest French Candies,
Nuts, all kinds, New Crop,
Figs, (Smyrna),
Chewing Pipe,
Direct from the Manufactories
Chewing Gum,
Direct from the Manufactories.
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
WHICH WE OFFER
Wholesale and Retail,
AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION!
N B—All Candies, Hearts and Sugar Toys are our own manufacture and we guarantee them PURE and all colors harmless, being purely vegetable and imported especially for our factory.
Country Dealers will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.
All orders promptly attended to.
ALISKY & HEGELE,
Portland Candy Manufactory,
107 FIRST STREET,

THE HOLIDAYS!
CANDIES! CANDIES!
TOYS! TOYS!
FOR THE OLD AND YOUNG!
FANCY CAKES!
AND
Other Good Things,
FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR!
ALL OUR OWN MANUFACTURE
Give the little ones a treat by leaving an order with
SCHMEER BROS.,
First Street Second Door North of Stark.

EX MATTIE MACLEAY,
FROM HONOLULU,
NOW LANDING AND FOR SALE
2,071 Kegs Island Sugars,
Assorted Grades
280 Barrels Molasses,
60 Tons Puuloa Salt.
IN STORE,
Ex 'Clara Louise' and 'J. A. Falkinburg,'
1,500 kegs No. 1 Island Sugars.
We offer the above to the Trade at Importing Rates.
CORBITT & MACLEAY.

NEW
Tobacco, Cigar & Notion House.
T. DILLENHOEFER,
Formerly connected with Wasserman & Co
59 Front Street, Portland,
IMPORTER OF
TOBACCO,
CIGARS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
AND FANCY GOODS.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,
[illegible] First Street
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Furs
LADIES MISSES & GENTLEMEN'S
FURS!
[illegible]
KAMSCHATKA SABLE, SITKA SABLE,
HUDSON BAY SABLE,
ROYAL ERMINE and
CANADA MINK;
[illegible] FOR ORDERS
[illegible]

OCEAN STEAMERS.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steamship
AJAX,
FRED BOLLES Commander
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port,
FRIDAY DEC 26, 1873,
At 10 o'clock P M
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets.
GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

FOR VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE, FORT TONGAS AND SITKA.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steam Propeller
CALIFORNIA,
JOHN HAYES Commander
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above ports
THURSDAY JAN 1, 1874,
At 6 o'clock P M
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner of F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER Agent

STEAMER ZEPHYR,
Will leave SEATTLE for SNOHOMISH RIVER every MONDAY returning same day
For TACOMA, STEILACOOM and OLYMPIA, TUESDAY and FRIDAY. Returning WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY
Any person wishing to connect with ZEPHYR for down Sound Ports can do so by leaving Portland on TUESDAY and FRIDAY until further notice.
J R. ROBBINS, Owner
nll

AGENTS WANTED!
5
Standard Subscription Books!
1. MARK TWAIN'S
NEW BOOK,
"THE GILDED AGE."
'A Tale of To-Day.'
WRITTEN CONJOINTLY BY MARK TWAIN and CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER. Splendidly illustrated containing about 600 large octavo pages, overrun with engravings, literary curiosities, more attractive than either Innocents Abroad or Roughing It. Ready for delivery in February.
2. CYCLOPEDIA OF THINGS
WORTH KNOWING,
Or, 25,000 Wants Supplied
A BOOK CONTAINING ONE THOUSAND ONE hundred columns on [illegible] royal octavo sized pages. Not a superfluous Receipt in the Book. All are of value. Will give reliable information upon every imaginable subject. It is new in everything, arrangement, matter, type etc.
3. Gen. Joseph E. Johnston's
Narrative of Military Operations
DIRECTED BY HIM DURING THE LATE WAR between the States. This is the first authentic contribution from a Southern military source of material for the future historian and is written in a terse, incisive and vivid style for which its eminent author is so justly renowned. Ready for delivery in February.
4. HEALTH AT HOME.
THE ABLEST FAMILY MEDICAL WORK NOW extant showing how to preserve health, prolong life, cure disease, understand the physical condition of maternity, the proper management of infants, and discussing the entire physical well being of man with a very large collection of the latest and most valuable medical prescriptions. By W W HALL A M M D, Editor of Hall's Journal of Health etc.
5. SEWARD'S TRAVELS
Round the World
WILLIAM H SEWARD'S HEIRS HAVE RECEIVED $41,464 for copyright of the first six months of his TRAVELS ROUND THE WORLD—a profit probably unparalleled in this country if not in any. The second six months began the first of August and the sale of the work continues as constant and as large as before.
For terms etc apply to
A. ROMAN & CO.,
11 Montgomery street San Francisco
General Agents for the above five Books on this Coast
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PURCHASE
YOUR GROCERIES
FOR
Christmas and New Year's
AT
E. B. HILL'S,
[illegible]
N F Cor Yamhill and First Streets.

NEW STOCK—NEW PRICES!
AND PROMPT DELIVERY.
SELLING OUT AT COST PRICE!
WITHIN THIRTY DAYS!
AT
EMIL LOWENSTEIN & CO.'S,
BODY BRUSSELS—$[illegible] per yard
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—$[illegible] per yard
THREE PLY—$[illegible] per yard
EXTRA SUPER—$[illegible] per yard
TWO PLY—[illegible]
[illegible]
EMIL LOWENSTEIN & CO

AURORA RESTAURANT
AND CHOP HOUSE,
Opposite Franklin Market, First Street
PORTLAND OREGON
[illegible]
OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE,
[illegible]
CONFECTIONERY [illegible]
G C RIDER, Proprietor

H C. BOSTWICK, M. D.,
[illegible]
West Side Fourth Street,
[illegible]

LOST
ON [illegible] BETWEEN [illegible]
[illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
COR OF FRONT AND OAK STS.
Auction Sales
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES
Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.
At Private Sale.
Large assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS.
Liberal advances made on Consignments.
To parties declining Housekeeping I will mention that I will purchase Second Hand Furniture
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MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
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JOHN H. REDINGTON President
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HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory

TOYS

AT
HALF PRICE!
DURING THIS WEEK,
AT
McCORMICK'S.

HARKEY UNTO GOOD ADVICE!
GIVEN GRATIS
THE COMMANDMENTS FULLY EXPLAINED
Keep Them and Thou Shalt Make Money.
I
Thou shalt have no other place to buy your Dry Goods, Shawls, Flannel and Yankee notions except at B HAMBURGER'S
II
Thou shalt not choose to thyself any other merchant. Thou shalt not bow to them nor listen to their speeches for B HAMBURGER is a reliable dealer capable of drawing his customers to the third and fourth generation
III
Thou shalt not seek in vain for cheap goods for they can be found for cash at B HAMBURGER'S
IV
Thou shalt bear in mind that upon six days of the week thou canst make all thy purchases of B HAMBURGER but on the seventh day he must rest from his weary labors.
V
Thou shalt honor B HAMBURGER by paying up and long may be thy days to enjoy the fruits thereof. He pays the highest market price for all kinds of country produce.
VI
Thou shalt not commit an outrage on the proprietor by purchasing goods but go direct to B HAMBURGER corner First and Salmon streets where you can get all you want Cheap for Cash
VII
Thou shalt not adulterously wed strange goods to thy house but always buy of B HAMBURGER.
VIII
Thou shalt not steal goods from his store for goods are so cheap that [illegible] B HAMBURGER pays the highest market price for Butter and Eggs
IX
Thou shalt not bear false witness but acknowledge that thou canst get better suited and better goods at cheaper rates at B HAMBURGER'S than any other store in Portland
The Xth will be published in our next issue.
B. HAMBURGER Ag
Portland Nov [illegible] N E cor First and Salmon streets.

WILL BE GIVEN AWAY!
A Beautiful $15 Chromo!
SIZE [illegible] INCHES
[illegible]
TO EACH AND EVERY PERSON
PURCHASING A
GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE!
THE MACHINE [illegible]
[illegible] excellent Ma[illegible]
BEAUTIFUL $15 CHROMO PREMIUM!
TO BE GIVEN AWAY
[illegible] Hotel
W T SHANAHAN Agent

BOYS' CLOTHING.
Only Manufactory in the city—MORRISON STREET between Second and Third
GOLINSKY & LINDBAUM, Proprietors.
Boys' Clothing cut and made to order cheaper better made and of better goods than can be bought from s[illegible]

The Daily Oregoni
THURSDAY MORNING DEC 2

CITY.

PANTHER KILLED—Mr O H Price [illegible] des in Clackamas county recently h[illegible] rible conflict with a large panther. He [illegible] hunting in the Cascades in that co[illegible] week. When first seen the ferocious [illegible] was about 30 yards distant sitting [illegible] Mr Price had with him a double barre[illegible] barrel was a rifle and the other [illegible] He first fired at the cougar with [illegible] ball and then discharged the other ba[illegible] him. Neither of the shots appeared to [illegible] the vitals, the beast came bounding [illegible] Price uttering a ferocious growl. He [illegible] aside and drew a large knife [illegible] his determination to give him a warm reception [illegible] the animal sprang [illegible] the beast his knife in the creature [illegible] on him. The blade [illegible] the vitals and gave the animal a [illegible] blow. It uttered one loud cry and [illegible] In the struggle Mr Pr[illegible] He proceeded [illegible] the animal and on measuring it [illegible] was ten feet and eight inches fr[illegible] It was one of the largest anima[illegible] which has been killed for many years.

WILLAMETTE SLOUGH—In speaking [illegible] slough the evening cotemporary [illegible] it no for the Willamette Slo[illegible] would now be wholly shut out fr[illegible] munication with the world [illegible] this fact it would be well to ma[illegible] representative is through our representa[illegible] Congress we will induce that body to ma[illegible] appropriation for its improvement. T[illegible] lamette Slough if cleared of logs a[illegible] which now beset it would admit of [illegible] sage of large vessels as now come [illegible] At Scappoose Bay there is said [illegible] ledge of rocks which interfere with [illegible] sage of vessels somewhat but it is [illegible] that a very small outlay would remo[illegible] defect. The mouths of the Willame[illegible] always liable to shoal during a [illegible] water and there are other causes which [illegible] us to place great value upon the Wil[illegible] Slough as the natural outlet of this [illegible] the winter season and a channel which [illegible] at all times be kept open.

AGREEABLE SURPRISE—Rev A R Ma[illegible] the worthy and highly esteemed pastor [illegible] First Baptist Church was most pleasan[illegible] prised yesterday afternoon. The gent[illegible] and his estimable wife having occasi[illegible] absent themselves from home a few [illegible] were agreeably astonished on their re[illegible] the house to find the [illegible] the parlo[illegible] with an elegant new carpet. While th[illegible] away a number of their friends had [illegible] taken possession of the house and [illegible] carpet down on their own responsibilit[illegible] very handsome and substantial Chr[illegible] present.

TIME OF SAILING—The steamer Aj[illegible] sail for San Francisco to-morrow evening [illegible] o'clock. The steamer is now at St H[illegible] but we learn will make a desperate [illegible] reach this city to-day. If the ice [illegible] broken through at Willow Bar she wi[illegible] to Portland. Should this be found imp[illegible] cable the *A N Cooke* will leave here [illegible] announced [illegible] with passengers [illegible] express for the [illegible] steamer.

AT WILLOW BAR—Capt Brown [illegible] board the [illegible] informs us [illegible] that ves[illegible] every possible effort [illegible] day [illegible] When she re[illegible] Willow [illegible] piled fro[illegible] bottom [illegible] a half [illegible] butting [illegible] steamer [illegible] ceeded in wo[illegible] may but a [illegible] distance and it took [illegible] hours labor to back out.

GONE D[illegible]—Mr Geo W Weidler w[illegible] ceeded [illegible] to St H[illegible] [illegible] at point [illegible] will [illegible] steamer an endea[illegible] [illegible] the ice gorge at W[illegible] Bar [illegible] will [illegible] be [illegible] which the numerous [illegible] below can [illegible] safely and unobstructed [illegible] this port. It is to be hoped that his [illegible] will meet with success.

OMITTED—In our report of the testim[illegible] the case of the United States v Nick O[illegible] yesterday where the witness says [illegible] took out another dollar and asked me [illegible] was enough and offered it to me. I [illegible] him I did not want to vote that I d[illegible] want to lay myself liable to the law [illegible] should have added, I told him I was [illegible] enough, as Mr Ollar so testified.

HALL STREET CHRISTMAS TREE—The [illegible] street M E school room has been beaut[illegible] decorated and a visit to that place will [illegible] repay a person for the walk. The Chri[illegible] exercises will be held [illegible] Th[illegible] evening beginning at 7 o'clock. After the [illegible] bution of presents there will be a social [illegible] ton and festival. All are [illegible] to con[illegible] bring their friends.

WEATHER REPORT—From the records [illegible] U S Signal Station of Observation Po[illegible] Oregon December 24 1873

	7 A M	[illegible] P M
Thermometer	41°	44°
Wind direction	[illegible]	N W
Velocity miles per hour	2	4
Weather	Light rain	[illegible]
Rainfall	[illegible]	

ACCIDENT—A small boy whose na[illegible] we were unable to learn while out [illegible] the Columbia River Slough [illegible] yesterday morning, had one of [illegible] seriously injured by a portion of a [illegible] which chanced to strike [illegible] He is [illegible] the city under treatment.

BARKENTINE PORTLAND—The steame[illegible] *Thompson* reports that when [illegible] pas[illegible] the river yesterday, the *Empire* [illegible] in tow the barkentine *Portland* which [illegible] pected to bring through the slough. [illegible] arrival indicates that she found this ro[illegible] practicable.

DAY CONSUMED—Yesterday in the [illegible] District Court, the entire day was consu[illegible] hearing the testimony and argumen[illegible] case of Nick O'Neal, charged with hav[illegible] cured illegal voting. Last even[illegible] was submitted to the jury.

UNITARIAN CHURCH—Services ap[illegible] Christmas Day will be held in [illegible] day at 11 o'clock. A 10 o'clock [illegible] [illegible]

COMMISSION.

HARDSON,

ONEER

T AND OAK STS.

n Sales

TRIES GENERAL MER AND HORSES

day and Saturday,

ate Sale.

OCERIES a d LIQUORS [illegible]

CHARDSON Auctioneer

ANCE.

ANCE COMPANY

RANCISCO.

ine Insurance.

...$1,000,000.

President
Vice President
Secretary
Mar[illegible] Secretary
General Manager

TORS.

Branch.

[illegible] C H Lewis
Macleay Lloyd Brooke
L F Grove
J A Crawford
D M French
J Lowenberg

MILTON BOYD,
and Washington Territory

YS

T

PRICE!

IS WEEK,

T

ICK'S.

GOOD ADVICE!

RATIS

FULLY EXPLAINED

Shalt Make Money

[illegible] place to buy your Dry [illegible] Yankee not[illegible]

[illegible] himself any oth[illegible] [illegible] to them [illegible] HAMBURGER [illegible] his custom [illegible]

vain for cheap goods [illegible] at B HAMBURGER'S

that upon [illegible] all the purchases of B [illegible] seventh day he must

HAMBURGER [illegible] paying days to enjoy the fruits [illegible] market price for a [illegible]

[illegible] outrage on the propr[illegible] [illegible] go direct to B HAM[illegible] Salmon streets [illegible] Cheap for Cash

[illegible] wed strange goods [illegible] buy of B HAMBURGER

[illegible] goods from [illegible] would [illegible] HA[illegible]

HAMBURGER [illegible] Salmon

VEN AWAY!

$15 Chromo!

INCHES

VERY PERSON

SING A

SEWING MACHINE,

PREMIUM

OTHING.

BAUM, Proprietor

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING DEC [illegible] 1873

CITY.

PANTHER KILLED.—Mr O H Pr[illegible] who [illegible] resides in Clackamas county recently had a terrible conflict with a large panther He was out hunting in the Cascades in that county last week When first seen the ferocious animal was about [illegible] yards distant sitting on [illegible] Mr Price had with him a double barrel gun one barrel [illegible] for [illegible] and the other used for shot He first fired at the cougar with a rifle ball and then discharged the other barrel at him Neither of the shots appeared to reach the vital [illegible] The beast came [illegible] toward P[illegible] [illegible] His gun [illegible] a large knife [illegible] to give [illegible] a warm reception With a [illegible] the animal [illegible] on him Price [illegible] knife in the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] him He had [illegible] [illegible] the animal [illegible] loud [illegible] dead [illegible] Mr Pr[illegible] [illegible] He proceeded [illegible] the animal [illegible] a tring[illegible] that was [illegible] eight inches fr[illegible] [illegible] I was one [illegible] largest animal [illegible] which has been killed for many years

WILLAMETTE SLOUGH.—It [illegible] the slough [illegible] contemporary [illegible] Were it not for the Willamette Slough [illegible] that would [illegible] wholly shut out from [illegible] and [illegible] the world [illegible] view of this fact it would be well [illegible] such representation [illegible] throughout [illegible] in Congress as will induce that body to make an appropriation for its improvement [illegible] the Willamette Slough if cleared of logs [illegible] which now beset [illegible] would admit of the passage of [illegible] vessels as now [illegible] to this port At S[illegible] pose Bay there is said to be a ledge of rocks which interferes with the passage of vessels somewhat but it is thought that a very small outlay would remedy this defect The mouths of the Willamette are always liable to shoal during medium high water and there are other causes which lead us to place great value upon the Willamette Slough as the natural outlet of this river in the winter season and a channel which should at all times be kept open

ACCEPTABLE SURPRISE.—Rev A F Medbury the worthy and highly esteemed pastor of the First Baptist Church, was most pleasantly surprised yesterday afternoon This gentleman and his estimable wife having occasion to absent themselves from home a few hours were agreeably astonished on their return to the house to find the floor of the parlor covered with an elegant new carpet While they were away a number of their friends had called taken possession of the house and put the carpet down on their own responsibility A very handsome and substantial Christmas present

TIME OF SAILING.—The steamer Ajax will sail for San Francisco to-morrow evening at 4 o clock The steamer is now at St Helens but we learn will make a desperate effort to reach this city to day If the ice can be broken through at Willow Bar she will come to Portland Should this be found impracticable the E N Cooke will leave here at the announced time with passengers mails and express for the ocean steamer

AT WILLOW BAR.—Capt Brown pilot on board the steamship Ajax informs us that that vessel made every possible effort yesterday, to reach this city When she reached Willow Bar the ice was found to present an impenetrable barrier, as it is piled from the bottom up After a half hour's butting the steamer had succeeded in working into the mass but a short distance and it took a full hour's labor to back out

GOES DOWN.—Mr Geo W Weidler will proceed down the river this morning to St Helens The Gussie Telfair is lying at that point Mr W will take that steamer and endeavor to batter a way through the ice gorge at Willow Bar Should he succeed a channel will thus be opened through which the numerous vessels below can pass safely and unobstructedly to this port It is to be hoped that his efforts will meet with success

OMITTED.—In our report of the testimony in the case of the United States vs Nick O Neil yesterday where the witness says He then took out another dollar and asked me if $2 50 was enough and offered it to me I again told him I did not want to vote that I did not want to lay myself liable to the law we should have added I told him I was not old enough, as Mr Ollar so testified

HALL STREET CHRISTMAS TREE.—The Hall street M E school room has been beautifully decorated and a visit to that place will amply repay a person for the walk The Christmas exercises will be held on this [illegible] beginning at 7 o clock After the distribution of presents there will be a social reunion and festival All are invited to come and bring their friends

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U S Signal Station of Observation Portland Oregon December 24, 1873

	7 A M	2 P M	9 P M
Thermometer	41	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wind direction	N W	N W	S E
velocity miles per hour	2	4	4
Weather	Light rain	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rainfall			[illegible] inches

ACCIDENT.—A small boy whose name we were unable to learn while [illegible] upon the Columbia River Slough [illegible] yesterday morning, had one [illegible] seriously injured by a portion of an exploded cap which chanced to strike [illegible] He is now in the city under treatment

BARKENTINE PORTLAND.—The steamer D[illegible] Thompson reports that when she passed up the river yesterday the Emma Hayward had in tow the barkentine Portland, which she expected to bring through the Slough Her non arrival indicates that she found this [illegible] impracticable.

DAY CONSUMED.—Yesterday in the U S District Court, the entire day was consumed in hearing the testimony and argument [illegible] case of Nick O Neil charged with [illegible] procured illegal voting Last evening the case was submitted to the jury

UNITARIAN CHURCH.—Services appropriate to Christmas Day will be held [illegible] day at 11 o clock A 10 o clock [illegible] baptism [illegible] and young [illegible] take place [illegible] public [illegible] daily invited

NORTH [illegible] SUNDAY [illegible] Christmas exercises of [illegible] take place on this Thursday aft[illegible] ing at 4 [illegible] There will be [illegible] speeches and singing [illegible] the children [illegible] good time

[illegible] MOVED.—There [illegible] yesterday morning [illegible] with the larceny of a pair of [illegible] hearing [illegible] evidence in the case [illegible] the defendant to the [illegible]

A [illegible] Of the [illegible] of meats that [illegible] J S K [illegible] known shop on Madison and F[illegible] equal [illegible] similar establishment [illegible] You have only to [illegible]

T[illegible].—This [illegible] open [illegible] o clock this morning [illegible] wi[illegible] be [illegible] but [illegible]

A [illegible] leaving [illegible] Morning [illegible] She will [illegible]

S[illegible] New York [illegible] Po[illegible] be [illegible]

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.—[illegible] will [illegible] half past [illegible]

Ch[illegible] and New Year [illegible] Store [illegible]

CHRISTMAS EVE AND THE LITTLE FOLKS.

OBSERVANCE LAST EVENING OF THE CUSTOMARY FESTIVITIES OF CHRISTMAS IN THE VARIOUS CHURCHES OF THE CITY—A HAPPY TIME AMONG THE LITTLE PEOPLE

UNITARIAN CHURCH

At the appointed hour yesterday evening, in spite of the heavy storm the chapel was well filled by happy children with their parents and friends A part of the Christmas festival in this church is designed to impress the young with the religious character of the day an impression not inconsistent with their having a joyous time both in thought and [illegible] Accordingly the note of th[illegible] was [illegible] the [illegible] together the [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] the singing of a Christmas [illegible] prayer and a brief address from the pastor [illegible] that

Another hymn [illegible] appropriate words [illegible] and [illegible] evening [illegible] conversation [illegible] shortly the [illegible] became the [illegible] the children were [illegible] and kindergarten[illegible] [illegible] filled their hands with good things by way of refreshment A very fine Christmas tree loaded with [illegible] was then stripped of its [illegible] fruit and every child received in this way the entertainment provided We should not omit that the room which has been [illegible] during the fall was very tastefully decorated with wreaths and festoons of evergreen

We learn that the Sunday School was never more prosperous in numbers and faithfulness than at present Yesterday evening afforded them and their friends an extremely pleasant reunion in which we [illegible] the appropriateness of the simple religious service and the good order and [illegible] kindness which seemed to pervade the large throng

On to morrow morning, at 11 o clock there is to be in the church a service of Christian dedication in baptism of young children brought by their parents for this purpose and at 11 o clock a religious service for Christmas day will be held

THE BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL

The teachers and scholars of this Sunday School with many of their friends met last night in the lower or lecture room of the church to participate in the annual holiday entertainment always given at this season for the school The room was beautifully decorated for the occasion Conspicuously placed above the platform was the motto Welcome A star cross and anchor wrought with evergreen and ivy mutely but eloquently represented the birth of Jesus the work of redemption and the eternity of the Christian hope The Church having the oversight of this Sabbath School utterly discountenances all modified lotteries games of chance and every amusement attended by a doubtful moral influence hence none of these things appear in any of their socials and public entertainments but such occasions in this church never lack elements of pure and safe Christian enjoyment as last night would abundantly testify to any visitor Notwithstanding the unfavorable condition of the weather which prevented the attendance of most of the primary class and also of some teachers living at a distance still the room was filled with a happy throng all appearing to enjoy themselves to the utmost All joined heartily in the singing and a reverent silence prevailed while the pastor offered a prayer of thanksgiving and sought the divine benediction During the evening each scholar was presented with a small gift And no respect of persons being manifest in the distribution this pleasant exercise contributed much to the enjoyment of the evening Only one thing seemed to bring regrets to many hearts and that was the absence of Major H M Robert and his family Major Robert was the recent and much beloved Superintendent of the school Mrs Robert having charge of the primary class and as might have been expected he was greatly missed last night Otherwise the evening was full of gladness to all

THE CHRISTMAS TREE AT ST STEPHEN'S CHAPEL

A very large and pleasant gathering of the children and friends of the church took place in the school room under the chapel, where St Nicholas had planted his tree and hung upon it all manner of goodies for the delectation of the little ones Previous to the distribution there was a children's service in the chapel which is elaborately decorated for the great festival The altar the font and lectern are gorgeously adorned and a floral screen is erected in front of the holy table Here the scholars of St Stephen's and of the Mission Chapel accompanied by their teachers sang their sweet carols and joined in the devotion to Him who as at this time was born of a pure virgin and came to visit the world in great humility and to thank the Father of Lights for the wonderful gift of his Son who though a babe was God incarnate This was the burden of the address delivered by the Bishop and they were thus with an understanding mind better able to comprehend the institution of the Christmas Tree as an emblem of the true Light which lighteth every man that cometh into the world At the conclusion of the service the children descended to the lower room and there stood a splendid tree reaching to the ceiling and ablaze with light and such staring and [illegible] and giggling, and laughing, and expressions of admiration from both old and young was very cheering to witness Upon Mr Chas H Dodd the Superintendent and Mr W S Chapman our worthy City Surveyor as Librarian devolved the task of distributing the presents when each child received a gift besides a cornucopia of candy There were of course remembrances for older children some of which created a great deal of merriment A very pleasant incident of the occasion was the presentation by the members and friends of the [illegible] to the Rev J T Daly of a very fine surplice stole and sermon cover [illegible] a few feeling remarks from the Bishop The recipient was overwhelmed with surprise at this unlooked for gift The good old man could scarcely express the [illegible] of his heart [illegible] such kind consideration and [illegible] hope he may long live to enjoy it all Thus passed a very happy social time for all mingled though it was with regret at the absence of the Rector the Rev Mr Rosenberg who is still confined to his house

Welcome Christmas welcome her
Happiest season of the year

THE [illegible] CHURCH

Soon after [illegible] o clock the [illegible] was [illegible] to overflowing, where [illegible] rows of little faces with bright faces all [illegible] what Santa Claus would [illegible] The room was beautifully [illegible] evergreen festoons hung in [illegible] and chandelier while [illegible] gracefully from the pictures [illegible] the gaslight [illegible] gave an air of [illegible] come to [illegible] The exercises opened with [illegible] [illegible] which were heartily [illegible] and [illegible] opened—there was [illegible] in the hymn [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] heaven expect [illegible] on a Christmas Eve [illegible] [illegible] doing Santa Claus [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

When [illegible] taking into notice the [illegible] rhetorical powers of the young lady was one of the most pleasing exercises of the evening The participants in the Bell [illegible] then [illegible] another part [illegible] entitled [illegible] to God in the Highest This was [illegible] Glory by that most interesting feature [illegible] followed [illegible] the distribution of Christmas gifts [illegible] presents being all distributed Rev [illegible] pr[illegible] [illegible] audience [illegible] of the young folks of the Sun[illegible] [illegible] afterwards Taking into [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] number [illegible] [illegible] entertaining [illegible] [illegible] evening was [illegible] the community has [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] METHODIST [illegible]

Ev[illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] and all through the [illegible] every [illegible] was stirring [illegible] [illegible] with the return [illegible] At half past [illegible] the [illegible] bell in the steeple [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Sabbath [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] corps of Sunday [illegible]

As [illegible] [illegible] into the [illegible] room which [illegible] a beautifully decorated room set off by a [illegible] Christmas [illegible] with cake [illegible] cookies and goodies as sweet [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] there are [illegible] [illegible] expressing the wish that the exercises [illegible] as ended [illegible]

We were [illegible] [illegible] around at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] when the exercises were begun by the singing of a Christmas Anthem by the choir which was well rendered Then followed the recitation of Longfellow s Christmas bells by Mr Kesler which was given with expression [illegible] of the Bell ringers with us yet

[illegible]
There [illegible]
[illegible]
Of [illegible] on earth [illegible] will to men

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] sleep
The wr[illegible] shall fail
The right prevail
With peace on earth good will to men

Next came [illegible] entitled Merry Merry Christmas time followed by a short address and closing with a solo by Miss [illegible] beautifully given, [illegible] Merry Christmas All the Year The Superintendent Mr James Steel then announced that the exercises would be continued in the Lecture Room Having already had a glance at the things there we stood not on the order of our going but went at once and were the recipients of cake [illegible] and other good things to our hearts content The Christmas trees were stripped of their burden and cornucopias and nameless other things were given to all

A very pleasing feature of the exercises was the announcement that the school had received a Christmas gift from the Rev Dr May of the Synagogue [illegible] [illegible] in the shape of a beautiful cake inscribed with the motto A Merry Christmas The order of distribution [illegible] of things was finished by the [illegible] that a [illegible] was [illegible] Master [illegible] Strowbridge [illegible] [illegible] in a taking manner [illegible] Night Before Christmas [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the deeds of the good [illegible] Saint Nicholas with his bundle of toys [illegible] [illegible] And [illegible] the Christmas eve—with merry hearts for all

[illegible] CHURCH [illegible]

This school numbering [illegible] members and 10 teachers and officers met at two o clock in the afternoon for the reason that the Church stands in a part of the city very much cut up with the improving streets still unfinished rendering a journey in that locality after night not of the pleasing description required by the footman The exercises commenced by a song accompanied by the organ violin and flute in which all participated—after which a prayer then a song appropriate to the occasion by two Masters and Misses then reading by Mr Talbot [illegible] responsive piece by Misses Johnson and Strong then one by Miss [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] between the [illegible] [illegible] were sung and one especially [illegible] Mr Shindler the Superintendent and the boys and girls of the house There was also a good declamation by Master D Shindler which much [illegible] all present After this the Superintendent made some remarks concerning the return of another Christmas and the remembrance of it [illegible] here the bright eyes were turned to the large tree and the [illegible] thereon and it was [illegible] each [illegible] those older or younger had a tremendous time of it in grinding the [illegible] from the sugar [illegible] and [illegible] each [illegible] [illegible] of their own [illegible] on independent principle

THE MARKETS.

City Market was [illegible] opened [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the numerous visitors with some very fine [illegible] Mr [illegible] [illegible] stalls [illegible] Mr M H Shepard [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] handsome [illegible] display of meats at No 25 [illegible] [illegible] Malarky [illegible] still [illegible] The market [illegible]

We [illegible] all [illegible] to the Central Market [illegible] the decorations and the display [illegible] [illegible] the attendance was large

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

[illegible] LOCAL AND [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] will [illegible] Thursday evening at [illegible] R [illegible] C W [illegible]

[illegible]

W[illegible] First Baptist [illegible] Dr [illegible]

LOCAL BREVITIES.

[illegible]

A Merry Christmas

[illegible]

UP THE COLUMBIA

[illegible]

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES

[illegible]

"THE GREATEST NATURALIST OF THE AGE."

LECTURE ON AGASSIZ

Dr Lindsley entertained his audience last Sunday evening with a sketch of the life and labors of the distinguished scientist whose death was announced by telegraph last Wednesday in our columns

Professor Agassiz was born in Switzerland of Huguenot parents in 1807 and [illegible] highly [illegible] His father [illegible] [illegible] which occurred [illegible] During a vacation [illegible] under the [illegible] of the Alps [illegible] [illegible] upon the [illegible] of Nature by [illegible] Protestant minister He found the true calling and ever after [illegible] it with [illegible] Another [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] gift [illegible] entitled [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the life [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] information and [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] scholarship was [illegible] [illegible] at the [illegible] He [illegible] returned to Switzerland to [illegible] one of her ancient [illegible] and it was here that his [illegible] was formed by [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the Alps [illegible] throughout Europe Aided by the [illegible] of others he proceeded [illegible] investigations with the utmost [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] year

[illegible] the glacier [illegible] theory by which is explained the transportation of masses of rock and diluvium embedded in [illegible] from one locality to another, sometimes across a continent or from pole to equator— [illegible] [illegible] mountain sides and across many a plain and the drift of sand and gravel deposited like the shore line of a [illegible] or ocean—lodged on mountain ranges [illegible] moving [illegible] is formed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] pushed upon the sea and broken up into huge icebergs

In 1846 Agassiz came to this country under a commission and at the expense of the Prussian Government to prosecute his researches into natural history on a wider scale and to deliver a course of scientific lectures before the Lowell Institute So great was his popularity and so cordial his reception in the various cities of America and so marvelously extensive the views which Nature disclosed to his philosophic vision on this Continent that he was induced to remain here and thenceforth his lot was cast in the United States

The lecturer having described various incidents connected with the subject and mentioned some very interesting facts in the history of the natural sciences in our country showing the heartiest sympathy in their progress he summed up with a few pertinent reflections illustrated by references to the great scientist s labors or by quotations from his books and [illegible]

1 The world is indebted to Agassiz said he for the breadth and variety of his scientific researches which have led to the most extensive [illegible] [illegible] more voluminous [illegible] works were [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] He [illegible] [illegible] the whole world by his masterly expositions and [illegible] of animal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in the inscrutable past and coming down to the post diluvian era

The lecturer expressed the hope that some gentleman would present these works to the Portland Library for the purpose of reference In preparing his lectures he had felt the need of such works He was often obliged to trust his memory when he would be very glad to verify his impressions by an inspection of the record

2 The world is indebted to Agassiz for his masterly examples of the Inductive Method of Reasoning The Baconian Philosophy made modern science possible It reversed the Aristotelian method which proceeded from generalizations to particulars and is often abused by arbitrarily setting up a theory and then forcing the particulars to support it But fair induction leads from particulars to generals by logical proofs—from individual to a class—and hence infers properties belonging to a whole class from the ascertained properties of a few

In all his works this fine philosophical spirit is discernible and his little book entitled Methods of Study in Natural History is a convenient guide for the learner

One of the greatest objections to many modern scientists is the ease with which they speculate leaping from very limited data to the most extraordinary conclusions tending to undermine all confidence in their guesses [illegible] The study of the works of this great author will tend to correct the vagaries of the neophytes in Natural History who put their fancies or the [illegible] of their masters in the place of sound logical induction [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to make a pyramid [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] theory [illegible] [illegible] facts Professor Agassiz [illegible] for the inductive method [illegible] [illegible] and hasty generalization and then [illegible] by inventing deduction which they draw from their [illegible] generalizations A common result is a general muddling of guesses speculation and far fetched conclusions with [illegible] facts or less And the general [illegible] [illegible] true [illegible]

3 The world is indebted to Agassiz for his [illegible] of science He [illegible] his energies to his calling In early life he was an enthusiast [illegible] [illegible] but brought [illegible] healthy manhood to his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the approach of age [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ripened powers at sixty [illegible] only the better qualified for his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] his poverty gave [illegible] [illegible] He was better paid [illegible] country [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] When importuned [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] that there was money in it he replied I have no time to make money A great many men have no time for anything else The career of Agassiz furnishes a splendid example of the success which follows earnest persistent [illegible]

4 The world is indebted to Agassiz for his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

assigned to a certain limit man alone and the animals associated with him, forming the exception to this last general law

From this [illegible] Agassiz drew several very important conclusions respecting the relation of the Creator to the Universe

The existence of a Superior Intelligence whose power alone could establish and sustain such an order of things he considered to have been established by rigid demonstration and on a truly scientific foundation He shows that [illegible] but each has its appointed period and is not connected except in the order of time with its [illegible]

An invisible thread [illegible] through the immense diversity exhibiting a general [illegible] all the [illegible] [illegible] to man the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the intermediate [illegible] and the invertebrate the constant [illegible]

Have we not here the manifestation of a mind as powerful as prolific? the acts of an intelligence as sublime as provident the marvel of [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] palpable [illegible] of a personal God author of all things, ruler of the Universe [illegible] [illegible] This is [illegible] [illegible] in the [illegible] of creation

[illegible] the closing part of the [illegible]

And [illegible] found in the [illegible] published this year [illegible] [illegible] the following extract is taken

I believe that all the correspondences between the higher aspects of animal life and the manifestations of mind acting consciously with intention towards one object from beginning to end

This view is in accordance with the workings of our mind it is an instructive recognition of a mental power with which our own is akin manifesting itself in nature

For this reason more than any other perhaps do I hold that this world of ours is not the result of the action of unconscious organs [illegible] but the work of an intelligent conscious power

The speaker cited several instances among the most celebrated naturalists who found God revealing Himself in Nature, accepted His written Revelation and rested upon Christ for salvation

In conclusion he described two acts of worship performed by scientific men as specimens of many The speaker said

Beautifully and affectingly is the relation between natural science and the Christian Revelation brought to our view in a prayer with which the great Keppler concludes one of his astronomical works It remains only he says that I should now lift up to heaven my eyes and hands from the table of my pursuits, and humbly and devoutly supplicate the Father of light O Thou who by the light of nature hast enkindled in us a desire after the light of grace that by this Thou mayst translate us into the light of glory—I give Thee thanks O Lord and Creator that Thou hast gladdened me by Thy creation, when I was enraptured by the work of Thy hands Behold I have here completed a work of my calling with as much of intellectual strength as Thou hast granted me I have declared the praise of Thy works to the men, who will read the evidences of it as far as my finite spirit could comprehend them in their infinity My mind [illegible] endeavored its utmost to reach the truth by philosophy but if anything unworthy of Thee has been taught by me—a worm born and nourished in sin—do Thou teach me that I may correct it Have I been seduced into presumption by the admirable beauty of Thy works? or have I sought my own glory among men in the construction of a world designed for Thine honor, O then graciously and mercifully forgive me and grant me this favor that this work may never be injurious but may conduce to Thy glory and the good of souls

The other occurrence was at the dedication of the Anderson School on Penikese Island when Agassiz himself proposed prayer and with bowed and bared heads that brilliant assembly of learned and scientific men besought the blessing of Almighty God upon the school its munificent founder its teachers and its lessons

Such appropriate scenes of religious devotion and such acknowledgments of God in nature strengthen the hope that science will speedily become what she ever should be the handmaid of true religion and both the agent and the treasurer of material civilization

BALLS AND PARTIES.

Ankeny s Hall was a blaze of glory last evening on the occasion of the grand ball given by Willamette No 1 The immense hall was elaborately decorated with all that was bright and beautiful, which could gratify the taste and please the eye, The attendance was quite large, and the gay participants were among the most respectable ladies and gentlemen of the city It is not often our lot to witness a more splendidly decorated hall, Good taste was evinced in the arrangement of all the accessories There was a profuse exhibition of evergreens boughs flags streamers pictures and all the familiar emblems so well known among firemen, but in all this display there was no evidence of confusion nor nothing which failed to please the eye, Neatness order and good judgment was everywhere apparent Along the walls flags and evergreens were looped in graceful folds, relieved at intervals with pictures and festoons Firemen s hats trumpets and the lantern attached to engines and sections of hose were [illegible] about the hall relieving the bareness of the wall and imparting a picturesque appearance to the whole interior of the building Above the musicians stand was a large [illegible] richly decorated with evergreens, and bearing the words Willamette Engine Co No 1—Able and Willing But by far the most handsome feature of the decorations was the superb hose carriage of the company which occupied a central position in the large hall Every part [illegible] piece of metal was burnished to a bright [illegible] and the carriage fairly sparkled under the flash of a hundred gas jets like as if studded with diamonds The company had at considerable expense engaged a large number of excellent musicians and the music furnished on the occasion was superior to any we have heard for some time The whole affair was conducted in the most decorous style and passed off to the satisfaction of all present Supper commenced at 11 [illegible] and continued until nearly 2 o clock Dancing [illegible] [illegible] late hour this morning

MANUFACTURING

[illegible] Oregon s greatest want is manufacturing establishment True we have several [illegible] places at different points in this State in full operation and in a prosperous condition, but [illegible] needed to give employment to skilled workmen and at the same time keep the money spent away at home

Our attention has been called to a branch of business which if properly encouraged will not only give employment to a number of skilled workmen who will make [illegible] but enable the gentleman who conducts the business to extend the money he now sends away in our own community The [illegible] J C Meusdorffer on Front street near Morrison He manufactures to order [illegible] [illegible] We have seen the work and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Mr Meusdorffer [illegible] [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS

[illegible]

UNITED STATES VS. NICK O'NEIL

SECOND DAY S PROCEEDINGS

Mr Thompson of counsel for the United States offered in evidence the record of proceedings of the County Court for Multnomah county dated April [illegible] 1872, which contained an order of the said County Court establishing the precinct of North Portland

Counsel for defense objected to the introduction of the record for the reason that it did not appear therefrom that the County Court had made any estimate of the number of voters in the precinct in order to ascertain whether or not said precinct contained the number of legal voters required by law

The objection was overruled by the Court

M[illegible] Sells was called and sworn He had heard the record of the County Court read was a judge of election in North Portland precinct on the 13th day of October 1873 The place of voting was within the boundaries established by the record of the County Court Witness produced the poll book of North Portland precinct for the election of Nov [illegible] 187[illegible]

Counsel for the United States read from the poll book the oaths of judges and oaths of clerks of election

J W Keller was called He was not present

Michael Sheehan sworn Knows the defendant Nicholas O Neil saw him on the 13th day of October 1873 Defendant was at the polls in North Portland precinct on that day at about [illegible] o clock P M saw him at several other places on the same day Defendant was at the polls in North Portland precinct between 3 and 4 o clock on the afternoon of October 13th

On cross-examination witness stated that he had seen Morris Ollar once or twice before that day Saw him in the Police Court on one occasion

Here the prosecution rested

JOHN W HOLMAN

Was defendant s first witness Being sworn he testified

I reside in the city of Portland am a drayman and drive a truck have been in that business seven or eight years I am acquainted with the draymen in this city there is no other John Holman in the business that I know of On election day I was at the polls in North Portland precinct about 4 o clock I and my brother went there together on the dray and voted We did not stay more than five minutes and went away and I was not there at any other time on that day I went from there to Wa[illegible] s store to get my coat as it was cold I am not acquainted with Morris Ollar

Ollar was then called on to stand up and witness said he did not remember ever to have seen him before, and that he did not recollect of seeing defendant at all on election day that he had two brothers Robert and Edward Holman who were also in the draying business and that his brother Edward was with him at the polls in North Portland precinct on election day

ROBERT HOLMAN,

Brother of the last witness being called and sworn said I am a drayman, and have been in the business nine or ten years I am acquainted with defendant I was not at the polls in North Portland precinct on election day as near as I can recollect John and Edward Holman are brothers of mine

EDWARD HOLMAN

When sworn in answer to interrogatories said I am a drayman have been in that business four or five years I was at the polls in North Portland precinct on the last election day about 4 or 5 o clock in the afternoon, and stand there four or five minutes I am intimately acquainted with defendant I never met Morris Ollar that I know of I am not acquainted with him There are no other men in the draying business in the city by the name of Holman except me and my brothers Robert and John Holman, nor has there been since I have been here and that has been about ten year

HILARY LASON

Was called and sworn and in answer to questions testified I reside in East Portland where I have lived for ten years I am acquainted with Morris Ollar On election day I was in East Portland where I was one of the judges of election I saw Morris Ollar on that day at 3 o clock, as near as I can fix the time He was intoxicated as I thought from his appearance He looked like a drunken man I should say he was drunk He came up to the place where the votes were received and leaned on a board which was nailed across the door went on with a lot of talk and recited a lot of poetry and I should have ordered him away had there been any one standing around wanting to vote This was at the central ward in East Portland, about a quarter of a mile from the ferry landing on the other side

Being cross-examined the witness said I was judge of election Ollar was in front of where I was sitting The other judges were David Raffety and Mr Saunders The poll books were left with David Raffety I was four or five feet from Ollar did not see him drunk any that day don t know who came with him or when he went away, or who went away with him I feel considerably interested in this case I was asked to come to this trial I was not subpœnaed

ISAAC SAUNDERS

Another of the judges of election in East Portland testified that he knew the witness Morris Ollar, and saw him about 3 o clock on the afternoon of election day and thought he was intoxicated At the time referred to Ollar was standing leaning on the board nailed across the door of the voting place That there were two young men Bruce and Johnson with him and that he remained there about 15 or 20 minutes That was the only time witness saw Ollar on that day nor did he see Bruce and Johnson there after Ollar left

On cross examination witness stated that Ollar came up to the voting place twice at least and remained four or five minutes Witness said he was not subpenaed to attend the trial but had been requested to come by Mr Moreland (defendant s counsel) that he had talked with Mr Cason but did not know that the conversation was had with any object

JOHN [illegible]

A merchant of this city testified that he was acquainted with defendant and that he saw defendant in witness store and on the side walk in front not less than five times on election day the store being about six blocks from the voting place in North Portland precinct Defendant and witness were not related Witness could not state what time defendant was in his store, or how often but talked with him fifty or six times in the forenoon and afternoon both Had known defendant three or four years and that his reputation in the community was good that defendant is a [illegible] hard working man

On cross examination witness stated that he had never heard defendant s [illegible] honesty discussed and that he had never heard him charged with dishonesty

[illegible] WILEY AND [illegible]

Both testified that they had known defendant [illegible] several years and that his reputation [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Mr Briggs to come down, that I was wanted down there, I was interested in the election I wanted to see my man elected I wanted to see Hiram Smith elected the Captain of the Precinct told me to come down that he wanted me to come down there The Captain was Mr Briggs a Custom House officer I heard some of the boys say he was Captain I don t know whether I belonged to his company or not he told me to come down there and I went that was all I know about it I was not employed by any one I wanted to see my man elected

A C GIBBS

Was called as a witness and being sworn was examined by Mr Caples of defendant s counsel

Question—What is your position

Answer—My position is rather an anomalous one and I hardly know how to define

Mr Caples—You are disposed to be evasive Are you District Attorney and were you at the time the last Grand Jury in this District was in session

Mr Gibbs—I was and am acting District Attorney at present though I suppose I am not District Attorney

Q Have you the minutes of the testimony given before that Grand Jury by Morris Ollar when he was a witness before it and will you produce them

The question was objected to by Mr Thompson of counsel for the United States and the objection after argument was sustained by the Court

PATRICK MARTIN

Testified that he was acquainted with defendant that witness was at the voting place at the Engine House on election day between 4 and 5 o clock and that defendant was there for the space of half an hour about that time within the knowledge of the witness

AN ABSENT WITNESS

Wm Grooms one of the Grand Jury men had been sent for but not appearing, counsel for defendant stated that they proposed to ask him the following question Did or did not the witness Morris Ollar testify before the last Grand Jury when he was a witness before that body, that defendant had offered him money on that day on the ferryboat The counsel for the prosecution objected to the question as immaterial and only collateral to the issue After argument by counsel pro and con the Court decided that the question was improper

The Court here took a recess until 1 [illegible] P M

AFTERNOON SESSION

The Court met pursuant to adjournment

District Attorney Gibbs who stated when court adjourned at noon that he desired to introduce some rebutting witnesses concluded not to do so, and both the prosecution and defense rested their case

Mr H. Y. Thompson, who was assisting Mr Gibbs in the prosecution opened the case He spoke only for a few minutes and was followed by Mr Moreland for the defense

Mr J F Caples next concluded the argument for the defense in a speech of over an hour in length in which he reviewed the testimony in detail

The closing argument in the case was made by District Attorney Gibbs

The Court then delivered the charge to the jury and the case was submitted to them for deliberation and verdict

A few minutes past 4:30 o clock the jury retired

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY

After a short deliberation the jury returned a verdict of not guilty The defendant was at once released from custody and his bail exonerated

OUR HOLIDAY ADVERTISERS.

To those in search of holiday goods we respectfully refer them to the numerous advertisers who are offering a full line of goods at prices calculated to suit all classes They need no further mention By all means consult their announcements and be sure to call

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Gray s Music Store—Odd Fellows Building

BOOTS AND SHOES

John Brady—[illegible] Washington street

HATS AND CAPS

J C Meusdorffer—Front street north of Morrison

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS

B Hamburger—Salmon and First street

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

T. Dittenhoefer—[illegible] Front street.

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE

B L Stone—103 Front street

I C Henrichsen & Co—107 First street

W Friedlander—103 First street

Brigham & Beardsley—Odd Fellows Temple

FURS

Rummel[illegible] & Guttman—56 First street

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Beck & Waldman—Washington and Front

Co[illegible] & Lindbaum—Morrison street

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J K Gill & Co—[illegible] First street

S J McCormick—First street near Alder

Harris & Blum—Odd Fellows Building

SEWING MACHINES

W F Hume—Third near Alder

G W Traver—Corner Third and Morrison street

W T Shanahan—Cor Front and Morrison streets St Charles Building

Geo A Pease—First and Morrison streets

Opposition Store—Theater Building

Friedman & Hupprich—[illegible] First street

CARPETS

Paul Lichter—103 First street

Walter Bros—Opposite National Bank

[illegible] Lowenstein & Co—[illegible] Front Street

STOVES ETC

Dittenhoefer & Lowenberg—O S N Co block

CONFECTIONARIES OYSTERS ETC

M H Shepard—City Market

Mussy & Heacle—107 First street

Schnicer Bros—First near Stark

G C Rider—First near Taylor

The Gem—First and Stark streets

Keith s—Opposite National Bank

Dyer—Yamhill near First

Delmonico s—First between Stark and Oak

Adam Zorn—125 First street

FURNITURE ETC

Hurgren & Shindler—Front and Alder

B[illegible] & P[illegible]—First near Salmon

D D Bruns—Washington street near [illegible]

DRUGS AND PERFUMERY

Wm Pfunder—First and Oak streets

Hodge Calef & Co—[illegible] Front street

BAKERIES

[illegible] Yamhill [illegible]

[illegible] Clinton [illegible]—City Market

SADDLERY AND HARNESS

[illegible] Hodge—[illegible] Front street

Welch & Morgan—Front near Yamhill

A[illegible] City.—[illegible] Degree Lodge No [illegible] located at Oregon City [illegible] At the election [illegible] the [illegible] officers chosen were [illegible] Mrs Louisa Apperson [illegible] Mrs Mary Charman [illegible] Mrs Hatt[illegible] Mrs Sarah Pape [illegible]

[illegible]

The Medical Wonder

[illegible]

[illegible] & Waldman [illegible]

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—[illegible] Communication on the second [illegible] Monday evening of each month By order of the W M

[illegible]

Made kindly and kissed of [illegible]
In earnest [illegible] glittering [illegible]
[illegible] on the [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] the earth [illegible]
[illegible]
From [illegible] the world [illegible]
O [illegible] Enchantress [illegible]

The lark shall [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] through the tower [illegible]
[illegible]
A [illegible] in the [illegible]
[illegible] in the hall [illegible] bosom [illegible]
And [illegible] gloves [illegible] nook
[illegible] Enchant [illegible]
—[illegible]

PLAYING SANTA CLAUS.

"What a humdrum life we are living, Lizzie! Can't we get up some excitement or other? I am tired of these balls and parties, and I know you are, for you don't seem to take any pleasure in them. Two years ago, just before I went abroad, you know everything seemed so different."

"You ought to get married, Wilfred. I am sure if you only had a nice little wife, you would enjoy going into society. But a sister is of on a dull companion, and especially after she gets to be a little *passée*. Don't you think so?"

"No, I don't think any such thing," he said, bending over her and tenderly kissing her brow. "But why do you try to pass off such a libel on yourself as to hold that you are a little *passée*? Twenty-two! What an aged spinster you are, to be sure. If American girls are to have such fancies, we shall have to dispense with that class known as girls, and entertain ourselves with children and married women, for girls will become an obsolete word. As for a nice little wife, I have quite a sufficient knowledge of my frivolous young lady acquaintances. You are my first and best love, little sister, and until some one steals you from your big brother, he will remain heart-whole."

Wilfred Howard was intently regarding the pretty sprays of flowers, that in his new slippers, grew into such beauty under his sister's skilful fingers, or he would have noticed that her cheek paled at his concluding remark. After a moment she asked:

"Well, what kind of an excitement would you like?"

"I hardly know. I don't care to go to Mrs Sands' Christmas party, and I heard you tell Aunt Ruth that you should refuse the invitation."

"Who is taking my name in vain?" asked a pleasant faced, middle-aged lady, entering the room at that moment.

"Always the old adage, about a certain warm dominioned individual being present when spoken of," answered Wilfred laughing. "But, nevertheless, you are a welcome personage, as you always are, aunt Ruth. Here, come and sit on the sofa with Lizzie and me, so that we can have all of our little family together. Now, aunt Ruth, give us a little of your sage advice."

"Thursday will be Christmas, you know, and I want a good time. Can't we get up something different? Lizzie and I feel tired of parties, tired of costly presents that we have not the slightest need of. Let us have something out of the general rule. I wish I were a child again. I would give half my possessions to feel as happy as I did when, in my full faith in Santa Claus, wishing to know what treasures my stocking contained, I restlessly lay on my little nursery bed, and waited for the dawn of morning."

Aunt Ruth looked grave. At last she remarked:

"Wilfred, you are rich in every blessing. As you say we have no need of an exchange of costly presents; we are all three of us, amply supplied with everything that fancy could dictate. How would you like to take the money we have usually spent in presents, and expend it on those who lack the common necessaries of life?"

"What, play Santa Claus?"

"Yes, if you like to term it so."

"But, how are we to know the worthy from the unworthy?"

"Let me tell you. I have a visiting district in one of the low sections of our city. Several of the ladies in our church have established a mission there, I will direct you to the place, but I do not wish you to add your efforts to ours, for I am persuaded that adjoining this district is another more worthy of your charity. It consists of an honest, struggling, working class, who can barely earn enough for the poorest of the necessities of life. The money you and Lizzie have usually expended on each other would give many a one a merry Christmas there."

"But how are we to know their wants?"

"You and Lizzie could disguise yourselves as poor, aged people. You could easily gain admittance, for they are too poor to have any fear of robbers, and therefore would not deny you a moment's resting-place."

"By Jove! let's do it, Lizzie! Who knows but that we may meet our future fate in one of those humble abodes."

"Just as you say, Wilfred, I should have no fears if you were with me. And perhaps some golden haired fairy may be living there in obscurity. Anything for a change in this uneventful, artificial life."

"Well! then, as to-day is Monday this afternoon, if it will be your pleasure, Aunt Ruth, you may point out this locality to me and to-morrow, my pretty sister, you shall be metamorphosed. 'A grave and poverty chilled matron thou shalt be.' Hurrah for the golden haired fairy! my Cinderella shop girl!" he exclaimed gaily.

It was arranged that Aunt Ruth was to take them in her carriage to the Mission House, and from thence they were to emerge equipped for their singular adventure.

In an humble apartment, in a long row of tenements, a young girl sat busy with a piece of elaborate embroidery. For a moment every now and then, she would press her hand over her eyes and then resume her work with redoubled efforts. Her mother was occupied in turning and mending a faded dress, but her eyes wandered to her daughter anxiously. She seemed about to make some remark when there came a low tap at the door. She opened it to admit an aged man and woman. The old lady trembled visibly and leaned heavily on the man's arm.

The air [illegible] for none could fail to see that Mrs Clayton was a lady, hastily placed chairs for them, and said kindly: "Will you rest, my good man? Your wife seems very tired."

"If you please, but do not let us detain you in any way, we are too tired to trouble you with conversation. We are trying to find a friend. As soon as we have rested a few moments we will resume our journey."

Mrs Clayton's guests seemed entirely oblivious to her, and after regarding them for a moment she again turned her attention to her daughter. Drawing near to her child she said in a low tone:

"Alice, can't you lay aside that work for a little while?"

"No, mother. It must be done for Christmas. I have promised it, and I suppose if I were blind I should be obliged to finish it for Mrs. Pettengill. She is not a lady to feel for the wants of others. If I could only sleep better at night my eyes would become stronger, but I feel so worried all of the time about the future. The pay for this will furnish me with next month's rent, but there are [illegible] household expenses besides [illegible] the coal bought by the pail runs up enormously. If I could only get enough [illegible] ahead [illegible]"

Mrs. C[illegible] sighed [illegible] still low [illegible]

[illegible] misery [illegible] destitute ones [illegible]

[illegible] selfish mother [illegible] kindness [illegible]

And throwing [illegible] the curls that [illegible] she asked:

"Can we do nothing for you, my good people? We have little worth offering, but that little shall be shared with you."

The old lady shook her head and bent lower over her staff, but the man, raising his brows slightly, answered while he gave her a quick penetrating glance:

"Many, very many thanks my dear miss. We were very tired and came here to rest, but we feel better now and will resume our journey. Good afternoon, my good madam [illegible] afternoon kind miss!"

And [illegible] withdrew while the old lady, with a mechanical bend of the head, followed after.

"What a deep, rich, manly voice!" exclaimed Mrs. Clayton. "It seemed to me as if he was trying to disguise some of its beauty."

"And did you see what a bright, handsome eye he had, mother? It looked as if it belonged to a man of thirty, and then he was such a gentleman. The old lady was for some cause under a marked restraint."

"Well, it is very strange, my child, and if we were not all so very poor in this section I should think that their visit boded no good, but I know they have visited several tenements, and I noticed they selected the most cleanly, yet those looking the most destitute."

"Well, he may have a youthful eye, and be possessed of gentlemanly bearing, if he is an aged pauper; but a person with such an eye could never do anything evil. Cruel romances are being revealed to us every day in these out of the way districts. Who would think, to see us now, dear mother, that you had once been a belle in Fifty avenue society?"

"Who, indeed?" answered her mother thoughtfully; "but the fairest sunlight is often eclipsed by the deepest shade."

"Well, a truce to any more brooding today, mother. Somehow, I feel very much happier."

"I presume it is because you have met others more destitute than yourself, Alice."

"Perhaps," she said. But if she could have confessed the source of her joy, there was something in that glance of manly truth and encouragement that had awakened the feeling.

"Well, Wilfred, what do you think of our adventure?" Lizzie asked, as they were once more seated in their carriage. "I must say, for one, that I would not care to try the thing again, though we have found out so much real merit by pursuing the course that we did."

"It was a capital idea in Aunt Ruth, and I would like to be present in those poor homes to-morrow when they receive the very things they have wished for to-day; but I think I will leave it to the imagination, for I fancy one of the careful guards of the law eyed us suspiciously when we passed him."

"Well, what of the golden haired fairy?" she asked, with a smile. "Did you find her in Miss Clayton?"

"That was a stroke of fortune. It was well their voluble neighbor had listened at the key-hole, for if she had not I am sure she would never have known their past fortune so well. If you remember, that woman—Mrs Freetongue—described our Mrs Pettengill, when she spoke of the wealthy woman who made Miss Clayton 'work for nothing, c'enmost,' as she said."

"That means that you will learn more of her?"

"Well, wouldn't you like to know more of her? Think of what a musical voice, such a refined, beautiful face, such a delicate hand and foot, and——"

"And in everything so perfect," interrupted his sister. "Or, as Willis has it:

She was like
A dream of poetry that may not be
Written or told—exceeding beautiful.

Oh! my big brother, where is your sworn fealty to poor me? Are there any visions, fleeting visions I mean, of a nice little wife, now?"

"You are absurd, Lizzie, and deserve to have your ears boxed. But here we are at home; do you wish to go any further?"

"Not I, I am tired out, I assure you."

"Pshaw! I shall make a half dozen calls yet, perhaps."

"You mean you will make one call and that will be on Mrs Pettengill," she added gaily as she ran up the steps.

The hours of the bright Christmas Day had come and gone. Few would have guessed as they glanced at the pensive faces of Wilfred and Lizzie Howard, that so many were blessing them, the unknown bounteous ones, who had brought such gladness to so many aching hearts. Their rich repast was over, and they were sitting with Aunt Ruth in the family parlor. The good lady sighed as she attentively regarded her young relatives. How rich they were in intelligence, morality, beauty, benevolence, and all that affluence could bestow, and yet they were not happy. How moodily each gazed into the fire.

"Poor Lizzie!" she mentally exclaimed. "I have read your well guarded secret, and know all the sad story of your hasty spoken word. How little you dream that I am his confidante, though not yours. But your bitter hours are almost over, darling. What a noble boyish man Wilfred is, but there is a new cloud on his brow of late. I must know its meaning, for he never has any secrets from Aunt Ruth."

Wilfred looked up at last, and pulling one of his sister's curls, said wearily:

"A truce to day dreams, Lizzie! Won't you do something to entertain me? I feel woefully blue, somehow. I'm tired of everything up-town and down-town, in doors and out; can't you help a fellow kill time a little while?"

"Shall I sing for you, brother?"

"Yes, but come back to earth, if you please. You are so changed since I came home from abroad, Lizzie, that I hardly know you. It is no fun to be home now you seem so sad, or rather preoccupied, always."

"Do I?" she asked, while the color deepened in her cheeks. "I might say the same of you."

"Here, not any of those things," he remarked, as, turning to the piano, she commenced to select something from the scattered music.

"Sing me one of your own compositions. I like your little songs, you know."

Thoughtfully, one fair hand rested for a moment on her pure brow, while the other swept the keys once or twice dreamily. Then, after playing a touching little prelude, she sang:

Let Christmas chimes [illegible] sweet [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] to me
My thoughts [illegible] the broad blue sea.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

There were tears on the long lashes, and [illegible] low, thrilling melody. At the last two lines she swept the keys with a force that too well expressed an outburst of a well-pent, long concealed agony. One rush of deep, bitter feeling, and hand, voice and eye had told the truth too well. Burying her face in her hands she wept aloud.

She felt a kiss on her hair—tender, even to reverence—and her slow voice breathed in a husky tone:

"Lizzie!"

"Don't mind me, dear Wilfred," she said brokenly, after a moment. "I am foolish to-night."

"Not so foolish as I was one year ago to-night," came the low, sad reply.

Lizzie Howard started from her seat, and glancing eagerly around, while she dashed away the blinding tears, exclaimed:

"Wilfred! Aunt Ruth! They are gone! Is this a dream?"

"No dream, Lizzie darling [illegible]"

"Claude Graham—dear Claude! have you come back to me?"

"Yes, dear girl, and [illegible] going away again [illegible] permit me to [illegible]"

She placed her hand in his, and said dreamily:

"Am I awake? It is all so strange. I [illegible] for years."

"I was [illegible] weeks ago [illegible] must [illegible] your Aunt Ruth and I have [illegible]. She planned my return, saying that she [illegible] pleasant surprise—a Christmas surprise, you know."

"Oh! I wish everybody had an Aunt Ruth!" she answered, laughing.

"Well, to [illegible] on, Lizzie."

"I think I will let you share it if you will promise never to get jealous again."

"It's a bargain, dear, and we'll never [illegible] again as long as we live."

Wilfred Howard walked his room impatiently. "What is he exclaimed?

"What a ninny I am! How Aunt Ruth and Lizzie will laugh at me! But of all the girls [illegible] glance from the [illegible] brown eyes [illegible]"

Lizzie Howard was alone again at last and just seated herself to think over her new found happiness, when her brother unceremoniously entered the room.

"So the trouble is over and my little puss is herself again. If you had confided in me, I would have had him back long ago. I wonder if any one will ever send me on a wild goose chase to Europe?"

"Perhaps Alice Clayton will."

"I'll go to the North Pole instead. I say, Lizzie, I—I know you will laugh at me, but can't you contrive a meeting between that young lady and your humble servant? Come, set your woman's wit in play, that's a dear girl. I have thought of asking her to embroider me a dressing gown, but I won't tax her eyes. How—how can I contrive a way to meet her?"

"I don't know."

"Hang it! I wish I had thrown off that infernal disguise, and informed her that she could do something for me by giving me herself."

"But how do you know that she is worthy, Wilfred?"

"I have learned all about her. Her family is as old or older than our own. After her honored father's death, she made him more honored still by honestly supporting herself and mother by her own efforts. A woman who can so honor her parents, will honor her husband."

"Well, Wilfred, you are already thirty-two, quite old enough to know your own business, but if you want any help in the enterprise, go to Aunt Ruth. She is the best physician in such matters that I am acquainted with, and besides, I have a little secret for you. I have learned that Mrs Clayton and our good relative were friends in their girlhood days."

"Oh, we like our new lodgings very much, Mr. Howard, and we owe everything to you. No one else would have ever taken the trouble to find out that poor papa had anything coming to him in the way of debts. Just think, our solicitor told mother that her husband died insolvent, but I suppose he thought his time demanded more than he could get by ferreting out such debts."

Wilfred Howard looked confused, but he had no idea of letting her know the tenor of his thoughts, which was, "He would have a starving stipend if he did not demand a better remuneration, but she must say nothing to that dignitary, or she may find out that the money was furnished from my purse." After a moment he remarked:

"Miss Alice, I think you had better say nothing to Mr. Canfield about it. He undoubtedly did as well as he could for our interests."

"Well, perhaps he did, but, Mr Howard, will you promise me one thing?"

"I will promise you anything, if you will promise me one thing in return. Is it not that fair?"

"Certainly. Now, tell me, do you know anything about a certain old man who visited a certain set of tenements, and afterward all the blessings that we could ask seemed to follow on his footsteps? I questioned your aunt, and she referred me to you. I can only say, in description of the individual, that he had a voice and eye not at all unlike Mr. Wilfred Howard's."

"Yes, dear girl, that old man was Wilfred Howard. He attempted to play Santa Claus, but he found it a dangerous game for his hitherto skeptical heart. Do not think I wish to take advantage of any little favor I have done for you, but putting that in the background, answer me as you would if your honored father had lived and prospered. Do you think you could love me well enough to become my wife?"

There is no need of writing Miss Clayton's reply, or all the tender exchanges that followed, for she had no desire to send the noble pleader on a foreign expedition. It became a "nine days' wonder" in the fashionable world, when it was rumored that the handsome, wealthy bachelor was engaged, whom the fair one could be, but the question was answered at length, for when the June buds were bursting into new life and beauty, there was a double wedding in the Howard mansion, for Alice Clayton gave her hand to Wilfred Howard at the same time that Claude Graham received that of the fair Lizzie Howard.

Years have passed away since then, but in two happy households not a Christmas comes and goes without a kindly remembrance for the poor. The story of winning a wife by playing Santa Claus is often repeated, but dear old Aunt Ruth, a handsome woman with snowy curls, has been known to remark, "that though the first act in the drama was worthy of attempt, the last act might not always have so successful a finale."

INHABITANTS OF THE MOON—CURIOUS, IF TRUE.—The most powerful telescopes present the moon so far off that only the larger objects can be seen. But a photograph here gives us some assistance. Such a picture presents all the minutest details, and these can be magnified by a powerful microscope. The latter may magnify many millions of times. Now, placing a minute section of such a moon photograph under such a microscope there appears no obstacle to our penetrating the mysteries of the moon, even down to the smallest rabbit that may inhabit it, were it not for the unfortunate fact that the smoothest surface known to [illegible] becomes so rough under the microscope as to obliterate all photographic impressions there may be on it. Nature must supply, or art be able to furnish, some surface that will remain smooth under the microscope, and that material is the object now to be found. A French scientist thinks he has obtained it in the silk-like floss of the common milk weed reduced by a chemical solvent to a pulp and then manufactured into paper. It has answered so far every purpose, and a first copy taken by the camera affords undeniable proof that the moon is inhabited by a queer race that need neither air nor water to preserve life. But owing to the fact that the photograph was taken when the moon was full, all the inhabitants present an appearance like that of [illegible] on the [illegible] so that [illegible] can be seen [illegible] the crowns of their heads.

[illegible]

GRAINS OF GOLD.

We may commit to memory without committing to heart.

Blessedness is a whole eternity older than damnation.—[Jean Paul.

The greatest advantage that we gain from history is the enthusiasm that it begets.

There is nothing terrible in death but that our life has made it so.—Matthew Henry.

A heart is everything of a woman in the sex [illegible]

[illegible] disappointment like [illegible]

Silence [illegible] and the straight [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] wise [illegible]

Nature always wears the colors of the spirit [illegible] the hero of his own fire [illegible]—[Emerson.

How can a man learn to know himself? By observation never, but by action. Endeavor to do thy duty and thou shalt know what is within thee.—Goethe.

Sorrow for sin is not repentance. Repentance is a great volume of duty, and [illegible] the [illegible] page [illegible]—[Taylor.

[illegible] and humor [illegible] children [illegible] They spring [illegible] and the [illegible] pathos is [illegible], and the best humor suggests something deeper than itself.

Sorrow is a kind of rust of the soul which every new idea contributes in its passage to scour away. It is the putrefaction of stagnant life, and is remedied by exercise and motion.—[Johnson.

It is a man's own dishonesty, said Cicero, his crimes, his wickedness, his audacity, that takes away from him soundness of mind. These are the furies, these the fire brands and flames of the wicked.

Beware how you regard as trifling, faults which appear of but little consequence. You weigh them, and think them nothing, but count them, and you would be frightened at their number.—[St. Augustine.

Bring your cases to God by praying in the morning, spread them before Him and then make it to appear all the day in the composure and cheerfulness of your spirit, that you left them with Him.—[Henry.

The league between virtue and nature engages all things to assume a hostile front to vice. Commit a crime, and it seems as if a coat of snow fell on the ground, such as reveals in the woods the track of every partridge and fox and squirrel and mole.—[Emerson.

God hath not taken all that pains in forming and framing, and furnishing and adorning this world, that they who were made by Him to live in it should despise it; it will be enough if they do not love it so immoderately as to prefer it before Him who made it.—[Clarendon.

Little good comes by disputing. Pride is generally at the bottom of it, and not charity or the love of truth. If it is so long managed with decency and candor enough to produce any good effect. Let fall a word in season, and wait in patience till the rain drops out from heaven.—[Adams.

Let no man upon a weak conceit of sobriety, or an ill-applied moderation think or maintain that a man can search too far, or be too well studied in the book of God's Word or in the book of God's works—divinity or philosophy; but rather let men endeavor an endless progress or proficiency in both.—[Lord Bacon.

Be satisfied if you sometimes arrive in your meditations at that glow of elevated enjoyment which you desire. Seek rather in general for a calm and composed state of the affections, and equanimity of spirit, a serenity of temper, not always excited to ecstasy by the thought of your Heavenly Father's goodness, but living beneath it in a state of equal and affectionate trust.—[Henry Dare.

I look not back after my childhood, but forward. I feel it as something to reach, not leave. O young people, those hoary and wrinkled ones, your elders, smile at your esteeming them so old! There is, as the heathen fabled, an elixir of life—a fountain of immortal youth. Every prejudice you throw off renews your age, till you are more a child in your Father's house "of many mansions" than you were in your spring time, or college days. Every conquest of passion is rejuvenation.—[Dr. Bartol.

PARALLEL STORIES.—"Supposing you were in an invested town threatened with starvation, how would you supply yourself with provisions?" asked the examiners at Brienne of a young student. "From the enemy," was the prompt reply. The embryo Emperor was thought to have said a good thing, but the happy hit might have been due to ready recollection rather than ready wit, for it is upon record that one of Suvoroff's sergeants was promoted by giving exactly the same answer to the same question propounded by his rough chief. Paul I of Russia, no doubt, believed he was acting very originally when, disgusted with the bad riding of an officer at review, he commanded the maladroit man to resign his commission and retire to his estate, and being told he had no estate to retire to, replied, "Give him one, then." The eccentric Czar would have been surprised to learn that his novel mode of enforcing sentence had been anticipated by a player. Yet so it was. The hero of the Dunciad intrusted with the delivery of a stage message, acquitted himself so awkwardly that he marred one of Betterton's best scenes. As soon as he passed the wings the irate actor ordered the prompter to "forfeit" Master Colley. "It can't be done," said that useful official, "he has no salary." "No salary!" echoed Betterton, "put him down for ten shillings a week and forfeit him five."—*Chambers's Journal.*

BURNING VS. BURIAL.—An eccentric will wherein the testator requested that his body might be consumed in a gas retort, and thus made to contribute to the enlightenment instead of the poisoning of the world, has revived the long forgotten subject of cremation. Without doubt Mr. Trelawney's hideously graphic description of the burning of the body of Shelley has greatly contributed to prejudice the public mind against the cleanest and best method of getting rid of the mortal [illegible]. But the ceremony at Spezzia was conducted in the most bungling fashion, and a want of scientific appliances contributed to the incompleteness and therefore, [illegible] of [illegible] operation. A recent gets rid of [illegible] both [illegible] a [illegible] point of view, the man [illegible] with cinerary urn, possesses immense advantages over the damp [illegible] graves and exhaling pestiferous [illegible] to which [illegible]—[illegible]

A young woman of a very [illegible] was hurt in a railway accident and taken to the hospital, when the [illegible] what was the matter with her. One of her limbs, she said, was injured. "Will be [illegible]" [illegible]

[illegible] she answered [illegible]

When Mr. W[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Miss Wal[illegible] [illegible] forever [illegible] when she pleasantly [illegible] talk [illegible] with [illegible] Mr. Wa[illegible] forever.

[illegible] among [illegible] the [illegible] story of Ananias and Sapphira [illegible] them why [illegible] strike everybody dead that told a lie, when one of the least in the room promptly answered, "Because there wouldn't be anybody left."

NUMBER SEVEN IN THE BIBLE.

On the seventh day God ended his work.
On the seventh month Noah's ark touched the ground.
In seven days a dove was sent.
Abraham pleaded seven times for Sodom.
[illegible] seven times [illegible] Joseph.
Jacob served seven years for Rachel.
And yet another seven years more.
Jacob was pursued a seven days' journey by Laban.
A plenty of seven years and a famine of [illegible] were [illegible] in Pharaoh's [illegible] seven [illegible]
[illegible] seven [illegible]
[illegible] corn.
On the seventh day of the seventh month [illegible] Israel fasted seven days and remained seven days [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] seventh [illegible] was read to the people.
[illegible] seven [illegible] seven days [illegible] the seventh day they surrounded the walls seven times, and at the end of the seventh round the walls fell.
Solomon was seven years building the temple, and fasted seven days at its dedication.
In the tabernacle were seven lamps.
The golden candlestick had seven branches.
Naaman washed seven times in the river Jordan.
[illegible] with him seven [illegible] and [illegible] seven [illegible]
Our Saviour [illegible] seven [illegible]
[illegible] hung seven [illegible] and [illegible]
In the revelations we read of seven churches, seven candlesticks, seven trumpets, seven plagues, seven thunders, seven vials, seven angels, and a seven headed monster.

The Old Kentucky School-house and School-master.

[Louisville Courier Journal.]

Every boy who has read Flint's "Life of Daniel Boone" remembers the log school house in which the famous hunter of Kentucky, under the instruction of a whisky-loving Hibernian, pursued his studies in "the three R's—readin, 'ritin, and 'rithmetic," for the few weeks which embraced the entire period of Daniel's literary career. The clapboard roof, held down by weight-poles, the puncheon floor, the window made by sawing out a portion of a log in the wall, and covering the opening with white paper, which let in "a dim" but not "religious light," and the huge fire-place, into which the "back log" in winter, was gradually "snaked" is at fixed away, the high benches, made of slabs perched on long wooden pins at a wonderful elevation from the floor, the auger holes in log walls, into which the little culprits were required to stand for an hour or so with their fingers inserted, when they were not doomed to the ignominy of putting on a sun bonnet and sitting with the girls, were, in those days of bear hunts and Indian war fare, the principal portion of the school house furniture. The profession of a "school master," as the teacher was styled, was at rare intervals followed by men of strong mind and culture, like Dr. Marshall and a few others, but was generally followed in the backwoods by elements by drinking tramps of the Bohemian order, [illegible] whose Saturday night sprees were not thought to be inconsistent with their position, or else by such eccentric specimens as Washington Irving's Ichabod Crane. While some of the old time school masters were worthy men, and some of the "old field" school houses sent out men who in after life became eminent as scholars and professional men, the room for improvement was great, and the most ardent admirer of the good old times will readily admit that a great change for the better has taken place in public schools.

An Anxious Mother.

"Pharaoh, come to your mudder, boy; wha' you bin?"

"Playin' wid de white folks's chillun."

"Yours, eh? See hyar, chile, you broke your ole mudder's heart, and brung her gray hairs in sorrow to de grave wid yer recklumness and carryings on wid ebil assosyashuns. Habn't I raised you up in de way you should ought to go?"

"Yessum."

"Habn't I reezoned wid you, and prayed wid you, and deplored de good Lord to wrap you in his buzzum?"

"Yessum."

"An' isn't I yer nateral detector and gardeen fo' de law?"

"Yessum."

"Well, den, do you 'spose I so gwine to hab yer morals ruptured by de white trash? No sah! You git in de house dis instep an' if I eber cotch you 'mungst dat wid dat white trash any mo', I—Is Lord n—gger, I'll brake yer black head wid a brick!"

"Yessum."

[illegible]

THE TRUTH AT LAST.—An amusing incident of childish humor used to be narrated by a Mr. Campbell, of Fort, the subject of it being his own son. It seems the boy was much spoiled by indulgence, in fact the parents were scarcely able to refuse him anything he demanded. He was in the drawing room on one occasion when dinner was announced, and on being ordered up stairs to the nursery he insisted on going down to dinner with the company. His mother at first refused, but the child persevered and kept crying, "If you don't let me I'll tell you." His father, then, for the sake of peace, allowed him to go into the dining room. He sat [illegible] getting soup and [illegible] and various other things, [illegible] his importunities to which he always added the usual threat [illegible] At last [illegible]

Bill Shanks says that courtship is bliss, but matrimony is blister.

THE PNEUMATIC DISPATCH

[illegible]

SMALL CAPITAL, LARGE PROFITS

[illegible]

CONGRESS

[illegible]

The Daily Oregoni

A CHRISTMAS CA

STEPHEN SCARRIDGE'S CHRIST

[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, DE[illegible] 187[illegible]

A CHRISTMAS CAROL

[illegible] Christmas time is here
And let us now our voices raise
To Him who sends us goodly cheer
Whose kindness well deserves our praise
Praise him for life, for health, for peace
For richest mercies undeserved
His wondrous bounties ne'er decrease
Though we from duty's paths have swerved

His [illegible] has clothed our fields
With [illegible] products rich and rare
Each acre ample increase yields
And well repays the farmer's care
Praise Him for loving friends we meet
To lay a[illegible] the festive board,
For [illegible] short but sweet—
For garners with rich produce stored

Praise Him that He our lot has cast
In [illegible] land of freedom [illegible]
Where foul oppression cannot last
[illegible] earth has nought to fear
[illegible] while on [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] from fearful w[illegible]
[illegible] pestilence [illegible]

On season [illegible] hallowed by the birth
Of Him who died upon the tree
Who left [illegible] to share the wo[illegible] of earth,
Our souls from sin and death to free
Bless Thy [illegible] hearts with joy [illegible]
And sacred memories warm each breast
Of friends whose voices now are still—
Who in the church yard calmly rest

[illegible] thoughts [illegible]
To day our merry Christmas [illegible]
When [illegible] goodly gifts enjoy
[illegible] hath no dwelling here
Think of dead friends as [illegible]
To wear a bright and spotless [illegible]
We meet them when—our [illegible]
We lay the dusty armor [illegible]

—[By Capt S[illegible]

STEPHEN SCARRIDGE'S CHRISTMAS.

THE COTTAGE.

'Twas Christmas Eve. An adamantine sky hung dark and heavy over the white earth. The forests were candescent with frost, and the great trees bent as if they were not able to sustain the weight of snow and ice with which the young winter had loaded them.

In a by-path of the solemn woods there stood a cottage that would not, perhaps, have been noticed in the decreasing twilight, had it not been for a little wisp of smoke that feebly curled from the chimney, apparently intending, every minute, to draw up its attenuated tail, and disappear. Within, around the hearth whereon the dying embers sent up that feeble smoke, there gathered the family of Arthur Tyrrel—himself, his wife, a boy and a girl.

'Twas Christmas Eve. A damp air rushed from the recesses of the forest and came, an unbidden guest, into the cottage of the Tyrrels, and it sat on every chair, and lay upon every bed, and held in its chilly embrace every member of the family. All sighed.

"Father," said the boy, "is there no more wood that I may replenish the fire?"

"No, my son," bitterly replied the father, his face hidden in his hands, "I brought, at noon, the last stick from the wood pile."

The mother, at these words, wiped a silent tear from her eyes, and drew her children yet nearer the smouldering coals. The father rose and moodily stood by the window, gazing out upon the night. A wind had now arisen, and the dead branches strewed the path that he soon must take to the neighboring town. But he cared not for the danger; his fate and heart were alike hard.

"Mother!" said the little girl, "shall I hang up my stocking to-night? 'Tis Christmas Eve."

A Damascus blade could not have cut the mother's heart more keenly than this question.

"No, dear," she faltered. "You must wear your stockings, there is no fire—and your feet uncovered will freeze."

The little girl sighed, and gazed sadly upon the blackening coals. But she raised her head again and said—

"But, mother dear, if I should sleep with my legs outside the clothes, old Santa Claus might slip in some little things between the woolen and my skin, could he not, dear mother?"

"Mother is weeping, sister," said the boy, "press her no further."

The father now drew around him his threadbare coat, put upon his head his well-brushed straw hat, and approached the door.

"Where are you going this bitter night, dear father?" cried his little son.

"He goes," said the weeping mother, "to the town. Disturb him not, my son, for he will buy a mackerel for our Christmas dinner."

"A mackerel!" cried both the children, and their eyes sparkled with joy. The boy sprang to his feet.

"You must not go alone, dear father," he cried. "I will accompany you."

And together they left the cottage.

THE TOWN.

The streets were crowded with merry faces and well wrapped up forms. Snow and ice, it is true, lay thick upon the pavements and roofs, but what of that? Bright lights glistened from the window, bright fires warmed the houses, while bright hearts made rosy and happy the countenances of the merry crowd without. In some of the shops great turkeys hung in placid obesity from the bending beams, and enormous bowls of mincemeat sent up delightful fumes, which mingled harmoniously with the scents of the oranges, the apples and the barrels of sugar and bags of spices. In others, the light from the chandeliers struck upon the polished surface of many a new wheelbarrow, sled or hobby-horse, or lighted up the placid features of recumbent doll, and the demoniacal countenances of wildly jumping-jacks. The crop of marbles and tops was almost more than could be garnered; boxes and barrels of soldiers stood on every side, tin horns hung from every prominence, and boxes of wonders filled the counters, while all the floor was packed with joyous children carrying their little purses. Beyond, there stood the candy stores—those earthly paradises of the young, where the golden gum-drops, rare cream chocolate, variegated mint sticks and enrapturing mixtures spread their sweetened wealth over all available space.

To these and many other shops and stores, and stalls and stands thronged the townspeople rich and poor, [illegible] the humble that had some money to spend upon this merry Christmas Eve. A damsel of the lower orders might here be seen hurrying home with a cheap chicken; here another with a duck, and here the saving father of a family bent under the load of a turkey and a huge basket of auxiliary goodies. Everywhere cheerful lights and warm hearth-stones, bright and gay [illegible], rosy and comfortable little tenements, happy hearts, rosy cheeks and bright eyes. Nobody cared for the snow [illegible], while they had so much that was warm and cheering. It was all the better; [illegible] the holidays, what would Christmas be without snow?

AN INEVITABLE [illegible].

Through the joyous crowds—down the hilarious streets where the happy boys were shouting and the merry girls were hurrying in and out of the shops—came a man who was neither [illegible] hilarious, merry, nor happy. It was Stephen Skarridge, the landlord of so many houses in that town. He wore an overcoat which, though old, was warm and comfortable and he had fur around his wrists and neck. His hat was pushed down tight upon his little head, as though he would shut out all the sounds of merriment which filled the town. Wife and child he had none, and this season of joy to all the Christian world was an annoying and irritating season to his unsympathetic selfish heart.

"Oh, ho!" he said to himself as one after another of his tenants, loaded down with baskets and bundles, hurried by, each wishing him a merry Christmas—"oh, ho! there seems to be a great ease in the money market just now. Oh, ho, ho! They all seem as flush as millionaires. There's nothing like the influence of holiday times to make one open his pockets. Ah, ha! It's not yet the first of the month, 'tis true; but it matters not. I'll go and collect my rents to-night, while all this money is afloat—oh, ho! ha, ha!"

And so old Skarridge went from house to house, and threatened with expulsion all who did not pay their rents that night. Some resisted bravely, for the settlement day had not yet arrived, and these were served with notices to leave at the earliest legal moment; others paid up their dues with many an angry protest; while some, poor souls, had no money ready for this unforeseen demand, and Stephen Skarridge seized whatever he could find that would satisfy his claim. Thus many a poor, weeping family saw the turkey or fat goose, which was to have graced the Christmas table, carried away by the relentless landlord. The children shed tears to see their drums and toys depart, and many a little memento of affection, intended for a gift upon the morrow, became the property of the hard hearted Stephen.

'Twas nearly nine o'clock when Skarridge finished his nefarious labor. He had converted his seizures into money, and was returning to his inhospitable home with more joyous light in his eye than had shone there for many a day, when he saw Arthur Tyrrell and his son enter the bright main street of the town.

"Oh, ho!" said Stephen; "has he, too, come to spend his Christmas money? He, the poor, miserable, penniless one! I'll follow him."

So behind the unhappy father and his son went the skulking Skarridge. Past the grocery store and the markets, with their rich treasures of eatables, past the toy-shops, where the boy's eyes sparkled with the delight which disappointment soon washed out with a tear, past the candy-shops, where the windows were so entrancing that the little fellow could scarcely look upon them. On, past all these, to a small shop at the bottom of the street, where a crowd of the very poorest people were making their little purchases, went the father and his son, followed by the evil minded Skarridge. When the Tyrells went into the shop the old man concealed himself outside, behind a friendly pillar, lest any of these poor people should happen to be his tenants, and return him the damage he had just done to them. But he very plainly saw Arthur Tyrrell go up to the counter and ask for a mackerel. When one was brought costing ten cents, he declined it, but eventually purchased a smaller one, the price of which was eight cents. The two cents which he received as change were expended for a modicum of lard, and father and son then left the store and wended their way homeward. The way was long, but the knowledge that they brought that which would make the next day something more like Christmas than an ordinary day, made their steps lighter and the path less wearisome.

They reached the cottage and opened the door. There, by a rushlight on the table, sat the mother and the little girl, arranging greens wherewith to decorate their humble home. To the little interrogation of the mother's eyes, the father said, with something of the old fervor in his voice:

"Yes, my dear, I have got it," and he laid the mackerel on the table. The little girl sprang up to look at it, and the boy stepped back to shut the door, but before he could do so it was pushed wide open, and Skarridge, who had followed them all the way, entered the cottage. The inmates gazed at him with astonishment, but they did not long remain in ignorance of the meaning of this untimely visit.

"Mr. Tyrrell," said Skarridge, taking out of his pocket a huge memorandum-book, and turning over the pages with a swift and practised hand, "I believe you owe me two months' rent. Let me see, yes, here it is—eighty-seven and a half cents—two months, at forty-three and three-quarter cents per month. I should like to have it now, if you please," and he stood with his head on one side, his little eyes gleaming with a yellow maliciousness.

Arthur Tyrrell arose. His wife crept to his side, and the two children ran behind their parents.

"Sir," said Tyrrell, "I have no money—do your worst."

"No money!" cried the hard hearted Stephen. "That story will not do for me. Everybody seems to have money to-night, and if they have none it is because they have wilfully spent it. But if you really have none"—and here a ray of hope shot through the hearts of the Tyrrell family—"you must have something that will bring money, and that I shall seize upon. Ah, ha! I will take this!"

And he picked up the Christmas mackerel from the table where Arthur had laid it.

"'Tis very little," said Skarridge, "but it will at least pay me my interest." Wrapping it in the brown paper which lay under it, he thrust it into his capacious pocket and without another word went out into the night.

Arthur Tyrrell sank into a chair and covered his face with his hands. His children, dumb with horror and dismay, clung to the rounds of his chair, while his wife, ever faithful in the day of sorrow as in that of joy, put her arms around his neck and whispered in his ear, "Cheer up, dear Arthur, all may yet be well. Have courage! He did not take the lard!"

WHAT ALWAYS HAPPENS.

Swiftly homeward through the forest walked the triumphant Skarridge, and he reached his home an hour before midnight. He lived alone in a [illegible] some house which he had seized for a debt, an old woman coming every day to prepare his meals and to do the little housework that he required. Opening the door with his latch-key, he hurried up stairs, lighted a candle and seated himself at a large table in a spacious room in the front of the house. He counted over the money he had [illegible] that evening, entered the amounts in one of the [illegible] ledgers which lay on the table, and locked up the cash in [illegible]. Then he took from his pocket the mackerel of the Tyrrell family. He opened it, laid it flat upon the table before him and divided it [illegible] into six parts.

"Ha!" said he to himself, "[illegible] breakfast first day—would it were a week! I like to have things [illegible]. Had that man [illegible] the ten cent fish that I saw [illegible] him, there would have been seven portions. Well, perhaps I can make it do even now—let me see. A [illegible] off here—and the same off this—so—"

At this moment something very strange occurred. The mackerel, which had been lying split open upon its back, now closed itself, gave two or three long drawn gasps, and then heaving a sigh of relief, it flapped its tail, rolled its eyes a little, and deliberately wriggling itself over to a pile of ledgers, sat up on its tail and looked at Skarridge. This astounded individual pushed back his chair and gazed with all his eyes at the strange fish. But he was more astounded yet when the fish spoke to him. "Would you mind," said the mackerel, making a very wry face, "getting me a glass of water? I feel all of a parch inside."

Skarridge mumbled out some sort of an assent and hurried to a table near by, where stood a pitcher and a glass, and filling the latter, he brought it to the mackerel. "Will you hold it to my mouth?" said the fish. Stephen complying, the mackerel drank a good half of the water.

"There," it said, "that makes me feel better. I don't mind brine if I can take exercise. But to lie perfectly still in salt water makes one feel wretched. You don't know how hungry I am. Have you any worms convenient?"

"Worms!" cried Stephen; "why, what a question. No, I have no worms."

"Well," said the fish, somewhat petulantly, "you must have some sort of a yard or garden; go and dig me some."

"Dig them!" cried Stephen. "Do you know it's winter, and the ground's frozen—and the worms too, for that matter?"

"I don't care anything for all that," said the mackerel. "Go you and dig some up. Frozen or thawed, it's all one to me now; I could eat them anyway."

The manner of the fish was so imperative that Stephen Skarridge did not think of disobeying, but taking a crowbar and a spade from a pile of agricultural implements that lay in one corner of the room, and which had at various times been seized for debt, he lighted a lantern and went down into the little back garden. There he shoveled away the snow, and when he reached the ground he was obliged to use the crowbar vigorously before he could make any impression on the frozen earth. After half an hour's hard labor he managed, by most carefully searching through the earth thrown out of the hole he had made, to find five frozen worms. These he considered a sufficient meal for a fish which would scarcely make seven meals for himself, and so he threw down his implements and went into the house, with his lantern, his five frozen worms, and as many frozen fingers. When he reached the bottom of the stairs he was certain that he heard the murmur of voices from above. He was terrified. The voices came from the room where all his treasure lay! Could it be thieves?

Extinguishing his lantern and taking off his shoes, he softly crept up the stairs. He had not quite closed the door of the room when he left it, and he could now look through an opening which commanded a view of the whole apartment. And such a sight now met his wide-stretched eyes!

In his chair, his own arm chair by the table, sat a dwarf, whose head, as large as a prize cabbage, was placed upon a body so small as not to be noticeable, and from which depended a pair of little legs, appearing like the roots of the before-mentioned vegetable. On the table, busily engaged in dusting a day-book with a pen-wiper, was a fairy, no more than a foot high, and as pretty and graceful as a queen of the ballet viewed from the dress circle. The mackerel still leaned against the pile of ledgers, and—oh, horror!—upon a great iron box, in one corner, there sat a giant, whose head, had he stood up, would have reached the lofty ceiling!

A chill, colder than the frosty earth and air outside could cause, ran through the frame of Stephen Skarridge, as he crouched by the crack of the door and looked upon these dreadful visitors. And their conversation, of which he could hear distinctly every word, causing the freezing perspiration to trickle in icy globules down his back.

"He's gone to get me some worms," said the mackerel, "and we might as well settle it all before he comes back. For my part I'm very sure of what I have been saying."

"Oh, yes," said the dwarf, "there can be no doubt about it, at all. I believe it, every word."

"Of course it is so," said the fairy, standing upon the day-book, which was now well dusted, "everybody knows it is."

"It couldn't be otherwise," said the giant, in a voice like thunder among the pines. "We're all agreed upon that."

"They're mighty positive about it, whatever it is," thought the trembling Stephen, who continued to look with all his eyes and listen with all his ears.

"Well," said the dwarf, leaning back in the chair and twisting his little legs around each other until they looked like a rope's end, "let us arrange matters. For my part, I would like to see all crooked things made straight just as quickly as possible."

"So would I," said the fairy, sitting down on the day book, and [illegible] her dainty satin covered ankles, from which she stooped to brush a trifle of dust. "I want to see everything nice and pretty and just right."

"As for me," said the mackerel, "I'm somewhat divided—in my opinion, I mean—but whatever you all agree upon will suit me, I am sure."

"Then," said the giant, rising to his feet, and just escaping a violent contact of his head with the ceiling, "let us get to work, and while we are about it we'll make a clean sweep of it."

To this the others all gave assent, and the giant, after removing the mackerel to one corner of the table and requesting the fairy to stand beside the fish, spread all the ledgers and day-books, and cash, and bill, and memorandum books upon the table, and opened them all at the first page.

Then the dwarf climbed up on the table and took a pen and the fairy did the same, and they both set to work as hard as they could to take an account of Stephen Skarridge's possessions. As soon as either of them had added up two pages the giant turned over the leaves, and he had to be very busy about it, so active was the dwarf, who had a splendid head for accounts, and who had balanced the same head so long upon his little legs that he had no manner of difficulty in balancing the ledgers. The fairy [illegible] ran up and down the columns as if she were [illegible] a measure in which the only movements were "[illegible]" and "Back and done!" and she got over the business nearly as fast as the dwarf. [illegible] up, the fairy [illegible] him what [illegible] she had to carry to the next column, and [illegible] than half an hour the [illegible] the last page of the [illegible] footed up the sum total of Stephen Skarridge's wealth.

The fairy [illegible] woeful [illegible] a limit to himself that they had [illegible] exactly right.

Now [illegible] is the [illegible] schedule [illegible] twenty minutes [illegible] the giant, the dwarf and the fairy, [illegible] reading out the names of Stephen's various tenants, the giant stating what amounts he deemed the due of each one, and the dwarf putting down the sums opposite their names, had made out the schedule, and the giant read it over in a voice that admitted of no inattention.

"Hurrah!" cried the dwarf. "That's done, and I am glad," and he stepped lightly from the table to the arm of the chair, and then down to the seat, and jumped to the floor, balancing his head in a most wonderful way, as he performed these agile feats.

"Yes," said the mackerel, "it's all right though, to be sure, I'm somewhat divided—"

"Oh! we won't refer to that now," said the giant, "let bygones be bygones."

As for the fairy, she didn't say a word, but she just bounced on the top of the day book that she had dusted, and which now lay closed near the edge of the table, and she danced such a charming little *[illegible]* that everybody gazed at her with delight. The giant stooped and opened his mouth, as if he expected her to whirl herself into it when she was done; and the mackerel was actually moved to tears and tried to wipe his eyes with his fin, but it was not long enough, and so the tears rolled down and hardened into a white crust on the green baize which covered the table. The dwarf was on the floor, and he just stood still on his little toes, as if he had been a great top dead asleep. Even Stephen (though he was terribly agitated) thought the dance was the most beautiful thing he had ever seen. At length, with a whirl which made her look like a snow ball on a pivot, she stopped stock-still, standing on one toe as if she had fallen from the sky and had struck upright on the day-book.

"Bravo! bravo!" cried the dwarf, and you could hear his little hands clapping beneath his head.

"Hurrah!" cried the giant, and he brought his great palms together with a clap that rattled the window-panes like the report of a cannon.

"Very nice! very nice, indeed!" said the mackerel, "though I'm rather di—"

"Oh, no, you're not!" cried the fairy, making a sudden joyful jump at him, and putting her little hand on his somewhat distorted and certainly very ugly mouth. "You're nothing of the kind, and now let's have him in here and make him sing. Do you think he will do it?" said she, turning to the giant. That mighty individual doubled up his great right fist like a trip hammer, and he opened his great left hand, as hard and solid as an anvil, and he brought the two together with a sounding whang!

"Yes," said he, "I think he will."

"In that case," said the dwarf, "we might as well call him."

"I sent him after some worms," said the mackerel, "but he has not been all this time getting them. I should not wonder at all if he has been listening at the door all the while."

"We'll soon settle that," said the dwarf, walking rapidly across the room, his head rolling from side to side, but still preserving that admirable balance for which it was so justly noted. When he reached the door he pulled it wide open, and there stood poor Stephen Skarridge, trembling from head to foot, with the five frozen worms firmly grasped in his hands.

"Come in!" said the giant, and Stephen walked in slowly and tearfully, bowing as he came to the several personages in the room.

"Are those my worms?" said the mackerel. "If so, put them in my mouth, one at a time. There! not so fast. They are frozen, sure enough, but do you know that I believe I like them this way the best. I never tasted frozen ones before."

By this time the dwarf had mounted the table, and opening the schedule, stood pointing to an agreement written at the bottom of it, while the fairy had a pen, already dipped in the ink, which she held in her hand, as she stood on the other side of the schedule.

"Now, sir," said the giant, "just take your seat in your chair, take that pen in your hand, and sign your name below that agreement. If you've been listening at the door all this time, as I believe you have, you have heard the contents of the schedule, and therefore need not read it over."

Stephen thought no more of disobeying than he did of challenging the giant to a battle, and he therefore seated himself in his chair, and taking the pen from the fairy wrote his name at the bottom of the agreement, although he knew that by that act he was signing away half his wealth. When he had written his signature he laid down his pen and looked around to see if anything more was required of him, but just at that moment something seemed to give way in the back of his neck, his head fell forward so as to nearly strike the table, and he awoke!

There was no longer a schedule, a fairy, dwarf, or a giant. In front of him was the mackerel, split open and lying on its back.

It was all a dream!

For an hour Stephen Skarridge sat at his table, his face buried in his hands. When, at last, his candle gave signs of sputtering out, he arose, and with a subdued and quiet air, he went to bed.

WHAT MUST OCCUR.

The next morning was bright, cold and cheering, and Stephen Skarridge arose very early, went down to the large front room where his treasures were kept, got out his check-book and for two hours was busily employed in writing. When the old woman who attended to his household affairs arrived at the usual hour, she was surprised at his orders to cook for his breakfast the whole of a mackerel which he handed her. When he had finished his meal, at which he ate at least one-half of the fish, he called her up into his room. He then addressed her as follows:

"Margaret, you have been my servant for seventeen years. During that time I have paid you fifty cents per week for your services. I am now convinced that the sum was insufficient; you should have had at least two dollars—considering you only had one meal in the house. As you would probably have spent the money as fast as I gave it to you, I shall pay you no interest upon what I have withheld, but here is a check for the unpaid balance—$1,[illegible]. Invest carefully, and you will find it quite a help to you." Handing the paper to the astonished woman, he took up a large wallet stuffed with checks and left the house.

He went first into the lower part of the town, with his [illegible] full of [illegible] fervor and [illegible] light. When he reached the quarter where his property lay, he [illegible] an hour or two in [illegible] with his tenants [illegible] [illegible] would have [illegible] in triumph through the town [illegible] Then he went to [illegible] Smith's, the baker, whose shop he had [illegible] on his way down town, and [illegible] seven [illegible] but they had not yet been [illegible] to fill [illegible]. In an hour, however, [illegible] while Stephen was treating a crowd of delighted children and told him all was ready, and the cart locked. At this Stephen hurried to the back of the shop, mounted the cart, took the reins and drove rapidly in the direction of the cottage of Arthur Tyrrell. When he reached the place it was nearly one o'clock.

Driving cautiously as he neared the house he stopped at a little distance from it, and tied the horse to a tree. Then he stealthily approached a window and looked in.

Arthur Tyrrell sat upon a chair, in the middle of the room, his arms folded and his head bowed upon his breast. On a stool by his side sat his wife, her tearful eyes raised to his sombre countenance. Before her father stood the little girl, leaning upon his knees and watching the varied expressions that flashed across his face. By his father's right side, his arms resting upon his parent's shoulder, stood the boy, a look of calm resignation far beyond his years lighting up his intelligent face.

'Twas a tableau never to be forgotten!

Able to gaze upon it but a few minutes, Stephen Skarridge pushed open the door and entered the room. His entrance was the signal of consternation. The wife and children fled to the farthest corner of the room, while Arthur Tyrrell rose and sternly confronted the intruder.

"Ha!" said he, "you have soon returned. You think that we can yet be further despoiled. Proceed; take all we have. There is yet this," and he pointed to the two cents' worth of lard, which still lay upon the table.

"No, no," faltered Stephen Skarridge, seizing the hand of Arthur Tyrrell, and warmly pressing it. "Keep it! Keep it! 'Tis not for that I came, but to ask your pardon and to beg your acceptance of a Christmas gift. Pardon for having increased the weight of your poverty, and a gift to celebrate the advent of a happier feeling between us."

Having said thus, Stephen paused for a reply. Arthur Tyrrell mused for a moment; then he cast his eyes upon his wife and his children, and, in a low but firm voice, he said:

"I pardon and accept!"

"That's right!" cried Skarridge, his whole being animated by a novel delight, "come out to the cart, you and your son, and help me bring in the things, while Mrs. T. and the girl set the table as quickly as possible."

The cart was now brought up before the door and it was rapidly unloaded by willing hands. From under a half-dozen new blankets, which served to keep the other contents from contact with the frosty air, Stephen first handled out a fine linen table-cloth, and then a basket containing a dinner set of queensware (third-class—seventy-eight pieces, with soup tureen and pickle dishes) and a half dozen knives and forks (rubber-handled and warranted to stand hot water). When the cloth had been spread, and the plates arranged, Arthur Tyrrell and his son, aided now by the wife and daughter, brought in the remaining contents of the cart, and placed them on the table, while, with a bundle of kindling which he had brought, and the fallen limbs which lay all about the cottage, Skarridge made a rousing fire on the hearth.

When the cart was empty and the table fully spread, it presented indeed a noble sight. At one end, a great turkey; at the other a pair of geese, a duck upon one side, and a pigeon-pie upon the other, cranberries, potatoes, white and sweet, onions, parsnips, celery, bread, butter, beets, pickled and buttered, pickled cucumbers and walnuts, and several kinds of sauces, made up the first course, while upon a side-table stood mince pies, apple pies, pumpkin pies, apples, nuts, almonds, raisins, and a huge pitcher of cider for dessert.

It was impossible for the Tyrrell family to gaze unmoved upon this bounteously spread table, and after silently clasping each other for a moment, they sat down, with joyful, thankful hearts, to a meal far better than they had seen for years. At their earnest solicitation Mr. Skarridge joined them.

When the meal was over, and there was little left but empty dishes, they all arose, and Sharridge prepared to take his leave.

"But, before I go," said he, "I would leave with you a further memento of my good feeling and friendship. You know my Hillsdale farm, in the next township?"

"Oh, yes!" cried Arthur Tyrrell; "is it possible that you will give me a position there?"

"I make you a present of the whole farm," said Skarridge. "There are two hundred and forty-two acres, sixty of which are in timber, large mansion-house, two good barns, a cow and chicken houses, a well, covered in; an orchard of young fruit trees, and a stream of water flowing through the place. The estate is well stocked with blooded cattle, horses, etc., and all necessary farming utensils. Possession immediate."

Without waiting for the dumbfounded Tyrrell to speak, Skarridge turned quickly to his wife and said, "Here, madam, is my Christmas gift to you. In this package you will find shares of the New York Central and Hudson (sixes of '81), of the Fort Wayne (guaranteed), and of the St. Paul's (preferred); also bonds of the Delaware, Lakawanna and Western (second mortgage), and of the Michigan 7 per cent. War Loan. In all these amount to nine thousand and eighty two dollars, but to preclude the necessity of selling at a sacrifice, for immediate wants, I have taken the liberty of placing in the package one thousand dollars in greenbacks. And now, dear friends, adieu!"

But the grateful family could not allow this noble man to leave them thus. Arthur Tyrrell seized his hand and pressed it to his bosom, and then, as if overcome with emotion, Mrs. Tyrrell fell upon her benefactor's neck, while the children gratefully grasped the skirts of his coat. With one arm around the neck of the still young, once beautiful, and now fast improving Mrs. Tyrrell, Stephen Skarridge stood for a few minutes, haunted by the memories of the past. Then he spoke.

"Once," said he, his voice trembling the while, "Once—I—too—loved such a one. But it's all over now—and the grass waves over her grave. Farewell, farewell, dear friends!" and dashing away a tear he tore himself from the fervent family and swiftly left the house.

Springing into his cart he drove rapidly into town—a happy man.

Did you ever read a story like unto this before?—*Scribner's Monthly.*

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] had [illegible] his imaginative [illegible] a charm for him. He could not appreciate the grandeur of the oriental language of the Old Testament, and constantly contrasted it with the simple pathos of the New. He would quote the celebrated description of the horse in the Book of Job. "His neck is clothed with thunder, [illegible] to the lightning!" "This nonsense," he said to me; then turning to the 11th chapter of St. John, he pointed to the two words which form the [illegible] verse, "Jesus wept." That's poetry.

BITS OF FUN.

A mew-sing—a cat concert.

The best frontispiece—an honest face.

A new name for tight boots—a corn crib.

The most popular Woman's paper—A paper of pins.

Tuneful lyre—A music-teacher who does not keep his engagements.

Hopkins says there are three sexes—the male sex, the female sex, and the insects.

When Jonah's fellow passengers pitched him overboard they evidently regarded him as neither prophet nor loss.

A doctor went out for a day's sport, and complained of having killed nothing. That's the consequence of having neglected your business, observed his wife.

An old lady in Hampshire county says her husband died of palsy or ploxy; the doctors couldn't make out which, and she reckons she shall go the same way, it's so hereditary in the family.

Josh Billings says: "Whenever I find a real handsome woman engaged in wimmin's rights bizziness then I am going to take my hat under my arm and jine the procession."

A French woman once said that she never loved anything. "You loved your children?" suggested a friend. "When they were little," she replied. "And you love diamonds?" "When they are large."

A Vermont undertaker who was not used to conducting funerals, recently arose at the conclusion of a funeral address and said that the corpse would now go round and take a last look at the mourners.

A dying Irishman, asked by his confessor if he was ready to renounce the devil and all his works, replied: "Don't ask me that, I'm going to a strange country, and I don't intend to make myself enemies."

Moses went into a bird and animal fancier's establishment to-day, and while there he heard a rather important looking lady ask: "Do you retail monkeys here?" to which a hopeful shop-boy replied, "Do tell? has your monkey lost his tail?"

"I am a self made man," said a native of Stonington, the other day, to a New York gentleman, with whom he had been driving a sharp bargain. "Glad to hear you say so," responded the New Yorker, who had been worsted in the trade, "for it relieves the Lord of a responsibility."

Two Hibernians were passing a stable which had a rooster on it for a weather vane, when one addressed the other thus: "Pat, what's the reason they didn't put a *hen* up there instead of a *rooster*?" "An' sure," replied Pat, "that's aisy enough, don't you see it would be unconvanient to go for the eggs?"

A lawyer built him an office in the form of a hexagon or six square. The novelty of the structure attracted the attention of some Irishmen who were passing by. They made a full stop and viewed the building very critically. The lawyer, somewhat disgusted at their curiosity, raised the window, put his head out, and addressed them: "What do you stand there for, like a pack of blockheads, gazing at my office? Do you take it for a church?" "Faix," answered one of them, "I was thinking so, till I saw the devil poke his head out of the window."

A young lawyer who had [illegible] court to a lady without much advancing his suit, accused her one day of being insensible to the power of love. "It does not follow," she archly replied, "that I am so because I am not to be won by the power of attorney." "Forgive me," replied the suitor, "but you should remember that all the votaries of Cupid are solicitors."

Motto for grocers—Honest tea is the best policy.

A Manual of Health.

The edition for 18[illegible] of the sterling medical [illegible] known as Hostetter's Almanac is now ready, and [illegible] obtained free of cost of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States and [illegible] America, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been [illegible] regularly at the commencement of every year for about one fifth of a century. It [illegible] with the soundest practical [illegible] for the preservation and restoration of health, an [illegible] of interesting and amusing reading [illegible] and the calendar, astronomical calculations [illegible] logical items [illegible] are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 18[illegible] will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

If your horse is lame, sore or galled, [illegible] use [illegible] Liniment; wash the part with castile soap and warm water, rub dry with a coarse cloth, then apply the Liniment, rubbing well with the hand.

Have the readers of the OREGONIAN ever used any [illegible]? If not, why not? They are the [illegible] antibilious remedy there is in the country.

Nothing is so insidious as a cold or cough. Poison [illegible] make a swifter progress in the system. [illegible] the only sure antidote [illegible] HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR.

[illegible] Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

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COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

Sight and Telegraphic [illegible] for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO — NEW YORK
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Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

LONDON — HONG KONG
PARIS — BERLIN
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

MONEY SAVED!

PRICES REDUCED FOR THIRTY DAYS

LIGHT RUNNING

HOME

SEWING MACHINE—A NEW INVENTION [illegible] Improvements of other Machines [illegible] machines on the market [illegible] Furnished in different styles. [illegible] $[illegible] ON [illegible] FOR CASH [illegible]

Favorite Home Shuttle

[illegible]

Old Price $65. Reduced to $40

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GEO. W. TRAVER, Gen'l Agent

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The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 25, 1873.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, December 24, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 110¼.

Portland Legal Tenders, buying 89 selling 89½.

Gold bars are quotable at 725@750 fine.

Exchange on San Francisco at par.

Wheat in Liverpool, by mail advices from San Francisco—Average California, 12s 5d@12s 6d; club, 13s 6d@13s 9d.

The hurry and bustle among retailers usually witnessed on the 24th of December has been manifest on our streets to-day. While the chronic grumblers have not found the holiday trade sufficiently brisk to silence their murmurings, there are those who inform us that the improvement on last year is very great, and that for a number of years the activity in holiday goods, or the volume of trade in that direction has not been so great. General trade, however, has been dull during the past fortnight, and while some addition to the supply of available funds has doubtless been made, the lull in trade will more than offset any benefit in that direction.

Shipping Intelligence.

The ice still prevents the arrival of several vessels, which are overdue and reported in the river. Among these are the Mary E. Bay, Akbar, Sidlaw, Sylhet, Tongoy, Nouveau St. Michaels, Aronco, Fleur de Lis, Topscomb and Gateshead, from foreign ports, and the Hera, Windward and Portland, from San Francisco. These ships will all load with wheat and flour, and will carry near 10,000 tons. Several other foreign ships are about due, but have not as yet been reported inside the bar.

The steamship Ajax will make an attempt to reach this port to-morrow. Should she succeed, she will leave here Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Otherwise the river steamer will leave at that hour with San Francisco mails and passengers.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—Arrived—Schooner Aurora, Coos Bay.

Arrived—Ship Roswell, Port Townsend; Baltic, Liverpool; Lodore, Queenstown: James Townsend, Umpqua; Alaska, Coos Bay.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, December 24.

Ophir	181	Occidental	3
Gould & Curry	25	Tyler	1¼
B & B	20	Senator	80c
Savage	100	American Flat	7½
Chollar	65	Central No 2	42½
Hale & N	59	Union Con	14
Crown Point	101	Sutro	5¼
Yellow Jacket	85	Woodville	2¾
Imperial	7	Franklin	2
Empire	3½	Silver Cloud	2¼
Kentuck	19½	Nevada	2
Alpha	59	Seg Rock Island	60c
Belcher	99½	Golden Swan	5
Confidence	12½	American Con	2
Con Virginia	87	Raymond & Ely	48½
Sierra Nevada	27½	Meadow Valley	12½
Daney	3½	Eureka Con	10½
Exchequer	40	Pioche	6½
Segregated Belcher	113	A & Creole	1¼
Overman	76	American Flag	1
Justice	11½	P & P	2½
Succor	3½	H & H	1½
Buckeye	2¼	Silver Peak	1
Julia	6¼	Ingomar	65c
Caledonia	36	Belmont	23¼
Knickerbocker	7½	Newark	2
G. H. Quartz	5	Chief Hill	1½
Lady Bryant	2½	Monitor Belmont	6
A & U	3	Rye Patch	9
Globe	2	Eldorado South	5¼
Baltimore	8¼	Hayes	1½
Bacon	6½	N. Belmont	1¼
Utah	10½	Eldorado N	5
Central	89	Quantero	3
Silver Hill	13½	Eureka G V	17½
Eclipse	7	St Patrick	7½
Bowers	10	Independent	2
Trench	7	Cederberg	5
Challenge	5½	Golden Chariot	19
Dayton	8½	Mahogany	4
R. Island	2½	S. Charlot	1½
Picton	1	Red Jacket	1½
Dardanelles	2½	Mammoth	29½
N Y Con	3½		

BANKS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.... JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS: payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

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BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

SAVINGS. SAVINGS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier.

Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital........$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

The Anglo-Californian Bank,

(LIMITED,)

412 California Street, San Francisco.

London Office, - - 3 Angel Court.
New York Agents, J. & W. Seligman & Co. 21 Broad Street.

AUTHORIZED

Capital Stock - $6,000,000

Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.

R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.
oc5dly

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

NO. 22. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 22.

To Take Effect Sunday, Dec. 7th, 1873, at 5 A. M.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows:

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland ....7:30 A. M. | Roseburg ....7:40 P. M.
Roseburg ....5:15 A. M. | Portland ....4:15 P. M.

SALEM EXPRESS TRAIN.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland ....[illegible] P. M. | Salem ....7:05 P. M.
Salem ....[illegible] A. M. | Portland ....10:0[illegible] A. M.

Freight Trains with Passenger Cars attached) will run between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION

(DAILY) EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland ....6:15 A. M. | Junction ....6:00 P. M.
Junction ....5:45 A. M. | Portland ....5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing, PORTLAND.

NOTICE.—Passengers for Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton and Lafayette will take the Boats for the above points at Canemah.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.,

WILL ON AND AFTER MONDAY, SEPT. 15, 1873, and until further notice, run a FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN from

PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland ....7:30 A. M. | St. Joseph ....11:41 A. M.
St. Joseph ....12:25 P. M. | Portland ....4:35 P. M.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

Sunday Excursion Tickets withdrawn until May, 1874.

Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 1 P. M.

H. THIELSEN, General Sup't.

Dec. 15, 1873.

The Chicago, Rock Island and PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE.

With its connections East and West,

Is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Route between the Pacific and Atlantic, VIA Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL—making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

The Central and Union Pacific Railroads, AND AT CHICAGO,

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and South.

The most elegantly furnished Parlor Sleeping Cars ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned and run by this Company between Omaha and Chicago.

THROUGH TICKETS to all points East, can be obtained at the Oregon & California Railroad Office, Portland, Oregon. And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be sure your Tickets read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Sup't, Chicago.
WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA and OLYMPIA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

FOR TACOMA and SEATTLE—Monday, Wednesday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

S. G. REED, Vice President.

Oregon Steamship Company's STEAMBOATS.

Notice.

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 22d, the steamer

E. N. COOKE

Will leave OREGON CITY every day (Sunday excepted) at 7:30 A. M. for Portland; returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P. M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Canemah with the steamer DAYTON on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, connecting at Oregon City with the O. & C.R.R. Co. at 3 P. M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Portland.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O. & C. R. R. Co., at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE.

Freight received until 5 P. M.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Willamette River Transportation Co.'s STEAMERS

WILL LEAVE

FLANDERS' WHARF AT 6 o'clock, A. M.

As follows:

FOR CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS—Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

FOR ALBANY AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

FOR DAYTON AND McMINNVILLE—Saturday and Monday.

Passage to Corvallis	$2 00
Passage to Albany	1 50
Passage to Salem	1 00
Passage to McMinnville	1 00

B. GOLDSMITH, President.

O. S. S. CO. NOTICE.

FREIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED FOR CORVALLIS and intermediate places from and after date.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Dec. 1, 1873.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

The Steamer Calliope

WILL MAKE TRI-WEEKLY TRIPS between

Portland, Monticello and Freeport,

Leaving American Exchange Wharf every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M., calling in at Lewis River on Wednesday up and Thursday down.

For Freight or Passage apply on board.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,

Incorporated Sept. 14, 1865.

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS,

P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary. PETER TAYLOR, President.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,

—Manufacture and have for sale—

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills Grist Mills, Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery;

WATER WHEELS of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size

REPAIRING of MACHINERY and BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.

The LARGEST AND BEST STOCK of PATTERNS north of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.

Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the prevention and removal of Boiler scale.

De GROOT'S ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCE, a variety of beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc. House Castings, &c. &c.

JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WEDDING PRESENTS! AND HOLIDAY GOODS!

A Large Assortment.

EVERYTHING NEW IN

Watches, Fine Jewelry, AND STERLING SILVERWARE, AT

BRIGHAM & BEARDSLEY'S,

Odd Fellows' Temple, PORTLAND.

dsd1m

For the Holidays!

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SELECTING the largest Stock of Jewelry ever imported to this State, those wishing any article for Holiday Presents will do well to call and examine our stock.

We call particular attention to our assortment of

DIAMONDS, AMETHYSTS, TOPAZ, SAPPHIRES, EMERALDS, PEARLS, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Which we have in every conceivable article of JEWELRY, at prices which DEFY COMPETITION.

We have also a large assortment of all meritorious WATCHES in Gold and Silver Cases, of Foreign and Domestic make.

Also, an endless variety of LOCKETS, CHAINS, SETS, RINGS, BUTTONS, SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE and all articles in our line, to the inspection of which all are invited.

L. C. HENRICHSEN & CO., No. 100 First Street.

SADDLERY.

J. B. CONGLE,

73 FRONT STREET,

Saddlery Hardware, Saddles, Bridles, WHIPS AND HARNESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBber Carbolized Hose, which is for sale at San Francisco with freight added.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

WELCH & MORGAN,

FRONT ST., 2d DOOR NORTH of Yamhill,

Manufacturers and Importers of

SADDLES, HARNESS,

And Kerby's Genuine

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER

ALSO

Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.

We Warrant all articles, which we sell at the LOWEST RATES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WALTER BROS.

PARRISH'S NEW BUILDING, FIRST STREET,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Formerly at 89 Front st.,

DEALERS IN

Carpets, Oil Cloths, WINDOW CURTAINS, DAMASKS, Wall Papers, Mattings, AND Upholstery Goods,

The patronage of the general public, and country trade, respectfully solicited.

NEW GOODS

Per each vessel from San Francisco.

HAS NEVER BEEN EQUALED. Teaches practical piano playing and theoretical music thoroughly. Clarke's New Method for the Piano-Forte carries the pupil by easy gradations to the highest practical results. Sent by Mail, Price, $3.75.

LEE & WALKER, Philadelphia.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' & Children's Cloaks & Basques, Cloth and Velvet Cloakings.

REDINGOTE CLOTH, Satines de Chine, Poplins, Empress Cloths & Silks. In all the new shades.

Gold and Silver Fringes, Laces, Stars, Cut'd Velvets & Velveteens, for MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

Just received,

A Large Stock of Rubber Jewelry, The latest and best styles

HARRIS & BLUM,

103 First Street, Odd Fellows' Building.

FURNITURE REPAIRED

Chairs Re-Caned,

FURNITURE VARNISHED,

AND GENERAL JOBBING IN THE FURNITURE line.

Will go out to residences to do anything in his line. Chair repairing a specialty.

Cane for sale in lots to suit. D. D. BRIGGS.

Washington street, bet. Third and Fourth.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

JANION & RHODES,

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

Offer for sale Ex "Vesta," in lots to suit Buyers:

TIN PLATES, PIG IRON, CEMENT, TABLE SALT, CURRANTS, SARDINES, &c., &c., &c.

E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

70 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK,

320 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Agents Cunard Line of Steamships from New York and Boston to Liverpool; Great Western Steamships from New York to Bristol, England.

H. D. SANBORN, Agent, 32 Front Street.

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

(Successors to Henry Failing and H. W. Corbett & Co.)

NOS. 53 and 55 FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, MECHANICS' TOOLS, IRON and STEEL, ROPE, Etc., Etc.

Agents for the Sale of

Dupont's Gunpowder.

JOHN R. FOSTER,

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.

Dealer in

Howe's Platform and Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware. MECHANICS' TOOLS, TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY, Miners's Goods, Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc.

All of which are offered at the Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention to buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

DELMONICO RESTAURANT!

6 FIRST ST., ADJOINING ORO FINO HALL,

JOS. BARBER, Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR RESTAURANT IS NEWLY fitted up and everything is kept in first class style. Parties supplied with elegant Suppers on short notice. Oysters in every style. Excellent Lunches. Open day and night. Kitchen in charge of the best French Cook.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First out of the fire in the burnt district

Cor. First and Jefferson Streets.

First Class Board for a Second Class Price:

Board, per week	$4 00
Board and Lodging, per week	5 00
Board, per day	1 00

I am ready for the BONE and SINEW of the country. Persons in want of HELP please call.

CHEMEKETA HOTEL,

SALEM.

WESLEY GRAVES.... Proprietor.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST HOTEL IN OREGON. Free Coach to the House.

J. SIMON,

56 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

German French and American Window Glass.

CRYSTAL SHEET, ENAMELED, STAINED AND CUT GLASS.

Glazing Done to Order and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CONTRACTORS and Builders will find it to their advantage to place their orders in my hands.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

LIPMAN'S GREAT DISCOVERY!

NEVER FAILING AND PERFECTLY HARMLESS

PROBABLY NO OBJECT HAS CALLED FORTH more preparations than those for RESTORING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HUMAN HAIR, and among all J. LIPMAN'S WONDERFUL RESTORER stands beyond question at the head for efficiency and perfect safety—this is absolutely free from Sugar Lead or Lac Sulphur and never fails to produce the effect desired—requires no other preparation—is easily applied, and is without doubt the SIMPLEST, best and cheapest Hair Restorative in use. Sold by all Druggists. General Agents, CHAS. LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco. n20:6m

TWELFTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY For 1874.

IN PRESS AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON OR before January, 1874, the PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1874, embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland, together with a Business Directory, and other statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the City.

This being the TWELFTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE AND ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful manual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING FOR NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHWILER will solicit for Advertisements, and the publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past eleven years.

Please report all alterations in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the office of Publication.

S. J. McCORMICK, Publisher.

oc18 19 First st., Portland, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. CHAPMAN,

OFFICE—Alder Street, Between Front and First.

Special attention to all diseases of Women and Children. d3tf

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.

OCULIST AND AURIST.

ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,

Physician and Accoucheur.

RESIDENCE AND OFFICE—Third street between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square. Calls attended in any part of the City. Batteries for sale and Instructions given on the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

BUSINESS CARDS.

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT,

Architects & Superintendents,

CREE'S BUILDING,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GEO. A. SHEPPARD. E. L. DURHAM, Notary Public.

SHEPPARD & DURHAM,

REAL ESTATE And Purchasing Agents,

ALDER ST., BET. FRONT AND FIRST.

Farms and City Property bought and sold. Money loaned on approved security. Legal papers executed and Acknowledgments taken. Houses rented and rents collected. Bills collected, &c.

Parties living in adjacent counties wishing to make purchases of any description, or wishing to engage in any kind of business will find it to their advantage to communicate with us. Correspondence solicited.

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

Architects & Superintendents.

ROOM—No. 17, Dekum's Building.

J. A. THOMAS, PAINTER,

Shop and Residence, corner Seventh and F Streets.

REMOVED.

JOHN BRADY,

MANUFACTURER OF BOOTS AND SHOES, TO No. 5 Washington street—East of his old stand.

PERFECT FITS GUARANTEED.

LAW CARDS.

W. H. EFFINGER,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE—Corbett's Building First street.

A. C. GIBBS U. S. Dist. Att'y. E. G. HUGHES.

GIBBS & HUGHES,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Room No. 1, Dekum's Building.

A. H. TOWNSEND. C. BEAL.

TOWNSEND & BEAL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Office in Odd Fellows' Temple.

REMOVAL.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE REMOVED FROM ODD FELLOWS Temple to Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilsan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

THOS. J. DRYER.

Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE—Front Street, between B and C.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

City Assessment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll of the City of Portland has been duly filed, and will remain open at the Auditor's office until January 1st, 1874, prior to which time all applications for correction of errors must be filed:

Particular attention is directed to the following section of Ordinance No. 1113:

Section 3. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by the assessment, valuation or listing of property, may apply to the Common Council for a revision of the same.

Such application shall contain a list of all the property subject to taxation for city purposes, owned by, in the hands of, or under the control of the applicant, and a concise statement of the particular item or items claimed to be erroneously assessed, which said application shall in all cases be verified by oath or affirmation of the applicant, and must be filed with the Auditor before the 1st day of January following the date of the filing of the Assessment Roll.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

December 1, 1873. d2tjan1

PATRONIZE HOME MANUFACTURE.

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Frames, Shutters, Brackets and all Kinds of Scroll Sawing.

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood-working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers, and at San Francisco prices, at NICOLAI BROS' MILL.

Also best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUSTIC MOULDINGS.

WOOD-TURNING in all its branches, Balusters, Newel Posts, Billiard Balls, Croquet Sets, etc., at

Nicolai Bros's Mill and Factory,

Corner Second and E streets, Portland.

Rock River Paper Company's PATENT FELT ROOFING.

PUT ON FOR $8 PER SQUARE.

PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD,

Sheathing and Carpet Paper.

For sale by H. C. MORRICE, Masonic Temple, Portland.

Regalias and Trimmings.

ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE.

MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS,

Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes, Spangles, Stars, Bullion, Etc.

H. C. MORRICE, Masonic Temple, Portland.

P. GOLDSMITH. J. LOEWENBERG.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

(Successors to Friedman & Co.,)

32 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block.

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS, AND TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES.

Have Opened.

BOHLMAN & RETGEFSEN HAVE opened their new Furniture Store on First street, between Taylor and Salmon. Their stock comprises some of the latest styles. All kinds of new Furniture made to order. Also, Repairing done on short notice. oc5d3m

G. W. VAUGHN,

OFFICE IN N. E. CORNER OF FRONT AND Morrison streets, Room No. 2. Entrance on Morrison street.

d10tf GEO. E. GILBERT, Agent.

MARKETS.

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES THIS METHOD of informing the public that he will remove to

CITY MARKET

Stalls Nos. 25 and 26,

ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1873.

Thanking his many patrons for their patronage in the past, he asks a liberal portion in the future when he will continue to supply Families with

Choice Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, &c.

All those indebted to the same will please make immediate settlement and save cost of collection.

C. R. HOFFMAN, Third Street Market.

d15d1m

CITY MARKET.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL REMOVE TO THE NEW MARKET, which will be formally opened to the public on the 22d inst.

They will increase their Stock of GROCERIES and OFFER BETTER INDUCEMENTS to purchasers than heretofore.

Parties indebted to us will please CALL AT ONCE AND SETTLE UP and save collections.

Grateful to our many patrons for their patronage in the past we hope to receive a continuance at our new place of business.

WOODCOCK & INTERMELA.

REMOVAL—ENLARGED.

REID & VESTAL, CENTRAL MARKET,

(Formerly of Stalls 22 and 23,) now occupy

Stalls Nos. 8, 9 and 10.

INCREASED FACILITIES for DISPLAY.

Extra nice Meats for the Holidays.

REMOVED.

C. M. ROHR, of the FRANKLIN MARKET,

Has removed to his Old Stand, cor. First and Taylor streets, where he will be happy to see his old customers or "any other man."

PORTLAND MARKET,

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH inserted in circular saws.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

P. LIESENFELD'S

Billiard Table Manufactory,

571 Market Street, San Francisco.

SOLE AGENTS

On the Pacific Coast

FOR

Phelan & Collender's

NEW DESIGN BEVELED TABLE, PATENTED June 6, 1871; also the EUREKA WIRE CUSHIONS, patented May 21, 1871, and the celebrated Combination Cushion; Also, patent UNRIVALLED STEEL PLATE CUSHIONS.

On hand, a large assortment of Bagatelle Pigeon Hole and the new patent Bagatelle, called MONITOR, patented Sept. 10, 1872. m20d1p9m

Coos Bay Coal Agency.

BERRYMAN & DOYLE,

DEALERS IN CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH AND all descriptions of

Foreign & Domestic Coals, also Pig Iron.

Bulkhead, bet Pacific and Jackson sts., San Francisco

n25dply

NEW YORK.

J. M. KEELER, 326 California st., San Francisco. L. BELL, Liberty st., N. Y.

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

Pacific Coast Commission Agency,

For Buying and Forwarding from New York, via Isthmus, Pacific R. R., and Cape Horn,

ALL KINDS OF MERCHANDISE,

And for the sale of

Products from the Pacific Coast.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. National Ex. Bank; Chambers street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street. San Francisco: Jas. B. Roberts, Esq., James H. Goodman & Co., Bankers, Napa. a13

PORTLAND LIBRARY ASSOCIATION ROOMS,

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)

Nearly Six Thousand Vols.

And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—PAYABLE QUARTERLY.

Directors:

WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C. GIBBS,
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W. H. BRACKETT, HERMAN BLUM.

L. H. Wakefield, President.
H. Failing, Vice President.
P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.
Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE and Commissions for purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. Notice of Assignee of his appointment. District of Oregon, ss. At Albany, the 15th day of December, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Charles Mealey, bankrupt, of the city of Albany in the county of Linn and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditors petition, by the District Court of said District.

D. M. THOMPSON, Assignee of the Estate of Charles Mealey, bankrupt.

d15d1aw3t

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin diseases of years standing and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering but a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system. Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, friends, attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible, life-destroying maladies—see that they are warded for and cured before it be too late. Send them immediately to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate case, without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places. Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of these charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained, should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks.

Married Men,

Or those who contemplate marriage, who are suffering under any of these fearful maladies, should not forget the sacred responsibility resting upon them, nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

DR. GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin, in registered letter through the Post-office or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. All communications strictly confidential.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and pretenders, who, with bogus sworn-to certificates, dupe the unwary. Some of the self-styled doctors, whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly newspapers of San Francisco and other places, are tradesmen and became too lazy to work at their trades. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, news, [illegible] carriers, intelligence office keepers, etc. The only way to avoid imposition is to make inquiry—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many a [illegible] for, as advertising physicians in eight cases out of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting any of them until you know who and what they are. Dr. Gibbon does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended patients' letters, etc. Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons who may call at the office of his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco. Post-office Box 1,957. REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE LETTER. Consultations FREE.

Correspondents will please inform DR. GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the DAILY OREGONIAN. jy5dly

$1,000 REWARD FOR AN Incurable Case!

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM!

After ten years' trial on this Coast has proven itself the only curative in a certain class of diseases pronounced by medical practitioners as incurable.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1 cures Chancres first and second stages, Sores on the Legs or Body; Sore Ears, Eyes, Nose, &c.; Copper-colored Blotches, Syphilitic Catarrh, Diseased Scalp, and all primary forms of the disease known as Syphilis. Price, $5 per bottle, or two for $9.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Tertiary, Mercurial, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones, Back of the Neck, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Syphilitic Rash, Lumps and Contracted Cords, Stiffness of the Limbs, and eradicates all diseases from the system, whether caused by indiscretion or abuse of mercury—leaving the blood pure and healthy. Price, $5 per bottle, or two for $9.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN SPANISH ANtidote, for the Cure of Gonnorhea, Gleet, Irritation, Gravel, and all Urinary or Genital derangements. Price, $2.50 per bottle.

Dr. Le Richau's GOLDEN SPANISH INjection, a wash and injection for severe cases of Gonnorhea, Inflammatory Gleet, Strictures, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

Also Agents for DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN PILLS for Seminal Weakness, Night Emissions, Impotency, and all diseases arising from Masturbation and excessive abuses. Price, $2 per bottle. The genuine GOLDEN BALSAM is put up only in round bottles.

On receipt of price, these medicines will be sent to all parts of the country, by express or mail, securely packed and free from observation. Sole Agents.

C. F. RICHARDS & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Chemists, S. W. cor. Clay & Sansome Streets, San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of J. B. Harker, bankrupt. United States of America, District of Oregon, ss. A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of J. B. Harker, of the county of Yamhill, and State of Oregon, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland, Oregon, in said District, on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the office of H. B. Northup, the Register in Bankruptcy of said District.

THOMAS G. YOUNG, U.S. Marshal as Messenger.

d24d1t

MILITARY ORDER.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, Oct. 10, 1873.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES commands it to be made known that all soldiers who have deserted their colors, and who shall, on or before the 1st day of January 1874, surrender themselves at any military station, shall receive a full pardon, only forfeiting the pay and allowances due them at the time of desertion; and shall be restored to duty without trial or punishment on condition that they faithfully serve through the term of their enlistment.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Adjutant General.

n1d4tjan1'74

ASSIGNEE SALE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION IN THE town of Marion, in Marion county, on Saturday, the third day of January, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, Personal Property consisting of Horses, Cattle, Wagon, Express Wagon, Buggy, Farming Implements, Blacksmith's tools, [illegible] quite a variety of General Merchandise, consisting of Boots, Shoes, Dress Goods, Clothing, Notions, [illegible] a fine variety of articles not herein named.

Terms cash in hand, Gold Coin.

A. R. COOPER, Assignee of Estate of Oliver Packard, Bankrupt.

d13d1aw3w

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE APPOINTED MR. E. B. MORSE my agent for the collection of all moneys due the late firm of Stimson & Co. Parties knowing themselves indebted will save costs by attending to this notice, as the business of the said firm must be settled up forthwith. Office corner Washington and Front streets, up stairs.

D. S. STIMSON.

Portland Dec. 6, 1873. d6d1m

VOL. XIII.—NO. 275.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Ex-Mayor Hall Acquitted.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—The jury in the trial of Mayor Hall returned a verdict of not guilty, which was received with thunders of applause [illegible] visitors in court.

A State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry was organized in New Hampshire.

The Cubans here are making preparations [illegible] for the wants of the survivors of the [illegible] they have landed in this city.

Three Suicides.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. [illegible]—Three suicides [illegible] St. Paul [illegible]

Soup House in St. Louis.

[illegible] Mayor Brown [illegible] in a part of a tobacco warehouse [illegible] City Hall [illegible] it has been fitted up [illegible]. About 200 men and women [illegible] were served.

Christmas in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. [illegible]—Christmas was observed [illegible] quiet manner. The usual services were [illegible] the churches, and the customary service [illegible] Christmas dinner given to the poor children [illegible] city. The dinner given to some 300 newsboys [illegible] Wm. F. Howe, was one of the features of the [illegible]. The Herald's Key West special says the steamer Fonta was suddenly ordered to sea [illegible] under sealed orders. Her destination [illegible] known, to be the Cuban coast. It is rumored [illegible] some new complication has arisen.

The Escape of Genet.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—The Times makes the [illegible] statement in regard to the escape of G[illegible]. After escaping from Deputy Sheriff Shields [illegible] in accordance with a preconcerted plan, [illegible] a close carriage in waiting near by and was [illegible] to the house of a friend in the lower part of [illegible]. He remained concealed until Tuesday [illegible] when skillfully disguised he was taken in a close carriage to the foot of Canal street and [illegible] on board the steamship [illegible] bound for [illegible] Aspinwall. Passage had been pr[illegible] for him under an assumed name [illegible] was received by the officers without question [illegible] to have sailed at a late hour Tuesday and [illegible] in the lower bay until yesterday morning [illegible] proceeded on her way. The Common Pleas [illegible] yesterday issued an attachment against [illegible] property of Genet. The order was issued [illegible] of Wm. Caswell, who holds a small [illegible] the escaped criminal, the grounds be[illegible] was also an absconding creditor.

An Absconding Bankrupt.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—It has been ascertained [illegible] Edson Bradley, the missing Broadway mer[illegible] has fled to Canada with $[illegible] in gold [illegible] being prosecuted by his creditors on the [illegible] fraudulent bankruptcy. His son, Major Br[illegible] was last night committed to Ludlow street [illegible] the charge of concealing property from cred[illegible]. The complaint is made by his brother [illegible] Hoffman. All parties were members of the [illegible] Edson Bradley & Co., whose failure was recen[illegible] announced.

A Wealthy Virginian taken in by [illegible] York Officials.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—The Times says that J[illegible] Jarvis, order of arrest clerk in the Sh[illegible] office, and two deputy sheriffs have been [illegible] in the case of alleged robbery of [illegible] a wealthy Virginian, of three $[illegible] gold certif[illegible] which he claims were taken from him while [illegible] company with the above named officers. One of [illegible] missing certificates was stopped at the [illegible] yesterday, with forged endorsements [illegible] has been traced to one Thomas K. Smith, [illegible] keeper, who gave such an unsatisfactory acco[illegible] how it came into his hands that he was arreste[illegible] held to bail in $6,000. Smith is understood to [illegible] made a clean breast of the affair. Interesting developments are expected.

Murder.

BOSTON, Dec. 25.—A shocking murder was [illegible] mitted at No. 9 Providence street this mor[illegible] Joseph T. Hegner and Antoine G. Hultel [illegible] young Germans, carried on the trade of locks[illegible] ing, and slept together in the shop, where H[illegible] was found shot and terribly mutilated with [illegible] chet. Hegner confessed the murder.

Bloody Fracas.

LANCASTER, N. H., Dec. 25.—A bloody fracas [illegible] place at Graveton last evening, growing out [illegible] attempt by Michael O'Leary and a French[illegible] named Blackwell, both intoxicated, to enter a [illegible] of questionable repute owned by a French[illegible] named Gouye. The result of the fight was the [illegible] of Gouye and his son, a young man who was [illegible] by O'Leary with a club, the mortally wound[illegible] Blackwell with an ax by old Gouye and [illegible] wound on O'Leary's head from a club, used [illegible] male inmates of the house.

Fratricide—The Murderer Hung.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 25.—Two brothers, John [illegible] Henry Stone, quarreled about loading a [illegible] called Henry a liar, when Henry drew a revo[illegible] and shot and killed John. The spectators [illegible] much excited caught and hung Henry to a [illegible] and when he was taken down life was extinct.

Attempt at Wife Murder and Suicide.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—In Brooklyn, last night [illegible] Gallagher, who was drunk, threw his wife [illegible] stairs, and supposing he had killed her, shot [illegible] self dead. The woman was only slightly inju[illegible].

Killed in a Drunken Row.

BOSTON, Dec. 25.—John Galvin was kille[illegible] drunken row by John Dougherty.

CANADA.

Another Murder.

[illegible]CHESTER, Ont., Dec. 25.—During a dis[illegible] row yesterday between a party of colored [illegible] one of the latter, named Bell, was killed.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Gen. Sickles Heard From.

MADRID, Dec. 24.—The Epoca publishes a [illegible] from General Sickles declaring that early in [illegible] Virginius dispute, the Intransigentes of Madrid [illegible] to make a demonstration hostile to the [illegible] States. The Epoca denies that there was any [illegible] intention and regrets that General Sickles [illegible] failed to contradict the dispatches reporting [illegible] such demonstration had actually taken place.

Siege of Cartagena.

LISBON, Dec. 24.—Dispatches from Carta[illegible] state that active preparations are making for [illegible] sortie in the city. The besiegers have received [illegible] quantities of grenades. General Dominguez [illegible] frequent conferences with the Admiral for the purpose of securing the cooperation of the fleet. [illegible] insurgents have made several ineffectual sorties.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—Special dispatches from C[illegible] announce that Fort St. [illegible] one of [illegible] strongest defenses of the city, has been breached [illegible]. An accidental explosion in [illegible] battery yes[illegible] killed twenty officers and men in the besie[illegible] forces.

Spanish War News.

MADRID, Dec. [illegible]—General [illegible] Government troops [illegible] [illegible] force occurred yesterday [illegible] in the province of Valencia. The insurgents were defeated with heavy loss [illegible] wounded. [illegible] have been suspended.

Fourteen thousand [illegible] have left San Sebastian [illegible] not known.

From Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—Emperor William [illegible]

[illegible]

From Paris.

[illegible]

American Contributions to the Pope.

ROME, Dec. 24.—[illegible] in the United States.

[illegible]